

The Standard

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The Standard AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

753—THIRD YEAR

BUENOS AYRES, THURSDAY, AUGUST 4, 1864.

PRICE—TWO DOLLARS.

MAUÁ BANK CALLE CANGALLO, Nos 101-103. INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTHS...

MAUÁ BANK, CALLE CANGALLO, Nos 101-103. The Office of this Bank having been removed to the new building...

MONEY ORDERS. Drafts on IRELAND are granted by the undersigned, payable on demand at any of the fifty-two branches of the NATIONAL BANK...

DRAFTS AT SIGHT OF THE UNION BANK OF IRELAND. London, Buenos Ayres, and River Plate Bank.

IRELAND. Drafts payable at any of the undersigned branches of THE NATIONAL BANK...

BRITISH STEAMER 'FAIRY'. This fine, fast-sailing, beautiful Steamer will leave for the Ports of the Uruguay every 15 DAYS...

Argentine Diligences. 129 CALLE RIVADAVIA, 129. Leaves for Entre Ríos, Corrientes, Santa Fe, and Tucumán...

Richard Garret & Son. LEITON WORKS, SUFFOLK ENGLAND. COLONIAL HORSE-POWER THRASHING MACHINES...

Richard Garret & Son. PORTABLE & TRACTION STEAM ENGINE, STEAM PLOUGHS AND CULTIVATORS...

Richard Garret & Son. AMERICAN PATENT. Dr. N. O. CORNWALL'S ARTIFICIAL TEETH...

Richard Garret & Son. HENRY DOWSE. This fine, fast-sailing, beautiful Steamer will leave for the Ports of the Uruguay every 15 DAYS...

London, Buenos Ayres, and River Plate Bank. 80—CALLE DE LA PIEDRA—50. Capital—1,000,000 Sterling.

Royal Insurance Company. FIRE AND LIFE. CAPITAL TWO MILLIONS STERLING. This important company, in many respects the greatest of its kind in the present age...

Steam-boat Agency. AND General Commission. WILLIAM MATTI & CO. 29-CANGALLO—50.

FOR THE TAHARA. Steam-boat Agency. This fine Steamer will leave for the Ports of the Uruguay every 15 DAYS...

FOR GUADAGUAY. The National Bank. This fine Steamer will leave for the Ports of the Uruguay every 15 DAYS...

FOR THE TAHARA. Steam-boat Agency. This fine Steamer will leave for the Ports of the Uruguay every 15 DAYS...

FOR THE TAHARA. Steam-boat Agency. This fine Steamer will leave for the Ports of the Uruguay every 15 DAYS...

Dr. P. Bourso, SURGEON DENTIST, OF NEW YORK. Has removed his Office to the New Building, No. 205 CALLE DE LA PIEDRA...

New Work on the Argentine Republic. In the Press and will shortly be published, in one volume, crown octavo, with Maps, Illustrations, Appendices, and Statistical Tables...

British Hotel, 91—PIEDRA—91. Monthly Rates, Five Hundred Dollars. Breakfasts from Half-past Seven till Twelve o'clock.

Rams—Rams—Rams. The undersigned, in editing attention to his large and complete stock of Rams and Ramming Slugs...

Gualeguaychú Steam Navigation Co. PORTS OF THE URUGUAY. S.S. 'ERA.' By special request of the commercial community of this city...

Notice to Shippers for the Uruguay Port. The National Bank will have Buenos Ayres for the Uruguay every Monday at One o'clock in the morning...

Richard Garret & Son. LEITON WORKS, SUFFOLK ENGLAND. COLONIAL HORSE-POWER THRASHING MACHINES...

Richard Garret & Son. PORTABLE & TRACTION STEAM ENGINE, STEAM PLOUGHS AND CULTIVATORS...

Any one can use them. A basin of water in which is required to produce the most brilliant and durable colors on Silks, Woollens, Cottons, Ribbons, &c., in ten minutes.

JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES. Ten colors, Price 2s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 3s. 6d. These Dyes will also be found useful for imparting Color to Vellum, Fibres, Grasses, Seaweed, Ivory, Bone, Wood, Willow Shaving, Paper, &c.

DAY AND MARTIN'S Real Japan Bleaching. 97, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON. For affording Neatness and Durability to the Leather in Boots, Carriages, &c.

BENSON'S WATCHES AND CLOCKS. Watch and Clock Maker, by Special Appointment, to His Royal Highness The Prince of Wales.

BENSON'S ILLUSTRATED WATCH PAMPHLET. Which can be obtained at the office of this paper, or will be sent post free on application of a sheet of paper...

JAMES W. BENSON, WATCH & CLOCK MANUFACTORY, 33 & 34 FIDDLERS' HILL, LONDON. ESTABLISHED 1849.

BURROW'S GLASSES. THE OPERA, THEATRE, CAMEL, & SEA. Unsurpassed for brilliancy and power, equal to any other instrument of the kind.

RICHARD GARRET & SON. LEITON WORKS, SUFFOLK ENGLAND. COLONIAL HORSE-POWER THRASHING MACHINES...

Protection from Fire. BRYANT AND MAY'S PATENT SAFETY MATCHES, WAX TAPER, AND CIGAR LIGHTER. Light only on the box. The Patent Safety Match affords an instantaneous light as readily as common matches...

Pure Drugs and Chemicals. BURGUYNE AND BURBIDGES, 15 COLLEGE STREET, LONDON. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Pure Drugs and Chemicals.

GEORGE CURLING & CO. WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, 16, CULLIN ST., FENCHURCH ST., LONDON. Draw the Attention of Druggists, Chemists, and Storekeepers to their Sole Manufactured Goods...

SOLE AGENT IN BUENOS AYRES: L. J. ISAAC, CALLE MAYO, No. 18. PARSONS, ELETCHER, AND CO., PRINTING AND BOOKBINDING, 22 Broad-street, London.

LEA & PERRINS. CELEBRATED WORCHESTERSHIRE SAUCE. PHONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE AND APPLICABLE TO EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

SEASONABLE NOTICE. EXTENSIVE FRAUDS. L. AND P. having discovered that several of the Bottles of their WORCHESTERSHIRE SAUCE, the labels of which clearly resemble those of the genuine sauce...

RIMMEL'S Toilet Vinegar. For superior to any other of the kind, and is the most delicate and refreshing perfume for the face and hair.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT. Gout, Rheumatism, Enlargements and Sore Joints. A cure of these ailments is within the reach of the most humble, by applying the ointment...

J. BRADWOOD & SONS, PATENT ALL-CHAMBER HATS AND BELMETS, the only suitable Head Dress for India and Tropical Climates...

J. BRADWOOD & SONS, WHOLESALE MANUFACTURERS OF HATS AND BELMETS OF ALL KINDS. Great Charlotte Street, London, S.

WATSON, GOW, AND CO., Sole Manufacturers of Watson's Patent Gas and Open Fire Stoves, American Portable Gas Stoves, Steam Cooks, Hot Air and Gas Boilers, &c.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT. Gout, Rheumatism, Enlargements and Sore Joints. A cure of these ailments is within the reach of the most humble...

DROPSY. This fearful disease often makes its appearance between the ages of forty and fifty, and is highly fatal...

Youthful Induration. How many poor women suffer from the induration of the breasts, which results in hard lumps, swellings, loss of milk, and in many cases, in the most painful and dangerous disease...

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS should be used in the following diseases: Itch, Legg, Head Aches, Rheumatism, Gout, Sore Throat, &c.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Not exceeding six lines inserted three times for \$5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. What is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 4, 1864.

THE ARGENTINE ARMY

The state of the army, like the state of the streets, and the state of the paper dollar, needs reformation; but as unfortunately it too often occurs in this country, Argentine reformers have begun at the wrong end, and instead of attempting to exalt the moral condition of the Argentine soldier, they are actually labouring to abolish corporal punishment, as if the soldiers in this country were intimidated by any other restraint.

None are more opposed to the flagging system than ourselves. It reduces man to the level of the brute beast, but although hostile to this punishment, we are very far from agreeing with the enlightened members of Congress as to the propriety of totally abolishing it in an army composed of such a set of characters as the Argentine.

Mercy, no doubt, demands the abolition of the lash; but there are times in the history of nations, when it is the duty of the statesman to turn a deaf ear to her appeals, and listen rather to the dictates of common sense and prudence.

The Argentine Government being destitute of penal colonies and prisons, is obliged to substitute the army for both. The consequence is, that if the Argentine regiments were drawn up in a line at the Retiro, and the order given for every man who had been tried for some offence or other to stand forth, whole companies would be obliged to do so.

Until very lately we are assured, on good authority, that the prisons were emptied into the barracks, and thus murderers, cut-throats, and the very scum of society were manufactured into 'soldiers of the line.' The good sense of our rulers has slightly modified this, and we understand such class of criminals is no longer admitted into the army.

But where is the Argentine who can deny that even to this day service in the line is not used as a punishment? It may be that in a country such as this no other means can be resorted to, to fill up the ranks; but let us not therefore be led away by a rash desire to treat the soldiers as citizens. Far better would it be for our legislators to imitate the example of Mr. Crawford, the contractor of the Southern Railway, who has an army of navvies under his command, and who labours unceasingly to elevate the moral tone of his men, by establishing reading rooms, church service, and a sick fund.

It may seem invidious, on our part, to draw comparisons between the Commander-in-Chief of the Argentine army and the Commander-in-Chief of the works of a railway company, but nevertheless, we think President Mitre might take a leaf from Mr. Crawford's book with advantage.

We put it to the legislators of this country whether they can point to any army on the face of the globe composed of six thousand more illiterate, lazy, idle men, than the army of the Argentine Republic. And these are the men who are to obey their commanders without the instruments of intimidation.

He is a true patriot, in every sense of the word, who will stand up in Congress and tell the senators these sad facts, who will urge the house to reject every attempt to diminish the authority of command in an army composed of such heterogeneous elements, abolish flogging in the army, and shooting is the only alternative left.

the open camps they have never known what discipline is; would beat into the barracks they tear the steaks or jugs, but never respect him, they obey his orders not through respect of the laws, but because they know the punishment of disobedience.

Iron indeed should be the hand which rules such an army; if we are to do anything for the soldiers, let us rather improve men, by instruction, offer high premiums for good conduct, but abolish punishment—never.

The state of the Argentine army is lamentable, but the fault lies with our legislators, and not the unfortunate soldiers, who by the monstrous military laws of this place are plunged into a state of idleness, which gives birth to every species of crime.

Why may we ask are not the soldiers compelled to work, and thus reduce in some degree the National expense? Is it that the Argentine Republic is so rich that it stands in no need of such economy? The Argentine legislators have taken up the army question; days and days are spent in discussing the matter, but instead of introducing useful lasting reforms, we are treated to an essay on the abolition of corporal punishment. *O tempora, O Argentines!*

THE LITERARY CLUB

Final Preliminary Meeting
The third preliminary meeting of the Circulo Literario, took place on Tuesday evening at the Chambers, Calle Cuyo, for the purpose of concluding the adoption of rules, and electing the committee for the first year. The attendance was large, over 60 members being present, including Mdme. Noronha, Dr. Hector Varela, Dr. Esteves Sagui, Sr. Sastre, Larsen, Obligado, jun., Williams, Bliss, Colonel Diaz, M. Choquet, Estrada, Nunez, Lelong, Loyola, Rom, Cantillo, Carrulla, F. Varela, Del Cerro, Lapuente, &c.

Dr. Valentino Alsina was in the chair, supported by Messrs. Mancilla and Estrada, as secretaries. At eight o'clock the proceedings were commenced by the chairman reading a letter from Sr. Estrada, in acknowledgment of the vote of thanks passed by the former meeting to the initiators of the Club. The reading of the rules was then taken up at article 16, several being voted without opposition.

A slight discussion arose about the right of members to send the porter of errands, but the article was suppressed, being evidently a matter of details, and not of principle. Some observations were made about the contributions of books, to form a library; it was finally left to the option of members how many to give. Sr. Larsen opposed the subscription to English and French political journals, stating that magazines and reviews would be more suitable; this was left to the selection of the committee.

The article, naming as Honorary President and vice, the President of the Republic, and the Governor of Buenos Ayres, was the signal for a pitched battle. Dr. Obligado, jun., denounced 'the importation of French ideas, by paying compliments of adulation to the chief ruler, as if we were in Paris, and dealing with the Despot of the Tuilleries.' Mr. Lelong at once took up the cudgels in defence of the French Academy, showing the perfect independence of that body. Another gentleman followed in opposition, asserting that perhaps we should soon have a fellow like the Chincho President of the Republic, and then the Club, with such an honorary president, would be disgraceful. Sr. Loyola thought General Mitre a very decent man, but the fact of his being Chief Magistrate, almost prevented him from the present honor, in conformity with democratic principles.

Mr. M. G. Mulhall proposed, as an amendment, that Don Bartolome Mitre be substituted for the President of the Republic, as honorary president of the Club. Those who opposed the motion were (he thought) right in guarding against an evil precedent, such as making the Chief Magistrate ex-officio president of the Club. On the other hand, no one could deny the signal services rendered to Argentine literature by the biography of Belgrano. The amendment would, therefore, have won both opinions.

The original article was put and lost by an overwhelming majority. At this stage the excitement was so great, that the chairman adjourned the meeting for a few minutes. It was evident that a strong party spirit had seized the members, and some of those who repaired to the smoking room expressed their opinions with great emphasis.

The Chairman, resuming his seat, Sr. Estrada, in an able speech, seconded the amendment, which was put to the vote.

For the amendment 10
Against 24

The reading was then continued without interruption, up to the article obliging members to subscribe for works published by any individual of the Club. Sr. Larsen showed the absurdity of his associates being forced to take a new Latin Grammar, or a work in English, published by any one of the members. This matter being

however subject to the approval of committee, or approval in general meeting, the article passed.

The next question raised was about payment of fees, especially that of entrance, but the committee was empowered to extend the term of payment for youths whose means would not allow immediate disbursement. Several minor matters were agitated with unnecessary zeal, and slight alterations introduced.

At the termination of the rules, the meeting proceeded to elect committee. Sr. Alsina was chosen President; Sr. Juan Maria Gutierrez, and Esteves Sagui, Vice-Presidents, Messrs. Mancilla and Estrada, by acclamation, Secretaries; the latter however refusing to get Dr. Hector Varela was named in his place. D. Manuel Perez del Cerro was unanimously elected Treasurer-Vocales—D. Luis Quiroga, Sr. Juan Carlos Gomez, and Mme. Noronha.

The meeting broke up at eleven o'clock.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The weather is very heavy, and Argentines complain that Englishmen have brought over the London fogs with them. The streets are in a horrible condition.

We received a communication from a member of the Foreign Club, but as we considered the style objectionable, and likely to annoy the Directors, we declined to publish it.

The Argentine Government has paid the interest due on the Bonds up to the 1st of August, but has not as yet amortized the amount provided by law. Probably the Minister has forgotten all about it: we think it right to jog his memory.

The Provincial Chambers were to have met last night in compliance with a public notice to that effect, but the probabilities are that there was no quorum, owing to the muddy state of the streets.

Mr. De Mot, the Argentine Consul in Brussels, has taken up the cause of Argentines against some charges published in the Belgian papers. As the matter is purely of a military character it possesses very slight interest for our readers.

There is an amusing discussion going on between Sr. Cataldi, who it is stated has done more for this country than any one else, and the municipality. It appears Sr. Cataldi applied for a lottery privilege, asserting his services, but the municipality refused, stating that he had done nothing for the country at all.

There is quite an American colony being started up in Santa Fe; several American gentlemen who have recently arrived with capital, are investing in lands out there; the neighbourhood of Rosario is going ahead more than any other part of the Republic.

The poor Irishman who was attacked some weeks ago near the Villa Luxan is, we regret to hear, dying. The foreign public are anxious to know what has been done with the prisoner.

Two Irish gentlemen arrived from the Curacana district yesterday; they report most unfavourably on the state of the camps for sheep-farming in that neighbourhood.

The subscription list to the British Hospital has been sent us; we are obliged to hold it over until to-morrow.

Great preparations are going on in San Fernando for the coming summer. House proprietors are fitting up their houses in the hope of getting fabulous rents, and even the Municipality of the place is inspired with the same anxiety for 'fitting up,' as they are building, or rather laying out, a fashionable promenade in front of the Station. We have no doubt San Fernando will be the most fashionable resort in summer for our city belles.

The latest news we have of Flores is that he is very short of horses. Borges made a great dash to capture President Aguirre on his return to Montevideo, but we are happy to say failed completely in the attempt.

The prolonged continuation of the Flores revolution is at last beginning to show its effects upon the inhabitants of that unhappy country. The Gauchos are now becoming so accustomed to despise the Government that it will take years and years for any administration to rule the country with any save the most despotic sway.

Flores, and his friends in Buenos Ayres, have been more successful in overthrowing the moral restraints which

bind together society than in expelling the Buenos Ayres police. We possess from an Englishman recently arrived from the districts north of the Rio Negro that out in the country civil law protection has completely vanished.

The functions of the Justice of the Peace, in collecting debts, etc., are useless. The picture of the country which our friend draws is indeed harrowing, and Flores and his friends have much to answer for. The day of reckoning will, however, most assuredly come, sooner or later.

The Peruvian sympathizers seem to have rather suddenly changed their minds: we have no more public meetings, speeches, etc. This shows Argentine good sense. The Peruvians have not behaved in a manner to merit our sympathy or support, and as to America being in danger, Sr. Gutierrez has completely dispelled this illusion.

Respecting the new and spacious saloon ordered by the Government for the use of the Public Museum, the Minister has thought fit to publish a long code of laws, and authorized the expenditure of \$20,000 in making shelves, etc. Visitors are not allowed to touch any articles in the cases.

The latest news from Entre Rios is, that the legislators talk of moving the capital from Uruguay; it is said that Urquiza is opposed to this, but some of the Entre Riano politicians appear determined on the measure. There are several foreigners at present travelling through Entre Rios for the purpose of investing in lands, but there is a great objection to Urquiza's title deeds, as it is said the title is not secure. Still Entre Rios is going ahead fast, and the sheep-farmers are doing amazingly well—the Gualeguaychu arroyo we hear is at last about to be cleaned, and a petition to Congress for this purpose is being signed by the residents.

'Barrafas,' the jocosé writer of the Tribuna, states that at Briol's benefit President Mitre was so charmed with the opera and the fair prima donna, that he did not fall asleep as he usually does when he goes to Colon.

MUTINY OF THE RIFLEROS

The 'Zonda,' of San Juan gives details of the military outbreak which took place in that city on the night of the 6th ult. There was no attempt at political revolution or public disorder. The Rifleros battalion had received orders from the National Government to march for San Luis under the command of Col. Giffra, who thought fit to subject the men to previous discipline by employing them in the construction of the San Emiliano Dyke. A spirit of discontent soon manifested itself in the corps. There were under arrest, in the encampment, about 40 soldiers for different causes, and these fellows seized a favorable opportunity to take their comrades unawares; they rushed on the guard, whom they disarmed, and then tied down the officers, marching into the undefended city of San Juan about midnight. Fortunately the citizens learned of their approach an hour before, and collected some of the National Guard. A small picket was left in charge of the San Clemente barracks, the rest being drawn up in the Plaza.

At 1 a.m. the mutineers stormed the barracks, driving out its defenders. Col. Giffra at once ordered the band to play a march, and set out with the forces of the Plaza to quell the riot. He entered the barracks sword in hand, the mutineer making a precipitate flight, and throwing away the arms and effects which they had seized. It was a fortunate circumstance that Colonel Giffra had been invited that evening to a ball in the city, as his presence in San Juan enabled the citizens to put down the mutiny.

The mutineers led in various directions, a small band numbering 60 having started for Lagunas, whither a force has since been dispatched in their pursuit. Order is now completely restored. A great number of respectable citizens remained on guard in the Plaza, to protect the town from the mutineers. Great praise is given to Col. Giffra, who bravely seized the barracks, after a couple of rounds of musquetry from his men as they advanced. We do not read of any being killed or wounded on either side. It is evident that the whole battalion Rifleros joined the 40 mutineers, and this corps can no longer be said to exist on our army roll. We are, however, happy to find that the officers were not murdered; at least it appears from the above statement that they were only tied down.

CENTRAL AMERICA

The revolutionary party in Rio de Janeiro has triumphed, and the National Government been obliged to recognise the rebel authorities of Antioquia, adding another to the list of thoroughly demoralised republics. There is a general demand to abolish the police law respecting public worship, which is found still more demoralising.

The Congress of San Salvador is also a demoralized one, and a great deal of honor to General Carrera, instead of spending the public money in industrial purposes.

In Nicaragua, so long the scene of demoralizing civil wars and contentions they show symptoms of improvement, the Senate having decreed a Railway to be built from Puerta-mona to Corinto.

Ecuador has evidently condemned Peru for the outrages committed on Spaniards. The Spanish Minister at Quito complained to the President of the Republic, D. Garcia Moreno, of a manifestation by the citizens of Guayaquil in favor of Peru; the latter assured the representative of H. Catholic Majesty that he had taken measures to prevent the recurrence of such things. And this is republican liberty!

NEWS FROM THE INTERIOR.

Cordoba, Mendoza & Catamarca.

The 'Ferro-Carril' has letters from Cordoba dated 21th ult. The commencement of the Argentine Central Railway has marked a new epoch in the history of the Provinces. The National Government has actively set its energies towards improving the means of communication. Messrs. Molinas have started with a great convoy for the construction of a highway to Catamarca. Monsieur Laberge has also been sent to make a wagon-road from Cordoba to Rioja via San Roque, and Messrs. Gardillo, after many difficulties, got all the machinery for artesian wells under route on the 14th July. At first no conveyance could be procured for such a heavy cargo (thirty tons), which obliged them to build eighteen American wagons for the purpose, but a large quantity must be carried by mules beyond the Chafar. Messrs. Gardillo are also making a carriage road to Rioja by Cruz del Rio, and their corps of workmen is said to be first class. It is thought the Government of Cordoba will shortly proclaim a general amnesty. Strict measures have been taken with some arbitrary camp authorities. Several useful projects are in hand, by Government. Landed property is rapidly rising in value: sites for building which, six months ago, were not worth a cigar now fetch handsome prices. Politics have entirely died out, and industrial progress is the order of the day.

Letters from Mendoza, 17th ult. are unsatisfactory. The city is being slowly rebuilt. The creditors of the expedition against Chaves complain that the money paid by the National Government has gone astray, and the officials purchase the claims for half price. The Indians are making a clean sweep of the cattle farms without the least opposition. Saules' regiment mutinied and there was much bloodshed. The administration of justice is a matter of public ridicule. Dr. Carlos Paz arrived, when public discontent was great about the new taxes. Two new canals are projected, but funds are wanting. The opening of new streets met with great opposition, and the works are stopped.

Dates from Catamarca are to the 15th ult. Governor Molina wishes to declare an amnesty, but Sr. Lobo strenuously opposes it. The ministry is at present vacant. Ex-Governor Correa, like Posse of Cordoba, is accused of robbing the public money, and ordered to refund several thousand dollars. The Hollada mines are going on well; but there is great news of that of copper belonging to Messrs. Molina and Lafone, in which the vein of gold recently discovered is found to be fully 12 feet wide. On the whole things are steadily improving.

ROSARIO NEWS

The Pavaon arrived yesterday morning with the 'Ferro-Carril' to the 2nd inst. The Emigration Committee of Rosario has received offers from several estancieros holding 6 to 15 square leagues of camp, giving the half of their land gratis to emigrants, in lots of 24 cuerdas (80 acres) each; the alternate lots will be kept by the owner. Mr. Phibbs in England, Sr. Lopez in Prussia, and Herr Carl Heck in Switzerland, are requested to further so plausible a scheme.

The late elections in Rosario have been annulled. The arrival of the Englishman was a cause of general rejoicing, as will be seen by an account published in another column. It is likely the captain and crew will be made honorary citizens of Rosario: the 'Ferro Carril' gives their names: Captain, Thomas Sullock; Mate, George Price; Boatswain, Richard Hutchinson; Seaman, Kelly, Swain, Harkner, Reynolds, and Ferris; railway operatives, Carpenter, Leech, Maiden and Vane.

Some Irishmen have returned from Rosario, with very unfavorable reports of the camps thereabout, which they say are wholly unfit for sheep-farming. We have, however, heard very different accounts from good judges of land.

ROSARIO.

Arrival of the "Englishman."

A friend, who has just arrived per "Pavaon" from Rosario, informs us that, although many years resident in South America, he has seldom witnessed such excitement as has been caused at that place by the arrival of the above named vessel with the first cargo of rails for the Centro-Argentine Railway. The "Englishman" appeared in sight sailing round the French Island, as the "Pavaon" was about to leave on Friday last, 29th ult. Immediately all the bunting in town was hoisted, the bells set to ring, rockets fired, and the barrancae crowded with people. The Captain of the Port, with several of the town merchants went down the river in his large boat to meet her and welcomed her to Rosario by a three-times-three, and hip-hip hurrah, as soon as they got on board, which was responded to by the sailors.

On Sunday nearly all the inhabitants of Rosario kept pouring in a continuous stream during the whole day to the Railway Mole, whereat the vessel is discharging. The ceremony of taking out the first rail from the ship on Monday morning was attended by a number of the most respectable persons in Rosario, amongst whom were many of the Municipality. When the first rail was turned out it was christened "The Wheelwright" with a bottle of Alsop's ale, broken on it by the British Consul, Dr. Hutchison. This rail was then carried on the shoulders of about twenty of those present up to the top of the Barranca, where, a hole of about a yard and a half deep having been made, it was planted amidst the cheers of all those assembled.

The ceremonies concluded with a breakfast on the sod, provided by the proprietor of the new Grand Central Hotel, at which was present a good sprinkling of the fair sex of Rosario.

SMITH O'BRIEN'S FUNERAL.

Dublin, June 23.
The remains of Mr. Smith O'Brien arrived in Dublin this morning, and were, notwithstanding the earnestly expressed wishes of his family, made the subject of a demonstration by the "Nationalist" party. At 8 o'clock a steamer left the North Wall, having on board a number of persons, whose enthusiasm enabled them to brave the discomforts of a wet, chilly morning, and proceeded into the bay to meet the Cambria, which conveyed the body. She had not proceeded far when the expected vessel was descried, and both vessels came to their moorings at about 4 a.m. After a little delay, during which two or three "temperance" bands performed the "Dead March" in *Saint*, the remains were brought on shore. The coffin was of oak, with a large cross on the lid and a name plate bearing the deceased's name and age. A hearse was in waiting, into which those in charge attempted to bear it, but a loud shout of remonstrance arose from the assembled crowd, a rush was made towards it, and the honour of first aiding in carrying it was ludicrously contested. Those in charge did not think fit to offer any very strenuous opposition to the crowd, and it was elevated on the shoulders of six men. Some attempt was made to get the crowd into regular order, and when those who were recognised, as leaders had partially succeeded the procession—a rather disorderly one—moved off. It was headed by two bands, which however, did not play. These were followed by about 200 members of the National League, which were distinguished by green ribbons tied with crepe upon the arm. A green flag (with a white cross) was carried at the head of the cortege, which proceeded by the Circular road and through some of the streets to the terminus of the Great Southern Railway at Kingsbridge, where the coffin was placed in a train which was in readiness. *En route* the procession may have swelled to at most 3,000 people. The Lord Mayor in his carriage joined the procession in Sackville-street.—'Times' June 25th.

CURIOS EPISODE.

The 'Independence Bells' records the following touching episode, which occurred at the Exhibition of Fine Arts and Industry at Angers.
They had, to attract visitors, got up a splendid cavalcade representing the entry of Francis I. to Angers, and had chosen to represent him a rich young man who greatly resembled him. An immense crowd had assembled to witness the procession. As the cavalcade was defiling, a peasant woman ran out from the crowd, and threw herself on her knees before the horse of the supposed King, who stopped suddenly.
What do you wish my good woman? Ah! my good sire, replied the woman, who took it all in earnest, I should like a pension.
I grant it you replied the King, and there take the first term, at the same time giving a hundred franc note. Since then she has always received her pension, and actually believes she lives in the reign of Francis I.—'Progres.'

Alarming News from the Boca.

Great Excitement.

Yesterday at half past one o'clock town was startled with the news that there was a serious row in the Boca amongst the Italians, and that the police down there had sent up to the Chief of Police for assistance.

Anxious to know the true version we repaired to the Police and had an interview with M. Cazon, who was in a state of extreme petulance; he refused to give any information until we told him the consequences, which appeared to him no doubt at once alarming.

MONTEVIDEO.

The 'Reforma' and 'Plata' of the 1st and 2nd inst. contain little of importance. The latter asserts that one of the foreign ministers at Montevideo has received orders from his Government to inform President Mitre that England, France and Italy will resist any aggression by Brazil on the republic of Uruguay.

LOCAL EVENTS.

The Stramboli.—This English gunboat has arrived at Montevideo from Rio Janeiro. Drunken Soldier.—On Monday at 4 o'clock two vigilantes tried to arrest a drunken soldier, who unfortunately fell and broke his neck.

ON CHANGE.

August 3, 1864. Paper price of ounces, 457. Price of sovereigns, 140. Patrons again declined to-day, and all the brokers in the Hall were 'bearing' the market.

PARANA.

We have 'El Parana' to the 30th ult. A meeting was held on the 26th with the view of establishing a branch of the Bank of Entre Rios. This convention took place at the capital of Entre Rios.

PROTESTANT CEMETERY AT PAYSANDU.

We gladly give insertion to the following circular, hoping that our English and German friends will come forward in support of so charitable a purpose, which highly honors the liberal Roman Catholic initiators.

sufficient to meet all the necessary expenses of such an object. To commence the work, I have contributed a piece of land 100 yards square and the sum of 200 silver dollars etc.

Trusting you will assist in the realization of so philanthropic an idea, I beg that you will forward any contributions to the Rev. Samuel Adams, English chaplain at Montevideo, who will forward same to Mr. William Flores, Paysandu, treasurer to the fund committee.

I remain, Dear Sir Yours very truly BASILIO A. PINILLA.

Brazil and the Rio Cuareim. To the Editors of the Standard. Aug. 2, 1864

Gentlemen, In the 'Editor's Table' of your valuable paper of the 30th ult. there appeared an extract from the 'Reforma Pacifica,' in which it stated that the Brazilians have built a fortification on an island at the mouth of the river Cuareim, and belonging to the Argentine Republic; this I beg to rectify as an eye-witness and disinterested party.

The river Cuareim forms the acknowledged boundary between Brazil and the Banda Oriental. And said island being nearer the Brazilian shore is considered as belonging to the Brazilian territory, whilst other islands which are nearer to the shores of Corrientes are considered as belonging to the Argentine Republic.

Now the Island in question is uninhabitable, as it is inundated as soon as the river Uruguay is high. But since it is at the mouth of the river Cuareim, the Brazilians have erected on it a boundary mark in the shape of a pyramid, built of brick and mortar, which was finished about two years ago. This I expect is what the correspondent of the 'Reforma Pacifica' took for fortifications.

I am not an authority, but if I were to judge in the matter I would consider the Brazilians quite in their right to consider this island as belonging to their country on account of its geographical position; my how it can never belong to Corrientes or the Banda Oriental.

Hoping you will excuse my having troubled you, I remain dear sirs Your obedient servant, JUSTICIA.

Articles for the Paris Exhibition.

In yesterday's catalogue, article 34 was unintelligible, from omission of the heading—it should be thus: 34. Voting Machines. There are two kinds: those used in the Nat. Congress, and those adopted at camp elections. The first are worked by a backward movement of the left hand, and must be kept well-oiled. The second require a horse's tail, and are usually managed by acrobats.

LOCAL EVENTS.

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PROTESTANT CEMETERY AT PAYSANDU.

We gladly give insertion to the following circular, hoping that our English and German friends will come forward in support of so charitable a purpose, which highly honors the liberal Roman Catholic initiators.

MONTEVIDEO, 30th June.

Mr. N. N. I have the honor to address myself to you, begging your valuable aid towards the construction of a suitable cemetery for Protestants in the Department of Paysandu, where I am entrusted with the political administration. The number of Protestants there resident is now considerable, although not

Some heroic brokers seemed anxious to shoulder a musket and put down the row, but the majority thought with the Bolsa King that the matter was not deserving their notice, and that Sr. Cazon and the President should be left to settle the matter themselves. We hear that in a few days the Bank will burn the four millions for August, and that all the points of the project are not agreed on by the Provincial Government.

The steamer arrived from Montevideo this morning, but brought no news of importance. The Pavon also arrived but as usual brought no silver from San Juan. The last cargo of American flour arrived in Montevideo, as yet has not been sold. It is thought it will be sent up here.

PRODUCE SALES.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes 50 dry cowhides, 100 do do, 60 doz sheepskins, etc.

MARITIME NEWS.

Table with 2 columns: Ship Name and Destination. Includes Montevideo, national steamer Corrientes, Rosario, national steamer Pavon, Paysandu, Spanish brigantine Sebastian.

COLON THEATRE.

ITALIAN OPERA. Extraordinary Performance for the Benefit of the Wounded American Soldiers, ON FRIDAY, 5th AUGUST, STAR SPANGLED BANNER, By the Orchestra. MARTA. Between one of the acts the orchestra will play the National Air HAIL COLUMBIA.

Theatre Franco-Argentin.

BOUFFES PARISIENS. Jeudi 4 Août 1864. Sous la direction de Mr. D'Hote. Ving-t-et-unieme Representation de L'Abonnement Debut de Mme Blanche Fiorelle. Premier representation de LES PANTINS DE VIOLETTE.

TOktonia.

Sonnabend, den 6 August, abends 8 1/2 Uhr, EINWEIHUNGSEIER. Einführungskarten sind in neuen Local calle Peru 72, in Empfang zu nehmen.

For Antwerp Direct.

Can receive cargo immediately in the funer Roads for this destination, the fine first class Hanoverian barque LINA, of 151 tons. Captain Albeis.

Wanted.

A Maid Servant, at 178 Maipu. 8pJ31

The Glaour.

By Lord Byron translated from the English into the Spanish language, by Peter Espinosa. It will be sold in the following Libraries: 'Meravilla Literaria,' Rivadavia 291, and 'Nacional,' Recoleta Nueva 96. Price 208. 6p, A

To Surgeon Dentists.

To be sold, a small assortment of instruments, Gold Pill, Corundum Piles, Wax Crabs &c. &c. The above are by the ... manufacturers. Apply to J. J. Curtis 79 Tucuman, before 11 o'clock. 3 p A 1.

A Female Cook.

Wanted for plain Cooking. None need apply without recommendations. Florida No. 278. 3 p A p

To be sold by Auction.

CARLOS RISTORINI. A magnificent house, situate in Plaza Parque, No. 94 calle Talcahuano, being at present occupied by Mr. Frederic Franque.

On Tuesday, 9th inst at noon sharp, will be sold to the highest bidder the above large dwelling-house, finished in modern style regardless of expense, and described as follows:

It stands 17 1/2 yards front, by 66 1/2 in depth, and contains 13 chambers, kitchen, stable for 6 horses, coach house for 2 carriages, garrets, cistern of 100 pipes, well, marble gallery from the parlor to the kitchen, 4 court yards nicely paved. The roofs are tiled, the floors mostly of wood, the rooms neatly papered with handsome ceiling, and the house finished in best style, only time being employed. For further particulars apply to the auctioneer 6 p A 3

FOREIGN AMATEUR RACES.

SPRINTING MEETING, NOV. 1, 1864. Trial Races.—Four Hundred Dollars, with three thousand dollars stake. Weight, 11 lbs. Once round. Second Race.—Four Hundred Dollars, with three thousand dollars stake. Weight, 11 lbs. Once round. Amateur Races.—Four Hundred Dollars, with three thousand dollars stake. Weight, 11 lbs. Once round. Races Ayres & Co.—Four Hundred Dollars, with three thousand dollars stake. Weight, 11 lbs. Once round. Races Ayres & Co.—Four Hundred Dollars, with three thousand dollars stake. Weight, 11 lbs. Once round.

NOTICE.

We beg to advise the Public, and our friends in particular, that we have been appointed, by letter from Messrs. Arthur Guinness, Son & Co., Dublin (copy of which we enclose), Auctioneers for the sale of the celebrated Bitter Beer.

Important to Sheep Farmers.

The undersigned begs to notify all persons interested in wool-growing, that he has just received a fresh supply of the celebrated and purest comb of the SHEPHERD WASH, the only one of its kind ever for the South in Sheep used in this country.

Random Rigged.

Has the honor to inform the best residents of Buenos Aires, that he has opened a House of call in the Port of the same name, where a Table will be kept a constant supply of the following liquors and other articles.

Quinta for Sale.

Situated at the corner of Calles Asuncion and Juncal, (30) squares from the Plaza Victoria, and 5 from the Pilar Church, containing 70 varas to the Calle Asuncion and 35 to that of Juncal; all enclosed by a wall. The house has 5 rooms. Price 70,000 dollars. Contiguous there is a piece of land, likewise for sale, having the same area. They both contain an area of one square of front and 35 varas in depth. For particulars apply at No. 42 Calle B. Ayres.

Look, Look.

Stencil Plates for Clothing, and Indelible Ink at 157—CALLE PIEDAD—157 j 27, 12 p

Communication between Buenos Ayres and Chascomus.

'Rumblers' Southern Express Waggon' carrying Freight and Passengers, leaves the Agency No. 25 Calle Buenos Ayres every Friday morning. Passengers 140 dol. Freight 20 " per arroba. Agents in Chascomus, Messrs. J. S WYLLIE & Co.

Just received Direct.

A varied and splendid assortment of Goods, suitable for the winter season, extra heavy and sound, comprising 8-4, 9-4, 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4 blauketa; sheetings and quilts, 4-4, 6-4, and 8-4: all wool plaids, plain and striped musseys, heavy French cashmere, 4-4 Orleans, first-class 4-4 fronting linen and 11-4 linen sheeting, direct from Belfast, &c.

Lambs' wool vests, drawers and stockings cotton, do. do. Boys, youths, and mens' woollen and cotton hosiery, Crimean shirts, &c. &c.

Also, pilot jackets and suits, boys and youths' do, heavy cord and mole pants, lined check shirt, white flannel shirts with linen fronts, and wrists every size, &c, with many other articles too numerous to mention.

T. FALLON, HIBERNIAN HOUSE, 61, 66 and 68 CALLE PIEDAD.

Brazil and River Plate Mail.

And South American Mercantile Journal. This paper, recently established in London, is published fortnightly for transmission by the English and French Mails, for Brazil and the River Plate, the 9th and 23rd of each month.

The 'Brazil and River Plate Mail' is especially dedicated to the important commercial interests connected with these parts of South America, and the promoters of this journal look hopefully for the support of all those interested in the prosperity of these countries.

Subscriptions and applications for Advertisements received in Montevideo, in the 'Sala de Comercio,' or at No. 36 Calle 23 de Mayo; in Buenos Ayres, at the 'Standard' Office.

Horses.

Wanted, one on two, price from two to four thousand dollars. Apply between 12 and 4 o'clock at 99 Victoria. 3pJ31

Wanted.

A Boy, to assist in a Confectionary. Apply at the corner of Piedad and Reconquista. 3pJ31

Wanted.

A good man servant to attend table and general house work. Also a lady's maid to go to Montevideo. Apply No. 55 Universelle, between 1 and 3 o'clock p. m. 3pJ31

Land in the Suburbs.

For 18,000 dollars, m/c. To be sold, the land forming the corners of Calles Charcas and Nueva Grande, with 22 varas in front by 36 rear, with trees of the best quality. Apply 42 Calle Bolivar. 3pJ31

Farmer's Manual.

Or Useful Instructions for Rearing and Caring of the Merino Breed, by Don Daniel Peser Mendoza. Price 60 dollars, m/c, at 42 Bolivar. 8pJ31

Cotton Gns.

A few have been received, and are on sale at T. B. COFFIN, SON & Co., Esmeralda, 55 & 57 6 pJ 31

To Let.

Small Furnished Apartments. Terms moderate. Calle Florida, No. 258. 6pJ31

Mrs. Friorior.

Rosario de Santo Fe. There is a letter to the above address at the British Consulate, FRANK PARISH, Consul. Buenos Ayres, July 31, 1864.

J. T. Dodgo, M. P.

SADDLER GENERAL, To the Argentine Republic. 3pJ31 By Order, &c., &c., &c.

The English Dramatic Company.

ALAS! THE ALABAMA!! Semmes, we greet thee. S.—Why? Because thou hast chosen 'points' characteristic with the occasion. Alas the Alabama. S.—The Alabama be a—d—d! I will shortly 'raise' 50 Alabamas. Say you so? S.—Oh! base tyranny. 'He who steals my purse, stealeth not trash; but he who robs me of—'—dishonoreth himself. The curtain falls. To be continued in our next.—Last Night's Entertainment 3pJ31

For Oahuellas, Monto, and Xus Flores.

Mensagerias Nuevas de la Portefa, Correo del Estadio. Office—Rivadavia 411 and 443. From Buenos Ayres for Las Flores 3, 5, 8, 11, 14, 17, 20, 23, 26, 29 of each month. From Flores for Buenos Ayres, 2, 5, 8, 11, 14, 17, 20, 23, 26, 29 of each month. Luggage and encomiendas are received up till 4 p. m. of the day previous to starting. MIGUEL M. LUPO.

Sewing Machines.

A large and varied assortment on hand. Warranted to work well. They are all of the latest and most improved inventions, and of different prices. JOHN SHAW, 204 Calle Venezuela.

For Liverpool.

The first class British Barque "SHARSTON," 353 tons register, Captain King. Has a large portion of her cargo engaged and will have quick despatch. For further particulars apply to the consignees, Messrs. Bates, Stokes & Co., or to JOHN P. BOYD & CO., Ship Brokers, Calle San Martin, No. 6. J27,1w

Book Keeper.

A person conversant with Bookkeeping, and with a knowledge of business in this place, wants a situation in a Mercantile House. Apply at Messrs. McKern Brothers, San Martin, No. 24, under address to W. A. J27,6p

J. S. Wyllie & Co.

GROCERS AND DRAPERS, and general dealers in Camp Stokes, Calle Buenos Ayres, CHASCOMUS. 9, 2m.

Fresh Goods—Just Received.

Ladies' Colored Petticoats 6-4 All Wool Tartans 8-4, 9-4, 10-4, 12-4 Damask Table Covers Extra Fine 3-4 Hose for Children Ladies' Merino Hosiery, extra fine 9-4, 10-4, 11-4, 12-4 Extra Fine Blankets Linen Table Cloths and Napkins Ladies' Kid Gloves White and Coloured Flannels Ladies' Black and Coloured Chenille Nets Scotch Caps, &c.—all of which are offered at moderate prices. 25 & 27—Calle Defensa—25 & 27 ALEXANDER FULTON & Co. j 23, 15 p

LIFE ASSURANCE.

The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company. Established 1809. Capital £2,000,000. The undersigned, Agents for this Company are now authorised to receive applications for Life Assurance, on the same terms as charged in the United Kingdom. Prospectuses and all necessary information will be furnished on application Bates Stokes & Co. 55—Maypu—55. Fire Insurance Policies granted on almost every description of property at the 'reduced tariff' rates. j 29 m.

THE QUEEN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—£1,000,000. Chief Offices, QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS LIVERPOOL. Agents for Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and the River Plate, Barbour, Barclay, and Co. CALLE CHACABUOCO, 13. Sept. 30.

Notice.

Mrs. J. J. Curtis, Professor of the Piano-forte and Singing, begs to inform her friends and pupils that she has removed to 79 Calle Tucuman where all professional engagements may be made. 3bJ31

Notice.

ALBERT LARROQUE, DR. IN LAW. Has the honor to inform his friends and the public, that he has opened his studio in Calle Reconquista, No. 85. 3pJ31

Wanted.

A female Cook and a girl to take care of a child. Apply 93 Calle Potosi. a 2, 3 p

A Card.

J. W. GOODMAN, Maestro Mayor, approved City Surveyor, begs leave to inform his friends that he has removed his office from Calle Tucuri to his house 424 Calle Cangallo, where he still continues to appraise houses and lands, collect rents, and as usual houses inspected. a 2, 1 m

Restaurant del Banco.

CALLE PIEDAD, No. 117. The proprietor of this establishment begs to inform the public that he has opened a Restaurant and Cafe at the above address, and trusts, by strict attention to the wishes of his customers and moderate charges to merit their patronage. a 2, 3 p

Charles Butfield.

A seaman from the "Moor of Venice," at Buenos Ayres in June 1863, is requested to call at or send his address to this office—or any one who can give any information respecting him or his whereabouts. FRANK PARISH, Consul. British Consulate, B. Ayres. July 30, 1864.

FERRO-CARRIL DEL NORTE.

DESDE EL 15 DE ABRIL, Y HASTA NUEVO AVISO, LOS TRENES SALDRAN COMO SIGUE

DIAS DE TRABAJO

Ida.					Regreso.				
Tren	15 de Mayo	Retiro	Belgrano	Olivero	Tren	S. Fernando	S. Isidro	Olivero	Belgrano
1	10 10	10 30	10 50	11 10	1	12 30	12 50	13 10	13 30
2	11 30	11 50	12 10	12 30	2	1 15	1 35	1 55	2 15
3	13 15	13 35	13 55	14 15	3	2 45	3 05	3 25	3 45
4	15 00	15 20	15 40	16 00	4	4 15	4 35	4 55	5 15

DIAS FERIADOS

Ida.					Regreso.				
Tren	15 de Mayo	Retiro	Belgrano	Olivero	Tren	S. Fernando	S. Isidro	Olivero	Belgrano
1	10 10	10 30	10 50	11 10	1	12 30	12 50	13 10	13 30
2	11 30	11 50	12 10	12 30	2	1 15	1 35	1 55	2 15
3	13 15	13 35	13 55	14 15	3	2 45	3 05	3 25	3 45
4	15 00	15 20	15 40	16 00	4	4 15	4 35	4 55	5 15

Los Trenes pararán en Palermo y Rivadavia solamente en caso que hubiera pasajeros para esas Estaciones. Los pasajeros que desean ser desembarcados en ellas están en el deber de avisar al Guarda Tren al entrar en los coches. Sin este requisito los trenes no pararán.

FERRO-CARRIL DEL OESTE.

PLANILLA DE SERVICIO DE LOS TRENES DESDE EL 23 DE MAYO DE 1864

DIAS DE TRABAJO

Salidas.					Regresos.				
ESTACIONES.	TRENES.	ESTACIONES.	TRENES.	ESTACIONES.	TRENES.	ESTACIONES.	TRENES.	ESTACIONES.	TRENES.
Parque	10 10	Lujan	10 30	Parque	12 30	Lujan	12 50	Parque	13 30
Belgrano	11 30	Mercedes	11 50	Belgrano	1 15	Mercedes	1 35	Belgrano	2 15
Almagro	13 15	Mercedes	13 35	Almagro	2 45	Mercedes	3 05	Almagro	3 45
Chaballo	15 00	Mercedes	15 20	Chaballo	4 15	Mercedes	4 35	Chaballo	5 15

LA PREVISORA ARGENTINA.

LIFE INSURANCE AND SAVING FUND ASSOCIATION OF BUENOS AYRES.

Capital Subscribed in first Three Months, 170,507 pats. in 215 Shares.

DIRECTORS.
D. Miguel Azeuanga, President
" Bernabé Ocampo, Vice-President
" Antonio Marec del Pont
" Jacobo Paravicini
" Constant Santamaría

MANAGING COMMITTEE.
D. Fatinisio Peña
" J. A. Fernandez
" L. B. Willeke
" Mariano Billinghurst
" Ladislao P. Martinez

GERENTE.
D. JUAN GASADO,
Domicilio, Buenos Ayres.

The PREVISORA ARGENTINA will receive subscriptions as follows:

- 1st. On one's own life, in shares of \$5 silver and upwards. These subscriptions liquidated at any time, at the subscriber's time and option.
- 2nd. Without loss of capital by death of the insurer. Subscribers will be entitled to compound interest on their subscriptions and the proportional interest forfeited by the death of other shareholders in their Class, whose capital, however, is returned.
- 3rd. With loss of capital, by death of the insurer. All shareholders of this class shall gain compound interest on their subscriptions, besides a proportional part of the capital and interest of all who die in their Class.

All these subscriptions may be paid weekly, monthly, quarterly, half yearly, or yearly.

The capital of the Company shall be invested only in landed property (Buenos Ayres) and with the greatest security.

The Board of Inspection, composed of subscribers, shall have charge of all the operations of the Company.

Subscriptions in Paper Money.

The Directors, wishing to enlarge the operations of the Society, have accepted to the request of many people in this city, and determined to issue shares payable in Paper Money of Buenos Ayres, under the following conditions:

Article 66.—From the 1st of April, 1864, shares shall be issued to such persons as may wish to pay in Paper Money of Buenos Ayres, and in accordance with Article 17 chapter 5 of the Statutes of the Society the lowest sum receivable being \$200 annually, payable in one sum, or in instalments, subject to the following rules:

- 1st.—For Paper Money Subscribers sections will be opened and kept separate from Silver Money Subscribers.
- 2nd.—The liquidation of the sums belonging to the sections of Paper Money Subscribers will be administered according to Article 31 of the Statutes, and for account of these particular sections.

By these means the Directors hope to gain its object, which is to enable the poorer classes to enjoy all the advantages of the Society.

For further particulars, apply at the Co.'s Office, No. 87 Calle S. Martín (altos), here prospectuses and circulars may be had.



SEWING MACHINES

CALLE PERU, 47

A large assortment of improved Chain and Lock Stitch Sewing Machines from the most celebrated Manufacturers. These Machines stitch, hem, bind, fell, run, braid, embroider, and gather, without basting; sew equally well on all kinds of cloth, and are specially recommended for family use.

THOMAS H. BILL,
No. 47 CALLE PERU.

NEW GOODS.

The English Drapery Establishment of Buenos Ayres,
49 & 51-CALLE DEFENSA-49 51.

GALBRAITH & HUNTER,

Big to intimate that they have just received a large assortment of Ladies' White and Colored French Kid Gloves, best quality; Ladies' White Cambric Handkerchiefs, all classes; Linen Damask Table Cloths and Napkins, Real Welch Flannels, 9-4 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4 Blankets; White Shirtings, Huck Towellings, Pilot Jackets, Striped Shirts, best quality; White Dress Shirts, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, &c. Also a lot of heavy Scotch Tweeds very much under present value

49 51-CALLE DEFENSA-49 & 51.

Hotel Harmony.

The proprietor of the Hotel de L'Harmonie has the honor to inform the English and German public that from the 1st of August he will open a Restaurant and Table d'Hôte.

Breakfast—first hour 9 o'clock, another at 10 o'clock. Dinner—first at 4 o'clock, second 5 o'clock. Every Sunday mock turtle soup.

Gentlemen who desire can be served in an extra dining room, and parties attended to.

Breakfast, Dinner, and Supper, or any kind of Dishes for families or companies can be strictly served, with very short notice. Prices moderate.

124-CALLE MAYO-124
j 21, 12 p

Governess.

A Lady, a clergyman's daughter, who has had much experience in tuition, is anxious to obtain a situation as Resident Governess in Buenos Ayres. The course of instruction comprises English in its several branches, the use of the globe, drawing, painting, music, and instruction in singing, and the rudiments of French.

Pupils under 12 years of age preferred.

Apply to Messrs. G and H McKern 25 Calle San Martín.
j 19 1 m

THE BRITISH AND FOREIGN CHINA, EARTHENWARE, AND GLASS STORE,

57-DEFENSA-57
The largest Stock in town. Earthenware Goods of all descriptions. An immense variety of Glass Goods. English, French, and German China articles. Table Sets, Toilet Sets, Tea Sets, Coffee Sets. Low Prices—Fixed Prices. Terms—Cash.

WILLIAM FERGUSON AND CO.,
57-DEFENSA-57.
(Corner of Pososy)
N.P.—The Stock will be shortly increased by arrivals from Europe. j 13

The Standard Printing Office.

All kinds of English Printing done here at reasonable charges: bill heads, \$200 per thousand; paper labels, \$150 per thousand; circulars or placards \$50 per hundred.

Great Reduction.
STREET-VIEWS AT 30%.

Luigi Bartoli has a large collection of views of Buenos Ayres, its streets, suburbs &c. at 30 dols. Recoba nuevo, Plaza Victoria.

2m J.

Good Camp

To be rented, five leagues of excellent land, situate in the Partido de Pila.

For particulars, apply at 180, Calle Florida.

Corrales Portátiles de Hierro y Madera para Ovejas
Corrales Portátiles de Hierro para Caballos.
Corrales Portátiles de Hierro para hacienda Vacuna
Bebederos de Hierro desde 80\$ vara.
Hojes de Hierro de todo precio.
Cercos de Hierro para Rodeo, Chacaras, Potreros, Corrales &c.

Piletas de Hierro.
Nuevas Maquinas de estirar Alambre.
Maquinas de cortar Atrijos y Cardos.
Mangas de sacar Agua.

VAN DE VELDE Hermanos,
Buen Orden 245, entre Chile y Méjico.

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT.

E. J. HASTLER

NEW GOODS

Received monthly and semi-monthly.
London made BOOTS and SHOES in great variety.

61 CORRIENTES 61

SAVINGS BANK.

BANK BAVA & CO.,
No. 103 Calle de Cangallo,
BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt and appreciated in the two great capitals of the River Plate, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence.

The Bank of Bava and Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depositary for their savings.

The sums deposited in that most important institution are daily increasing, and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks, artisans, working men, and servants of all classes and conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, than providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need, sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lottery, and other festivities.

The Bank of Bava and Co. of this city, following the noble example of their firm in Montevideo, now offer the same facilities in this city, and will open a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo, from Nine to one till Three on Week Days, and on Sundays and Holidays from Ten to Twelve, for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned.

The Bank will deliver to each depositor a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sums deposited; in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Bava and Co. is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Bava and Co. are also prepared that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighbourhood.

Buenos Ayres, September 13, 1863.
P. P. Bava and Co.
WILLIAM LESLIE

CONDITIONS.

First—The bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency Silver Dollar up to \$1000.
Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6%) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.
Third—The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.
Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one thousand dollars silver, the depositor, if he wishes, can open an account current, according to the rules established by the bank.
Fifth—In case the depositor loses his pass book, it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.



RIVER PLATE STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL AND RIVER PLATE DIRECT.

NAMES OF STEAMERS.
LA PLATA,
PARANA,
URUGUAY,
PARAGUAY,
UNA.

One of these Steamers will leave Liverpool for Montevideo and Buenos Ayres on the 1st of each month.

Cargo will be received on board of the steamers 48 hours after their arrival, to be delivered in any part of the United Kingdom, or on the Continent, being forwarded by railway and steamer for account of the Company, the bills of lading being signed with these conditions.

As the object of the Company is to extend and facilitate the existing traffic between Europe and the River Plate, the rates of freight will be very moderate.

Specie and Parcels will be received until the day before the steamers leave.

The Steamer URUGUAY, now in port, will be despatched hence on the 20th inst., with a full cargo, calling at Montevideo to coal only. She has a fine large cabin on deck, capable of accommodating thirty cabin passengers, to whom Captain Smith guarantees his usual liberal treatment. These Boats are excellent opportunities for families visiting Europe, more especially when consisting of ladies and children.

For Freight and Passage apply to the Sole Agents,
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Leaves Rosario for Mendoza, San Juan, and Chile every Tuesday.
Leaves Rosario for Cordoba every Tuesday and Saturday.
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Leaves Rosario for Catamarca every Tuesday.
Leaves Cordoba for Rio Cuarto every Wednesday, in conjunction with the Rosario Coach for San Luis, Mendoza, San Juan, and the Pacific.

The Office is open on all week days from 9 to 7, and on the evening preceding the sailing of the Paven until 10 p.m., for receiving Parcels, &c. Any parcel delivered on the day of sailing of the Paven will be detained till the following week. On Sundays and Holidays the Office will be open until Noon.

J 1x

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HOTEL DE LA PAIX,
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Breakfast will be served at 10 o'clock, dinner at 5 p.m. The bill of fare will be changed everyday, and the wines first class. The proprietor hopes by a good and choice selection of viands and an attentive service to leave nothing to be desired, in satisfying his numerous supporters. J 29 1m

Notice.

The undersigned, Sole Agents in this city for the sale of the celebrated brandy marked "Jules Robin & Co." hereby caution the public that a spurious article in imitation of the genuine is now being offered on sale, the bottles of which are forged with the name of the aforesaid manufacturers, but are easily detected from the deficiency of their name being branded in the corks and ours as sole agents on each bottle.

Buenos Ayres, July 4th, 1864.
JOHN WEST & BROS.
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