

# The Standard

## Ficha Bibliográfica

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**NO SUBSCRIPTION TO THE STANDARD.**  
\$30 PER MONTH.  
ADVERTISEMENTS.  
Not exceeding six lines inserted three times for \$5.

**TO CORRESPONDENTS.**  
No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. What is intended for insertion must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, and necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

**The Standard.**  
"All that is done in the world is done in the Standard."  
FEBRUARY 15, 1864.

**ARRIVAL OF THE BRITISH PAKEET.**

**AMERICA.**

The China brings letters and papers from New York to the 24th February. The following is a digest of their contents:

No important events are reported from the Army of the Potomac. General Meade has left for the front. He has had long consultations with the President and military authorities at Washington. He will proceed at once, it is said, to reorganise his army. Rebel guerrillas are becoming more daring and numerous, and keep the outposts on the alert.

It is rumored that General Lee is preparing to advance against General Meade, with a view of driving him back to the defenses of Washington, or forcing a battle upon the old Bull Run ground. It is said that the Richmond authorities demand this movement to be made in order to relieve the depression existing at the rebel capital.

Rebel doctors state that no great increase in the capacity for forage within General Lee's lines that Fitzhugh Lee's cavalry has been disbanded until grass time in the middle of March.

A Knoxville despatch of February 21 states that Longstreet has broken up winter quarters, and that his army has appeared in force upon Strawberry Plains. They have completed a pontoon bridge over which two regiments of foot have already crossed. It is said that Longstreet has been heavily reinforced with artillery by General Uckler.

A despatch from Chattanooga, February 21, states that the rebels are blockading the Tennessee River against sterns from Chattanooga. General John Morgan's force is reported to have crossed the river, and the situation of Johnston's army was unknown.

Official information from General Dodge states that the rebels, supposed to be Roddy's force, had attempted to cross the Tennessee River at three different points, but were driven back.

The Nashville correspondent of the New York Herald states positively that the rebels had cut off communication between Knoxville and Chattanooga Gap.

Southern papers furnish information concerning the progress of General Sherman's expedition. An official despatch to the Confederate War Department states that General Sherman's forces arrived on the 18th inst. at Quilman, on the Mobile and Ohio railroad, one hundred and forty miles from Vicksburg, without opposition. The Richmond Examiner says that Mobile will not be taken without a desperate battle. Sherman's force is estimated at 2,000 to 3,000 men, and his advance is pronounced to be the boldest of the war. He destroys the railroad and bridges in his rear, and evidently meditates no stop backwards.

A Cairo despatch states that when General Sherman passed through Jackson (Mississippi), the rebels fled so precipitately that a number of prisoners and 2 pieces of artillery were captured by the Federals. General Sherman's progress was at the rate of fourteen miles per day for ten days, his troops moving in light marching order, and relying entirely upon the country they passed through for supplies.

It was believed that he would appear before the defenses of Mobile by the 25th of February; and, as he had no siege guns with him, it is thought that he would assault the city simultaneously with a naval attack by Farragut.

Mobile papers state that the Mayor had issued a proclamation exhorting the citizens to resist the enemy's attack from the Federals was fleetly expected. Admiral Farragut's fleet was lying in the Sound on the 19th, riding out heavy weather.

Richmond papers contain the following:—

Mobile, Feb. 15.

Meridian was evacuated yesterday. The Government papers were saved. Sherman's forces, about 35,000 strong, are advancing in close order, with Gen. S. D. Lee's cavalry harassing their flanks and picking up stragglers. Captain Adams, of General Lee's staff, has arrived, and reports that General Lee is at Oxford on the 9th. He was confronting a column of Federal infantry of 6,000, advancing from Memphis via Hernando, and twelve regiments of cavalry advancing via Collierville.

The reported battle, near Brandon, and Sherman's capture of 2,000 prisoners, proves to be a canard.

Thus far the escape of the 109 Union officers who escaped from Richmond have reached the Federal lines in safety. Twenty-five are reported to have been recaptured by the rebels, leaving 27 yet to be heard from.

The proceedings in Congress have been anticipated. The removal of a medical board of investigation by the rebels against Gen. Francis, an announced by Senator Conner, of California, is believed to be without imagination's basis.

The approaching Presidential election absorbs a large share of public attention. Several conventions are about to take place. The Democrats at Chicago, it is currently believed, nominate General McClellan, and the triumph of Mr. Lincoln, Mr. Chase, and General Fremont are vigorously working for their respective interests. Recent indications are that there will be at least three Republican candidates while the Democrats are endeavoring to unite upon one.

The Emancipation Convention assembled at Louisville on the 22nd inst. During the session Senator Conway of Kansas, introduced a circular fraternal to the interests of Mr. Chase as a Presidential candidate.

**FINANCIAL.**  
New York, Feb. 23, p.m.  
The money market is daily growing easier, 6 per cent. is the current rate, and money is freely lent at 5 per cent. on Government and first-class securities. German securities to date were firm. Registered States of 1881, 111; do, Coupon, 111; Five Twenties, 117 1/4; do, Coupon, 107; Seven-Twenties, 110 1/4; do, Coupon, 107 1/4; do, Year Gold Certificates, 108 do; Currency, 99 1/2. Gold opened very dull at 124, and fell gradually to 123 1/2. The bill before Congress authorizing Mr. Chase to sell the balance in the Treasury, amounting to nearly 20,000,000 dollars, has checked speculation. Exchange is fairly active, at 101 for commercial, and 17 1/4 for bankers' bills.

The 'Richmond Examiner' of the 20th February says:—The following despatch was received at the War Department last night:—

Mobile, Feb. 9, 2 p.m.

Farragut has not yet begun his attack on Grant's Pass. His fleet lies at the pass in the Sound. The weather is too bad for action. Sherman's corps is not advancing down the Mobile and Ohio road.

The Civil Commissioner lately decried that the prayer for the King of Denmark and his house should be omitted from the Church Services in Schleswig. This order, it now appears, places the Church at Copenhagen, situated the northern part of Schleswig, in a sad dilemma, and threatens the colony (in which the German party are in a minority) with a formal dissolution.

The law governing the Moscovian body a change in their form of service can only be made by the decree of a general synod. The great majority of the clergy, the laity, and the people, are against the change of the prayer, and therefore nothing remains for the Russian minority but to yield to this demand, or to separate from the majority, which would probably be the cause of a break up of the community. It is hoped that, in consideration of the political position of the Moscovian body in Schleswig, the consensation will be granted their desire, so far as the Russians are concerned. With regard to the order respecting the use of the Russian language in the churches, and schools, it is announced that the pastor of Viöl, Schleswig, and Oldrup, who alternately preached in German and Danish, have decided to use the Danish language alone, and have in consequence been suspended from their cure. Several schoolmasters who were not sedulously appointed with German to teach that language, have been dismissed. Four pastors are also mentioned, in which pastors have removed from their districts in consequence of the state of public opinion.

Two Japanese naval officers, who have been living in Holland for two years to superintend the construction of the ship of war for the Japanese Government, which are now being built at some Dutch ports, have protested to the state of war furnished with letters of introduction to General von Goltz.

A letter from Copenhagen, in the *Silkeborg*—

The King, after much hesitation, and yielding to a positive moral pressure, has decided to appoint General-in-Chief de Meza, and appointed General Garibaldi his successor. The nomination has been favorably received by the people, as well as by the press.

The new conscription law, which is sixty four years of age, and it was he who commanded at Mismelle, 1849, he distinguished himself at the battle of Solferino, and in two months after displayed great courage and intrepidity at the battle of Solferino. He is perhaps the most popular and national officer in the whole Danish army. The general belief is that one of the

first acts of his command will be to assume the offensive against the Prussians. General Garibaldi was born in Schleswig, which duchy has hitherto had the privilege of furnishing the most illustrious Danish officers. Generals Holten and Krogh, who commanded at Fredericia and Isted, were both Schleswigians.

**THE WAR IN DENMARK.**  
Hamburg, March 7.  
Letters received here from Copenhagen state that the civic authorities have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness, in case of need, to receive the guns of the forts which protect the town on the sea side. They are also to prepare to occupy the outer fort of the citadel, which commands the Sound in a northerly direction as far as Char lotten.

Berlin, March 7.  
The *Neue Preussische* (Kreuz) Zeitung of this date publishes the following from its Paris correspondent:—

"The negotiations for the Conference have been suspended, the Danish Cabinet having lately informed the French Government that Denmark has decided upon entering into no agreement the basis of which should be only personal union with the Duchies. Denmark would prefer to allow the Duchies to be forcibly torn from her, awaiting their reckoning from later events. In the higher political Parisian circles no one believes any longer in the possibility of a compromise, matters now being too complicated. France will not be able to avoid becoming involved in the question."

Stockholm, March 7.  
The Ministerial *Jordbrukssamfundet* asserts that Sweden is ever leaning her arms, as well as the concert.

Regulations summoning the Government to aid Denmark were adopted at a large public meeting held here yesterday.

**SAN NICOLAS, & SAN PEDRO.**  
In reviewing these riverine parties, we find the first to be by far the most important. San Nicolas having been raised to the rank of "city," and are distinct both for the urban and rural districts. The former contains over 300 taxable houses, of which 33 are assessed over \$100,000. Mr. Armstrong's mill is valued at \$100,000 dollars, after which the houses of Figueroa and Mallon are most important. We see one Polish and several Italian names among the house-proprietors. The whole city is valued at 17 millions dollars (about £1,000,000), as an instance of the enormous increase of taxation, the township in 1863 paid more than the campaign and city together for the year before. The campaign of S. Nicolas exceeds 50 sq. leagues, and counts no fewer than 65 estancias, the average of a quarter of a league each. Only one exceeding a league is Acevedo's. We do not find a single Irish or English name in the register, although there are at least 20 of our countrymen here. There are 120 'charcos' covering about 2 sq. leagues, the largest of which is that of Páez, 1200 acres. The estancia land is valued at \$200,000, the whole at 24 millions dollars, per sq. league; hence we find that nearly one-fourth of the Contribution is derived from tillage farms. The increase of taxation in the whole partido, last year, was 80 per cent.

San Pedro district occupies 40 sq. leagues distributed among 63 estancias. The principal are: Sebastian B. Llave, 13; Castro, Luis Obligado, Gomez, and Pastor Obligado each 2; Leslie, Castro, and Cobo each 4 leagues. Our countrymen here though not owning much land are numerous, exceeding 600 in number. The land is valued as high as 400,000 dollars. The tax collection was very successful, showing an increase of 210 per cent. from 21,000 in 1862 to 63,000 last year. The 'city' of San Pedro casts a poor figure, having only 50 taxable houses, only five of which are valued over 100,000 dollars. The best one belongs to D. Jose Manabarro. T. a mere house valuation is but one-fifth that of San Nicolas.

**Biography of some Celebrated Argentines.**  
Seferino Giron, alias Tambocho; José Giron, alias Tambocho.

These two men, born of poor but distinguished parents, at an early age displayed a great affection for the church. As they increased in stature and understanding, their love for Mother Church reached such a pitch of enthusiasm that they could not rest contented without giving in their possession some of the goods belonging to her. They, accordingly, finding that there was no probability of their gaining their object in an honest manner, determined upon helping themselves; so, some three

years ago, they made an attack on the Sacristy of San Miguel Church, and sequestered some church property.

This act of playful devotion was not properly appreciated by the police authorities, who—thick-headed fellows!—sentenced our two heroes to serve for a short time as soldiers. This life not being sufficiently free for them, and seeing no chance of becoming generals for more years than they could devote to the service of arms, they left the regiment without leave of absence. Some foul-mouthed villians say that \$600 were paid to the Chief of the Battalion to wink at such trifles; but, although we have been unable to find any truth in this assertion, which may not, however, be less true on that account. Such was the affection that the Commandante of the 1st Section bore to these men, that he cordially invited them to pass a short time in the Cuartel de Artilleria. This invitation they accepted, but after a time of the "dulle far niente" life of an Argentine soldier, they left their kind entertainers, and are now breathing the fresh air of the streets of Buenos Ayres.

One of their comrades, Don Pablo Vereta, alias Yanguetetti, who was requested by the authorities to join the army for five years, in consequence of his being under a cloud, caused by a little robbery, is also walking the streets of this city in perfect liberty.

No wonder that the Argentine army has gathered so few hundreds of late, when we see three such talented men neglected by the state, and allowed to leave the army from a passing whim. Had these individuals only been coaxed into remaining soldiers, we might sleep more soundly at night, from the conviction that the frontiers were properly defended, and our goods and chattels safe from their pillaging fingers.

What a glorious system of government it is when we see three of the greatest men of the day walking about the city, citizens in all the pride of innocence, unalarmed, and no man watching them. Well might they exclaim (if they read the American newspapers). "Wild we may be—so are our cattle. But we are the children of nature, and the children of freedom, and our lawful answer to the despot and tyrant is, that our bright home is in the setting sun."

**COLOM THEATRE.**  
The Stranger.

"Ever anxious to give honor where honor is due," thus our columns are always at the disposal of our musical friends in noting everything calculated to forward the praiseworthy efforts of these who studiously care for the public amusement. On many occasions we have taken peculiar pleasure in hailing the finer points of operatic ability which may have been presented to us, but we feel it would be an injustice to pass over the performance of the above favorite opera on Wednesday night as a mere local event.

The curtain rose at twenty minutes to nine, and those who had not seen this opera before were delighted at the beautiful scene which it at first presented. As we have already given our readers a sketch of this beautiful composition, we will merely say that its repetition last night was certainly its best performance we had here for some years. The music in the immortal Bellini requires no comments to place it higher in its musical world than never will it descend from that lofty pinnacle where the grateful of all nations have placed it; and no less beautiful is the music of this opera than that of his other compositions, and is simply a collection of delicious morsels.

The singing last evening was remarkably good, and we say, without hesitation, that it is a long time since an audience has felt so calm before, and sung some of the most difficult parts with such accuracy and precision that drew down thousands of applause. Her singing, in being led away captive, and also at the closing scene, deserves special notice. No less well, and was remarkably well, and was repeatedly applauded. There is a sweetness and fulness in her voice which pleases the ear, and she evidently felt pleased at the marked applause with which she was called out in the third act. See, Lela and Celestina sang with very good voices, and we were very glad to witness a performance in Buenos Ayres, which gave such an excellent satisfaction. The house was a fair one, and we do not appear to us to our friends, when we say that the efforts of our enterprising lovers deserve to be appreciated.

**EDITOR'S TALK.**

The news by the mail is important, but not so alarming as was anticipated. The Mercury had a very bad passage from Rio, and arrived in our hands yesterday morning; the weather was so unfavorable that the mail boat could not come on shore before eleven o'clock,

and this caused a delay at the post-office, letters not being delivered before 4.30 p.m.

We have to announce good news of the Cordoba Railway and Capital. A friend has received private letters advising him that Mr. Wheelwright has succeeded in raising all the funds necessary for the Central Argentine; the enterprise has not been abandoned over the Imperial Financial Company. The Buenos Ayrenes Bonded Warehouse and Transit Company is quoted in the 'Times' Monetary report, March 9th, at a premium of 1 to 1 per cent, but in the 'Morning Herald' it is 1/2 per cent. discount to a premium.

We have no confirmation of the siege of Charleston being raised, as reported by the *Panama Star*, although our dates are 11 days late (Feb. 25th). There is, however, a report, by passengers of the Mercury, that a steamer had just arrived at Rio Janeiro with still later dates from N. York, announcing a great defeat sustained by the Northerners in Tennessee, after five days' hard fighting.

Another murder took place last night at the Cinco Esquinas. Some fellows got into the rear of a house, to steal the poultry, and when the owner came out he was immediately stabbed in the abdomen. Those of our colleagues who are opposed to police-force, on the grounds that B. Ayres is a pander, will wink at such trifles.

To-night the Opera Co. will give 'Il Barbiere,' and we expect a full house. On Sunday night the new opera La Sirena will be repeated.

An English gentleman of this city has sent us a communication respecting Mr. Flower's case, which we will publish to-morrow. He asks us to bring the circumstances again before the public, which we will do to the best of our power.

We have no news from Montevideo except a report of the British navy theatricals, in another column.

We have been favored with an interesting letter from Mr. Clifton Carne, Argentine Consul at Falmouth, which will appear to-morrow. There seems some chance of the Royal mail steamers being changed from Southampton to Falmouth.

The robbers, who attacked the Government-house, pulled their *descoir*, as we read in the 'National,' to the Treasury department.

Some of our subscribers have called on our attention to the published notice of the Tribune, under the form of 'Letters from a mother to her daughter.' The subject in question is about as interesting as Mr. Laroque's *sentiment* to the school-teachers of Galicia.

By private letters we learn that one of our Argentine representatives at home intends paying us a visit by next packet.

Mr. James Oliver writes a letter in broken English to the 'Tribuna' denigrating General Flores, and promising to get up a subscription among our readers for the relief of the poor. He is very unwise to meddle in the filibuster's affairs, and may send round the hat to every English house in town, and get what is vulgarly termed 'monkeys' allowance.'

Some kind friend in Paris has sent us a notice on 'Diplomacia en Buenos Ayres,' which we will review to-morrow. We have also received 'Sir A. Cooper's Restorative,' published in London.

The mails being delivered late, we could not send round the 'Hermosa Ayres and Rio de la Plata Mail' till this morning; the editor has re-produced an account of our interview with President Lopez.

Our supplements were delivered late yesterday. Those who may not have received, will please send to the office for same.

The Santiago leaves Montevideo to-day.

**AMATEUR THEATRICALS.**  
In aid of the British and Catalán Invalids, Montevideo.

11th April, 1861.

The performances commenced at 7.30 precisely, to, even then, a good house, which later in the evening became very crowded—no feat, hundreds of persons could not obtain seats.

After a short prologue by Mr. Johnson, the function commenced with 'The Maid in the Tower,' which was well received, and was carried through with great spirit and effect. The commencement of it was much interrupted by the ladies in the orchestra (Gazette), but a short speech from Mr. Sisk, in English, and Mr. McCall in Spanish, put things in better train, and, with the exception of a shriek from an unfortunate lady who did not appreciate the proceedings, all went well. The acting of Mr. Johnson as 'Captain Hawley' in this comedy was beyond all praise—the military officer, the lover, the scold, the clear-headed avenger, &c.—in fact, it was perfect in a word. Mr. Byng, as 'old Potter,' and Mr. P. P. Smith as 'Midway,' were very good, especially the former, a very difficult

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[illegible][illegible]

of biased ignorance with regard to the existence of either of the clubs, and that they would not care one straw were all the electors in Buenos Ayres in the Red Sea, and, horrible to relate both to the clubmen and to the public, that there has been a run upon the newspaper which rectified the mistake so as to forward copies of it by the express delivery, and expect to hear of no more such mistakes. It is worthy of mention that there has been a run upon the newspaper which rectified the mistake so as to forward copies of it by the express delivery, and expect to hear of no more such mistakes.

**Dall at Murry**.—This flourishing little town is indeed inaugurating its Municipal halls by a grand ball on Friday night next. The great preparations making, it is worthy to mention that there has been a run upon the newspaper which rectified the mistake so as to forward copies of it by the express delivery, and expect to hear of no more such mistakes.

**Exports**.—On the 19th instant, five vessels cleared out for foreign ports with the following cargoes.—279 bales wool, 6 tons horse hair, 1278 barrels sheepskins, 5,593 leather hides, 21,905 cow hides, 2,092 calf skins, 1 tiger skin, 178 barrels tallow, 83 barrels flour, 660 bags cane, 35,900 sack bones.

**The Southern Railway**.—One of the money affairs in Buenos Ayres are just sent 150 pesos to these works, and given orders for more from the camp. There is no want of employment for the railway men here in Buenos Ayres at the present day.

**ON EXCHANGE**.

April 14.  
The packet news has arrived, and produces, things being in *status quo*, and former prices will remain unaltered. The amount of specie brought by the Netey is very large. River Plate Bank £1,000 c/w \$15,00; Drafts £500, 11st £490 and last, 2, 30c.

Patrons appeared to day & continued to pay their subscriptions, and although owing in sales for time, the "Pueblo" states that only \$200,000 potatoes arrived by the Mersey, although the list published in the Bulletin shows £124,750 worth.

There was a rumour on "Cinque" that private letters from London, 7th March represented Mr. Hopkins' Captain as having been guilty of failing, and that half the shares were in jeopardy. This, however, seems incredible, as the stock-list quotes them at a premium.

**PINO UCE SALES.**

1500 lbs, Corrientes,	\$19 1/2	\$1 1/2
1000 lbs to 2 yds, reserved price,		
30 petaca iron,	do	\$135
100 dry cowhides,	do	\$135
200 do do,	do	\$130
500 do do,	do	\$130
1000 do do,	do	1 1/2
500 or wool, mixed ordinary	do	1 1/2
200 do do	do	47
100 do do	do	borruga
100 do do	do	125
100 or hair, washed	do	120
150 dry sheepskins; mixed	do	120
70 do do	do	120
500 or wool, mixed	do	10

**FRIGATES.**  
Russian brigantine to land in the Uruguay sailed hides for England & 30s and 6 per cent.  
Argentine frigate Westwinding, 2000 do, 37s 6d & 5 dor cent.

**MARITIME NEWS.**

**ARRIVALS.**  
14th  
Marselles, French barque Rosine Agila.  
**SAILED.**  
13th  
Havre, French barque Marie Louise Montevideo, steamer Couronne.

**Sheep for Sale.**  
By the cut, about 800 best Merino in prime condition, including some superior lots for the Rio Colorado. Mr. Lowe's, near the Yilla de Mercedes &c. 15, 12 p.

**Laudress Wanted.**  
Wanted a good Landress: an English woman preferred. Apply at Calle Guya No. 95, 15, 3 p.

**Shoop.**  
On Sale 700 fine Merino Sheep in Banda Oriental; 7000 picked in this province. To let two leagues of Land in Entre Rios. Reconquist. No. 46, 15, 10 p.

**For Assucion**  
Calling at intermediate ports,  
"GUYRETE"  
Commander—Jose Alonso.  
Leaves for the above-mentioned ports on Sunday, April 16th, 1871, taking cargo, for American joint passengers and all the ports, for which she has excellent accommodation.  
Receives passengers for Assucion until Saturday, April 15th, 1871, inst. No passengers admitted on board without their tickets. For further particulars apply to:  
E. VOGEL & Co.,  
Cuyo, No. 32

**COLON THEATRE.**  
ITALIAN OPERA  
Eight performance of the new season.  
On Friday, April 16.  
BARBECUE DI VIGILIA!  
by Sbarba Mello and Daddato, au sérieux Lelini, Walter, Celsiano, &c.  
At Eight o'clock.

**Wanted**  
A good Waiter, who can talk French at the British Hotel, Piccad.

**Mr. Polloc.**  
Late Engineer of the Paven Steamer, is requested to call for a letter at M. Lowry's Store, Paseo Julio.  
3 p. n.

**Just Received,**  
A large supply of heavy Goods suitable for the approaching season.  
— Blankets, all sizes; heavy White and Coloured Quilts, Sheetings, Flannel, heavy Linseys, Woolen Plaid, extra heavy Corduroy and Mohair-Bl. & Twill, India Vests and Suits, Hosiery, &c, all wool.  
With many other articles too numerous to mention; also  
Pilot Jackets, all sizes; heavy T. Suits, &c.

**HEBERMAN HOUSE.**  
64, 66, & 68 CALLE PIEDRA.  
12 p. n.

**On Sale**  
A few first-class English Guns and Rifles; suitably equipped for the Campaign.  
Apply at the Hotel du La Pa.  
No. 38.  
3p. A14

**Quinta to Let.**  
The large and commodious house known as Whitfield's Quinta, with garden, cactus-house, stabling, &c, to let on moderate terms. Apply to Mr. Powinckel, at the Quinta house.  
a 14, 2 p

**Just Received.**  
A list of Atlanta Seed, best quality, sale at 183 calle Defensa.

**River Plate Steam Ship Company.**  
The Steamer "U N A,"  
1000 Tons Register, Captain Betty, will be dispatched for Liverpool, Montevideo, about 3rd May next.  
Cabin Passage, .. £ 40  
Second Cabin .. .. 20  
For rates of Freight, &c, apply to the Consignees.  
JOHN P. BOYD & CO.,  
Calle San Martin, No. 56.  
12 p. n.

**Apartments.**  
Two rooms furnished or unfurnished to be let in an English house, 4 calle Independencia. Apply on the premises. 14 3 p.

**Cook**  
Wanted, a Man Cook, at an Estancia or leagues to the South. Good references required. Salary liberal.  
For further particulars, apply at No. 74, Calle 25 De Mayo.  
6p A9

**The largest**  
freshest and  
best assorted stock  
of Groceries,  
Drapery and  
Ironmongery  
will be found  
at

**The Haberman H. use,**  
64, 66 & 68 CALLE PIEDRA

**Cook.**  
Wanted a good Cook. Apply 474 Calle Piedra.  
3 p. n.

**English Painter and Paper-hanger.**  
Parties having such work to be done will please apply to the undersigned. If not at home they are requested to leave their address on a slate hanging up near the door, when such order will be immediately attended to.  
Wm. ROBERT HANSSON,  
No. 370 Calle Piedra.  
m 22, 1 p

**Notice.**  
All Persons indebted to the late firm of Richard Hastings and Co, are hereby requested to call and pay same with the least possible delay.  
RICHARD HASTINGS, & Co.  
— Defenses, 78.  
m 23, 1 p.

**Mr. Pater's Odegy.**  
Of the Trinidad del Monte, will receive a letter of importance by applying at the British Consulate in the City.  
FRANK PARISH, Consul.  
Buenos Ayres, April 11, 1864.

**Notice to the Commercial Public**  
The Line Monitory in the Quintas of Señor Kappeandach, which was formerly conducted under the firm of S. S. Lafone y Cia., will, from this time forward, be under the firm of Albrecht Weiss, formerly proprietor of the establishment, and who takes this opportunity of informing the Public in general and his Friends that the business established Line of the said quality will always be on hand for sale.  
Buenos Ayres, 1st April, 1864.  
M. WEISLI,

[illegible][illegible]

11-11-60



# STEAMBOAT AGENCY

W. M. MATTI AND CO.  
30 CANGALLO 30

**FOR PAYANDU**  
Calling at Nueva Palmira, Pay Bentes and Concepcion, the National Steamer  
**SALTO**  
Captain P. Vidanza  
Leaves every Thursday and Saturday at 10 a.m., and returns every Monday and Friday.

**FOR CONCORDIA & SALTO**  
The National Steamer  
**CONCORDIA**  
Leaves Payandu every Thursday and Sunday after the arrival of the "Salto," being in combination with this steamer.

**FOR ROSARIO**  
Calling at Zarate, Baradero, San Pedro, Obligado, Los Hornos, and San Nicolas  
Yoyage by the Payandu de la Palma, taking Cargo and Passengers, the National Steamer

**PAVON**  
Captain Pava  
Leaves every Thursday and Sunday at 12 Noon, and returns every Wednesday and Saturday.

**FOR GUALEGUAY**  
The National Steamer  
**LOLOKITAS**  
Leaves the "Boa de las Nuevas Vistas" every Friday after the arrival of the Pava, and returns each Tuesday, by which the Passengers leave here every Thursday and return every Wednesday.

**FOR TIL PARAVA**  
Santa Fe, and intermediate Ports, the Mail Steamer  
**ESPIGADOR**  
Leaves Rosario each Friday, two hours after arrival of the Pava, and returns every Tuesday in time to hand over Passengers' luggage to the Pava, which leaves for Buenos Ayres.

**FOR CORRIENTES**  
Calling at Paraná, La Paz, Cailla de la Esquina, Casilla de Guaya, Bella Vista and Empedrado, the British Steamer  
**ESMERALDA**  
Leaves Rosario in combination with the Pava, on Tuesday, April 26, and returns on Friday May 6th.

**FARE**

To Zarate (cabin)	8 patacones
San Pedro do	10 "
Obligado do	12 "
San Nicolas do	14 "
Gualeguay do	16 "
Rosario do	18 "
San Lorenzo do	20 "
Durazno do	22 "
Santa Fe do	24 "
Parana do	26 "
La Paz do	28 "
La Esquina do	30 "
Goya do	32 "
Bella Vista do	34 "
Empedrado do	36 "
Corrientes do	38 "
Nueva Palmira do	40 "
Pay Bentes do	42 "
Concepcion do	44 "
Payandu do	46 "

Deck Half-price.

**FREIGHTS**

To Montevideo, per ton	4 dollars
Rosario	6 "
San Nicolas	8 "
Parana	10 "
Bella Vista	12 "
La Esquina	14 "
Goya	16 "
Corrientes	18 "
The Uruguay Ports	20 "

**FOR CUYABA**  
Calling at San Nicolas, Rosario, Paraná, Corrientes, Asuncion, and other Brazilian ports, the Brazilian Steamer  
**MARQUES DE OLINDA**  
Captain Thibault de S. Bellecourt  
Leaves on the 4th May.

**FARES**

San Nicolas	16 pata.
Rosario	18 "
Parana	20 "
Corrientes	22 "
Asuncion	24 "
Comilla	26 "

No passengers allowed on any of the steamers without tickets.

**MONEY ORDERS.**  
Drafts on IRELAND are granted by the undersigned, payable on demand at any of the 52 branches of the

**NATIONAL BANK.**  
Drafter also granted at  
Messrs. Fraser, Gault & Co. Bankers  
LONDON.  
And on J. Barnd & Co. Bankers  
LIVERPOOL.

Timely application should be made at the office of Mr. Wilson Jacobs, Exchange Broker, No 66 Calle San Martin (opposite the Hotel).

THOMAS B. HALL,  
DRAFTS AT SIGHT  
ON THE UNION BANK  
OF  
**IRELAND.**  
ISSUED BY THE  
LONDON, BUENOS AYRES  
AND  
RIVER PLATE BANK.  
Office de la Union No. 80.

**Corrales Portátiles** de Hierro y Madera para Ovejuna.  
**Corrales Portátiles** de Hierro para Caballos.  
**Corrales Portátiles** de Hierro para vacuums.  
**Bebederos de Hierro** desde 608 vara  
**Moedores de Hierro** de todo precio.  
**Cercos de Hierro** para Rodeos, Chacras, Potreros, Corrales &c.  
**Puertas de Hierro.**  
**Nuevas Maquinas** de estirar Alambre.  
**Maquinas** de cortar Albaraja y Cardos.  
**Mangas** de sacar Agua.

**VAN DE VELDE Hermanos.**  
Buen Orden 245, entre Chile y Mejico.

## MEASAGERIAS Y CORREOS NACIONALES INICIADORES.

127-CALLE 25 DE MAYO-127.  
All the necessary arrangements having been made, the Empresa has opened an office in this city for the purpose of facilitating operations for the Commercial Community and the public in general.  
In the office will be given tickets for passengers and parcels to any part of the Republic, and there, passengers for Chile can take through tickets for Valparaiso and Santiago.  
The Disignees start from Rosario for Mendoza, San Juan and Chile every Tuesday.  
From Rosario to Cordoba every Tuesday and Friday.  
From Rosario for Santiago, Tucuman, Salta, Jujuy, and Bolivia every Friday.  
For further particulars apply at the office of the Empresa. m27

## THE BRITISH AND FOREIGN CHINA, EARTHENWARE, AND GLASS STORE.

57-DEFENSA-57  
Just opened to the Public. The largest Stock in town. Earthenware Goods of all descriptions. An immense variety of Glass Goods. English, French, and German China Articles.  
Table Sets, Toilet Sets, Tea Sets, Coffee Sets.  
Low Prices—Fixed Prices.  
Terms—Cash.  
**WILLIAM FERGUSON AND CO.,**  
57-DEFENSA-57.  
(Corner of Potosi.)  
N.B.—The Stock will be shortly increased by arrivals from Europe. j13

## SAVINGS BANK BANK MARI & CO.

No. 103 Calle de Cangallo.  
**BUENOS AYRES.**  
The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt, and appreciated in this city, that we have opened at No. 103 Calle de Cangallo from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. on week days, and on Sundays and holidays from 10 a.m. to 12 m. for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned.  
The Bank will deliver to each depositor a Pass Book in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.  
The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited, in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date.  
The Bank of Mari & Co. is sufficiently known to the public by the benefits derived from the course of its operations which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles and all ways directed to promote the general welfare.  
The Bank of Mari & Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighbourhood.  
Buenos Ayres September 19th 1893.  
p. m. MARI & CO.  
**WILLIAM LESLIE.**

**CONDITIONS.**  
1st. The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty five dollars currency or one silver dollar upwards.  
2nd. The interest allowed is six per cent [6 p.c.] per annum which is liquidated every six months.  
3rd. The depositor can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.  
4th. Once the amount deposited exceeds Twenty five thousand dollars currency or one thousand dollars silver the depositor if he wishes can open an account current according to the rules established by the Bank.  
5th. In case the depositor leaves the Pass Book it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

## NOTICE TO THE LADIES.

**ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,**  
61-CORRIENTES-61.  
It is respectfully announced that during the next and following months there will be exhibited at this Establishment a vast and magnificent display of AUTUMN and WINTER GOODS, of the most choice, varied, and fashionable description, selected from the London and Paris markets, to which the attention of Ladies is solicited.

## ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,

61 CORRIENTES 61

## FERRO-CARRIL DEL NORTE.

DESDE EL 1 DE ABRIL, Y HASTA NUEVO AVISO, LOS TRENES SALDRAN COMO SIGUE:

**DIAS DE TRABAJO**

**Ida.**

Tren	12 de Mayo	Rosario	Corrientes	Obligado	S. Pedro, J. Fernandez	Salta	San Juan	San Carlos	Salta	Obligado	Rosario	12 de Mayo
1	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
2	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	1
3	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	1	3

**Regreso.**

Tren	12 de Mayo	Rosario	Corrientes	Obligado	S. Pedro, J. Fernandez	Salta	San Juan	San Carlos	Salta	Obligado	Rosario	12 de Mayo
1	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
2	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	1
3	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	1	3

**DIAS FERIADOS**

**Ida.**

Tren	12 de Mayo	Rosario	Corrientes	Obligado	S. Pedro, J. Fernandez	Salta	San Juan	San Carlos	Salta	Obligado	Rosario	12 de Mayo
1	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
2	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	1
3	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	1	3

**Regreso.**

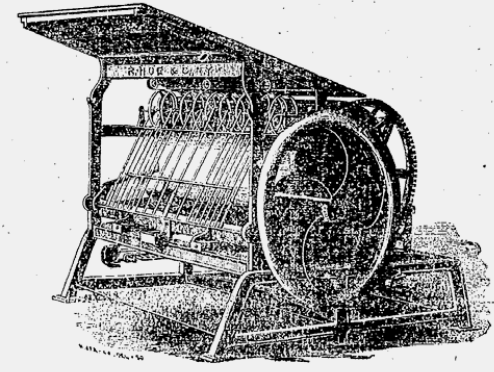
Tren	12 de Mayo	Rosario	Corrientes	Obligado	S. Pedro, J. Fernandez	Salta	San Juan	San Carlos	Salta	Obligado	Rosario	12 de Mayo
1	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
2	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	1
3	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	1	3

Los Trenes pararán en Palermo y Rivadavia solamente en caso que hubiera pasajeros para esas Estaciones. Los pasajeros que deseen ser desembarcados en ellas están en el deber de avisar al Guarda Tren al deber de avisar al conductor. Sin este requisito los trenes no pararán.

LA ADMINISTRACION.

## 'THE STANDARD'

DAILY & WEEKLY EDITIONS.



With Supplement by each English mail. Daily, \$30 per Month; Weekly, \$20. Subscribers can send to Europe an extra file of the Weekly at that Price; same if prepaid 61 extra per Annum. Pocket Editions, 62 each. Subscriptions received in London by Mr. George Street, Cornhill; Daily Edition, 22; Weekly, 21.

## LA PREVISORA ARGENTINA.

LIFE INSURANCE AND SAVING FUND ASSOCIATION OF BUENOS AYRES.

Capital Subscribed in first Three Months, 170,967 pata. is 215 Shares.  
**DIRECTORS.**  
D. Miguel Acunam, President  
D. Bernabé Ocampo, Vice-President  
D. Antonio Marcedón del Pont  
D. Jacobo Paracchini  
D. Constant Santamarina  
**MANAGING COMMITTEE.**  
D. Estanislao Pertierra  
D. J. A. Fernandez  
The PREVISORA ARGENTINA will receive subscriptions as follows:  
1st. On one's own life, in shares of \$5 silver and upwards. These subscriptions liquidated at any time, at the subscriber's time and option.  
2nd. Without loss of capital by death of the insured. Subscribers will be entitled to compound interest on their subscriptions and the pre-arranged interest for the life of the other shareholders in their Class, whose capital, however, is returned.  
3rd. With loss of capital by death of the insured. All shareholders of this class shall gain compound interest on their subscriptions, besides a proportional part of the capital and interest of all who die in their Class.  
All these subscriptions may be paid weekly, monthly, quarterly, half yearly, or yearly.  
The capital of this Company shall be invested only in landed property (finances), and with the greatest security.  
The Board of Inspection, composed of subscribers, shall have charge of all the operations of the Company.  
**Subscriptions in Paper Money.**  
The Directors, wishing to enlarge the operations of the Society, have acceded to the request of many people in this city, and determined to issue shares payable in Paper Money of Buenos Ayres, under the following conditions:  
Article 1st.—From the 1st of April, 1891, shares shall be issued to such persons as may wish to pay in Paper Money of Buenos Ayres, and in accordance with Article 17 chapter 5 of the Statutes of the Society, the lowest sum receivable being \$200 annually, payable in one sum, or in instalments, subject to the following rules:  
1st.—For Paper Money Subscribers sections will be assigned and kept separate from Silver Money Subscribers.  
2nd.—The liquidation of the sums belonging to the sections of Paper Money Subscribers will be estimated according to Article 31 of the Statutes, and for account of these particular sections.  
By Extra means the Directors hope to gain its object which is to enable the poorer classes to enjoy all the advantages of life insurance.  
For further particulars, apply at the Co's Office, No. 87 Calle S. Martin (altos), where prospectuses and circulars may be had.

## THE ASSOCIATED MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Established in this City, insure at moderate rates all kinds of sea, or on the river. Office—Calle Comercio 82.  
**DIRECTORS.**  
Sr. Don Thomas Armstrong, President.  
Sr. Don Thomas Armstrong, Vice-President.  
Sr. Don Thomas Armstrong, Secretary.  
Sr. Don Thomas Armstrong, Treasurer.  
Sr. Don Thomas Armstrong, Auditor.  
Sr. Don Thomas Armstrong, Manager.  
Sr. Don Thomas Armstrong, Secretary.  
Sr. Don Thomas Armstrong, Treasurer.  
Sr. Don Thomas Armstrong, Auditor.  
Sr. Don Thomas Armstrong, Manager.

## ENGLISH GRAMMAR SCHOOL, CALLE LARGA DE BARRAGAS.

Mr. P. PONGERARD, of the London University College.  
This Establishment, which from its foundation has been patronized by the principal British Consuls of Buenos Ayres, is an exact reproduction of an English School, where a sound commercial education is combined with the acquisition of the French and Spanish languages, is imparted to the pupils, and based upon the same system as in all first class European institutions of the kind.  
An over-attentive and constant supervision, as a strict maintenance of order and propriety, are a sufficient guarantee for the morals and behavior of the pupils are carefully attended to.  
The different branches taught in the English Grammar School comprise the English, French and Spanish languages, History, Geography, Arithmetic, and Book-keeping in all its parts, Writing, and all the usual instructions.  
Extra branches, such as Latin, Mathematics, German, Music and Drawing, are also taught by special masters.  
The situation of the English Grammar School, in one of the most delightful Quarters of the Calle Larga de Barracas, at the very gates of the city, is one of the most beautiful and picturesque of the environs of Buenos Ayres.  
For particulars apply for prospectuses at the Standard Office, Calle Barragan 74.  
Da P. PONGERARD.

## NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

**PATRICK GALBRAITH,**  
In returning sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed since commencing business, begs to intimate that he has just received a large assortment of

**NEW GOODS,**  
Suitable for the present season, including  
Dress and Petticoat Waives,  
4-4 and 4-6 Wash Plaids, Flannels, French Merinos, Poplins, L. W. Hosiery and Underclothing, Cotton and Linen Ties, Gingham, Paisley, Tannum and Chen Wand Shirts and Pants, and a large variety of other goods, too numerous to mention, inspection of which is invited at  
The English Drapery Establishment of Buenos Ayres,  
49 & 51-CALLE DEFENSA-49 & 51.

## JOHNSON AND PADDOE STEAMERS, &c.

G. H. HARRINGTON & CO.,  
Architects, Engineers and Surveyors.  
27 LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON, E.C.  
Contract for Building every description of Craft for Sea or River Employment.  
Tender Construction Vessels with Teak Plating and Iron Frames.  
Estimates and particulars forwarded including delivery at every port, in South America.  
The "Mentimeter," a Patent and valuable instrument for the measurement of angles, heights, distances, etc., by the Proprietor and Inventor, Mr. G. H. Harrington.