The Standard

Ficha Bibliográfica

Título:	The Standard
Variante del Título:	The Standard and the River Plate News
Número de Edición:	646
Fecha de Publicación:	1864-03-09
Lengua:	Inglés
Creador:	Edward Mulhall y Michael Muhall
Tipo de Recurso:	Periódico

Universidad de San Andrés

The Standard
AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

616 — Third Year | BUENOS AYRES, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9, 1864 | PRICE—TWO DOLLARS

MAUA BANK

Calle Cangallo No. 101—103

Interest for the current month.

In account current, specie.
For balances in our favor 12p. $\frac{0}{0}$
For balances in favor of customers 8p. $\frac{0}{0}$

In account current, paper money.
For balances in our faver 12p. $\frac{0}{0}$
For balances in favor of customers 7p. $\frac{0}{0}$
Deposits for a fixed term in specie or currency, at conventional interest.

Buenos Ayres, Nov. 1, 1863.
P. P. Maua & Co.
William Leslie.

Maua Bank.

Calle Cangallo Nos. 101 & 103.

The offices of this bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in *currency* and *specie* in this Bank.

1st Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.

2nd Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities approved of by the Manager.

3rd. Accounts-current are opened with merchants or other parties who may prefer, depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously convened under conditions established for such class of operation.

4th Money is received in *account current* bearing interest from day of deposit which is accumulated in favor of the parties every *three* months, the depositors being allowed to retire at any time by means of *cheques* part or the full amount at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred doubloons or one hundred thousand dollars currency," in which case 48 hours previous notice is required to be given at the Treasury of the Bank.

7th Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta. Fé, Salto Oriental, Paysandú, Rio Janeiro and other places in the Brazils, England and France, as also on other places of which notice will be given hereafter.

7th Finally the Bank, undertakes & executes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations.

The establishment is always open from 9 A. M. till 4 P. M.

Buenos Ayres, Oct 29 1862.
P. P. *Maua & Co.*
William Leslie.

IRELAND.

Drafts payable at any of the undermentioned branches of the
NATIONAL BANK
Can be obtained from
WANKLYN and CO.,
No. 98 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

Athlone	Limerick
Athy	Lismore
Ballinasl	Listowel
Ballinasloe	Longford
Boyle	Loughrea
Carlow	Macroom
Carrickmacross	Mallow
Carrick-on-suir	Middleton
Cashel	Mitchelstown
Cavan	Moate
Charleville	Mountmellick
Clonakilty	Mullingar
Clonmel	Nenagh
Cork	Newcastle
Dublin	County Limerick
Dungarvan	New Ross
Ennis	Rathkeale
Enniscorthy	Roscommon
Fermoy	Roscrea
Galway	Thurles
Kanturk	Tipperary
Kells	Tralee
Kilkenny	Tuam
Killarney	Waterford
Kilrush	Wexford
Kingstown	Wicklow

Camp for 8 flocks.

To be given in exchange for 4,000 fine sheep a splendid tract of camp, situate on the best, permanent, arroyo of the province: it is about two leagues long, and within 5 or 6 hours journey by steamer, from this city. The present state of the camp could not be more suitable for sheep, and the freight of wool is 12 reals to $2 m/c. per arrobe, the land being only 4 leagues from the river Parana.

Apply between the hours of 8 and 10 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M. at 174 calle Piedras.

Also an estancia to rent, with 12 puestos, including ranchos, corrals, galpones, and permanent water, alfalfa-fields &c.

Apply as above N 17, m.

London, Buenos Ayres and River Plate Bank

(Limited)

80 CALLE DE LA PIEDAD 80.

Capital £1,000,000 Sterling.

The rates of Interest from 1st January, 1864 until further notice, will be as follows, for both Specie and Currency:

In Account Current.

Allowed on Minium Credit balance during the month	.. ..	6p. $\frac{0}{0}$
Charged	.. ..	12p. $\frac{0}{0}$

Fixed Deposits.

For Sixty days	.. .. ..	7p. $\frac{0}{0}$
" Ninety days	.. .. ..	8p. $\frac{0}{0}$

On Deposits subject to Thirty days notice of withdrawal, interest will be allowed at the rate of one per cent per annum more than the rate for Ninety day Fixed Deposits, rising and falling therewith, the Bank notifying any change in the rate by advertisement in the usual papers.

From 1st January 1864 till further announcement the rate for this class of Deposits will be 9 per cent per annum.

Bs. As., 31st December, 1863.
J. H. GREEN.
Manager.

THE QUEEN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—£1,000,000.

Chief Offices,
QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS
LIVERPOOL.

Agents for Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and the River Plate,

Barbour, Barclay, and Co
CALLE CHACABUCO, 13.

Sept. 20

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

1 Old Broad-st., and 16 Pall-Mall
LONDON.

INSTITUTED 1803,

For Insuring Houses and other Buildings, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Manufacturing and Farming Stock, Ships in Port, Harbour, or Dock, and the Cargoes of such Ships; also, Ships Building and Repairing; Barges and other Vessels on Navigable Rivers and Canals, and Goods on board such Vessels, throughout Great Britain and Ireland, and in Foreign Countries, from Loss or Damage by Fire.

Subscribed and Invested Capital—£1,600,000.

DIRECTORS.

Thomas Augustus Gibb, Esq., Chairman.
William R. Robinson, Esq., Deputy Chairman.

Robert C. L. Bevan, Esq.	Samuel Hyde, Esq.
Aug. H. Bosanquet, Esq.	Sir John Kirkland.
Charles Cave, Esq.	J. G. Murdoch, Esq.
Edward H. Chapman, Esq.	Claud Neilson, Esq.
Geo. Henry Cutler, Esq.	Fred. Pattison, Esq.
Henry Davidson, Esq.	Sir C. Rugge Price, Bart.
George Field, Esq.	J. Saunderson Rigge, Esq.
Alex. Henning, Esq.	M. T. Smith, Esq., M.P.
George Hibbert, Esq.	Richard Twining, Esq.
Samuel Hibbert, Esq.	

EX-DIRECTORS.

Thomas G. Barclay, Esq.	William Lyall, Esq.
James C. C. Bell, Esq.	John Scott, Esq.
Geo. Wm. Cottam, Esq.	Newman Smith, Esq.

AUDITORS.

James Brand, Esq.	Charles Marryat, Esq.
Isaac Carr, Esq.	James Scott, Esq.
W. Burnley Hume, Esq.	

Ex-Auditor—Paul Butler, Esq.

AGENTS IN BUENOS AYRES,
Messrs. JOHN BEST and BROS.
92 RIVADAVIA.

Briton and Medical General (Incorporated with the Unity General.)

Life Assurance association chief offices West strand London w c, Capital 3,000,000£ sterling. Propositions for life assurance are received and immediate attention paid to the same. A prospectus of rates and other particulars will be furnished on application to the company's agent in this city.

George Wilks
—7 Calle Mayo 7—

Good News.

The celebrated South Down Sheep Wash, on Sale at Barry and Walker's.

The only safe and reliable cure for the Scab in Sheep.

South Down Sheep Wash,
Wholesale and Retail,
CALLE DEFENSA, No. 97.
Chas. S. Bowers, Agent.

o 26x.

Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

MANCHESTER UNITY.

A Branch Lodge (the Flor del Plata, No. 5148) of the above Friendly Society has been established in this City. Any person requiring information relating to the same, can apply to

107, CALLE MORENO.
JOHN J DOWNING, Secretary.

To be Sold,

The Thoroughbred Blood Stallion
"CAVILLER,"

Three-and-a-half years old, by "Barnton" out of "Captious," their sires being "Kingston" and "Touchstone," considered as the best blood in England.

This splendid animal, bred by the Marquis of Westminster, is perfectly sound, and has excellent temper and constitution. Was imported for a rich estanciero in the Banda Oriental, who is obliged to part with him in consequence of the disturbed state of that country

To be seen at Allison's, No. 26 Calle Piedad, where every other information will be given. f 12

La Zingara.

All parties indebted for passage money to the above-mentioned ship, are requested to call at my Office and pay their passage, within two months from this, otherwise a special order will be given by Government to the different Justices of Peace to remit into Buenos Ayres all defaulters.

G. WILKS,
D 3. x. No. 7 Calle Mayo.

GENERAL STEAMBOAT AGENCY OFFICE

89—*Calle Reconquista*—89.
E. D. RISSO.

FOR MONTEVIDEO. — The MENAY leaves every Monday and Thursday at 5 o'clock in the afternoon; returning every Wednesday and Sunday. Fares 8 and 4 pats.

NUEVAS Mensagerias Nacionales.

Office Removed to
223—CALLE VICTORIA—223

Leaves for Pillar every day
" Capilla del Senor every day.
" San Antonia de Areco, all uneven days.
" Zarate, all even days.
" Baradero, 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, 29.

Returns from Pillar, every day.
" Capilla, every day.
" San Antonio, all even days.
" Zarate, all uneven days.
" Baradero, 2, 6, 10, 14, 18, 22, 26, 30.

Conductors and Owners:
MERLIN and MESQUITA.

Great and Useful Invention.

No more Mortality for want of Water.
Sure wealth to Estancieros
By the Robert Apparatus.

Being notorious the immense injury occasioned by the scarcity of water during the long (secas) that afflict the camps of Buenos Ayres, I have determined to dedicate to the Estancieros an Apparatus at once simple and infallible for procuring as much water as they may require.

120 Bordaiesas per hour (it seems fabulous) is procured with my apparatus, without fear of at any time its getting out of order.

This machine is worked by one horse and in one day's work can give 1440 Bordaleeas; that is to say, sufficient water for 20,000 head of cattle.

By these figures can be calculated the immense advantages gained by its use.

Another advantange is the facility of putting it together and taking it to pieces, so as to be able to transport it to any place where it may be necessary to use it, eiter for watering purposes or others.

GREAT MODIFICATION.

I have made an improvement in my Apparatus, applying a new system which reduces the necessary force two thirds, giving it at the same time more rapidity.

Those interested can see it at Calle Moreno, No. 346 (Henerrado, Paris.)

One sole inspection of the Apparatus will prove to them the superiority of it over any other. ROBERT.

j 29. 2 m.

For Sale.

The American-built Yacht
"STELLA,"
71 tons register,

Built of white oak and Pitch Pine, sheathed with yellow metal, and well found in sails and rigging.

The "Stella" has lately arrived from the United States, and being a very fast sailer is well adapted to the piloting business.

For further particulars apply to the consignees,

SAMUEL B. HALL & CO.
Reconquista 24

f 14, 1 m

For New York.

The A 1½ English Clipper Barque
"CARLOTA,"

308 tons register—Captain Wilkins,

Is now ready to receive cargo, and having the greater part of her cargo engaged will have quick despatch.

Consignees—Messrs. George Bell and Son.

For further particulars apply to
A. H. MINTURN,
Ship Broker,
40—Calle Cangallo—40

f 12, 1 m

247, Calle Peru

TO COMMERCIAL GENTLEMEN

Rooms Furnished or Unfurnished, in an English house. Board given if required.

Also a few Gentlemen can be accommodated with Board.

M2. 1m

Unfailing Cure

for Scab and footrot in Sheep and every kind of diseases in horses and other animals.

Calverts' Phenyline and Terebane.

In addition to the satisfactory account we have received of the success of this specific from all parts of the camp, in its application to the cure of Sheep, we can say that it has been equally successful in healing sorebacks and other diseases in horses. In fact, it is a specific for all kinds of sickness in domestic animals.

Apply to HESS Brothers & Co.
calle Rivadavia No 234,
or to WESTON & Co.
Recoba Vieja No 38.

ALSO ON SALE

A few of Collard and Collards celebrated pianofortes

j28 Apply as above.

Royal Hotel.

ABOVE-BAR, SOUTHAMPTON.

Passengers by Royal Mail Steamers will find this Hotel very suitable, on landing in England. It is a rendezvous for those going to, or coming from, the Brazils and River Plate. Excellent beds and cuisine, comfortable apartments, good service, and reasonable charges.

n 20 m

FIRE.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.
19, CORNHILL, LONDON, E.C.
Capital, £2,500,000, fully subscribed.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman—Henry W. Peck, Esq., (Peck Brothers and Co.)
Deputy-Chairman — Henry Trower, Esq. (Trowers and Lawson.)

John Boustead Esq (Price and Boustead)
George Thos Brooking, Esq, 1a, St Helen's-place
Jeremiah Colman, Esq (J and J Colman)
Charles Curling, Esq (Charles Curling and Co)
Edwin Fox, Esq, (Halliday, Fox, and Co)
Nehemiah Griffiths, Esq (N Griffiths Tate, and Fisher
S Hanson, Esq (S Hanson and Son)
F W Harris, Esq (Dixon and Harris)
S Harrison, Esq, (Harrison and Crosfield)
D Hart, Esq (Lemon, Hart, and Sons
F Hicks, Esq (T and F Hicks)
J Hodgson, Esq (Grant, Hodgson & Co)
J G Homere, Esq, Gresham House
S Humphrey, Jun, Esq (of Hay's Wharf)
M Joshua, Esq (Joshua Brothers & Co)
F Larkworthy, Esq, Managing Director of the Bank of New Zealand
William Leask, Esq, Eastcheap
A Sim, Esq (Churchill and Sim)
J Adam Smith Esq (Smith, Wood & Co)
J R Thompson, Jun, Esq (J R Thomson and Co)
John K Welch, Esq (Orlando Jones and Co)
James P Woodhouse, Esq (J and C Woodhouse)

Manager (Fire Department)—Henry Thompson.
Solicitors—Messrs. Thomas & Hollams.

AGENTS IN BUENOS AYRES:
BRANDT SOHN AND CO.,

Who have instructions to effect Insurance against Fire on every description of Property, according to agreement.

Office—CALLE PIEDAD, 208.

J 16, 1 m

To English Travellers.

Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix, which is the largest and best Hotel in this city.

Charges are most moderate.
Wines superb.
Table d'Hote on European style.
Board, with room, gas-lights, and attendance, from 5s. to 10s. per day.

HOTEL DE LA PAIX,
(Corner of Calle Cangallo and Calle Reconquista.)

J. 26.

For Antwerp.

PASSENGERS ONLY.

The National Barque "*Adelhad*" D. Spille master, having engaged the whole cargo, will sail in a few days for the above mentioned destination and has room only for a few passengers. For further particulars apply to her Consignees Deetjen and Co. Moreno No. 126. 6 p m 6.

Colegio Anglo-Porteño,

205—MAIPU—205.

After the 1st. of January 1864, only a limited number of pupils can be admitted into this school, and no boys beyond the age of 7 years. No pains or cost has been spared under the new regulations to render the system of tuition efficient and to enhance the comfort of scholars. The course of instruction comprises all the usual branches of a thorough English education. Further details will be furnished by the programmes of the establishment.

d13 ANITA SMITH.

DR. P. BOURSE,

American Surgeon Dentist,
No. 101 CALLE ITUZAINGO,
Montevideo,

Would respectfully advise his friends and the public that he continues the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, with all the latest and most important improvements. A practice of nearly twenty years in this country enables him to understand the diseases of the teeth peculiar to this climate.

Surgical operations for the poor gratis.

o15 x.

LIFE ASSURANCE.

The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.

Established 1809.
Capital £2,000,000

The undersigned. Agents for this Company are now authorised to receive applications for *Life Assurance*, on the same terms as charged in the United Kingdom.

Prospectuses and all necessary information will be furnished on application

Bates Stokes & Co.
55—Maypu—55.

Fire Insurance Policies granted on almost every description of property at the "reduced tariff" rates.

j 29 m.

Grand Photographic Studio.

Pietro Rainoldi, painter and photographer, has opened his establishment of the fine arts, at 74 calle Belgrano.

Likenesses taken of any size and with natural colors. j x.

Camp,

To rent, for two or three months, superior Sheep Camp this side of San Pedro, and on the coast of the Parana.

Apply at 'Standard' Office.

20 p, f 17

English Celebrities.

D. Pedro Raynoldi offers cartes-de visite of the new judge, Sergeant Shee at $10 m/c. Other distinguished men will follow, in the new Anglo-Argentine collection. To be had at this office

Notice.

All parties indebted to the late firm James Bell and Co. are requested to call and settle their accounts with Mr. George Anderson, No. 55 Calle Defensa, who is duly authorised to collect and adjust all bills due the above-mentioned firm.

JAMES BELL & CO.
Buenos Aires March 1, 1864.

m 2, 1 m

October Brewings.

PALE ALE IN CASKS,
From
T. MURPHY and CO.,
Brewers,
CLONMEL.
R. J. CARLISLE and CO.,
108 Calle Piedad.

m 3 15p.

English and French Seminary

96—CALLE INDEPENDENCIA - 96.

The Public are respectfully informed that prospectuses of the above establishment are now ready, and can be obtained from Miss Stuart, at the above address.

N. B. The charge for young children is the same as at other schools.

1m. M2

For Antwerp direct.

PASSENGERS ONLY.

Will sail for the above mentioned port at the beginning of new week, the fine fast sailing clipper National Barque "*Ricadaria*"

600 Tons burthen, captain Norman. This vessel has very superior accommodations for a few 1st and 2nd class passengers to whom the Captain offers excellent treatment and a quick passage home.

For further particulars, please apply to the undersigned Chas. W. Benn and Co. Ship Brokers &c,

49—Calle 25 de Mayo 49.

4 p m 9.

Bills of Exchange on London,

For amounts as required,
Can be obtained from
HENRY N. HART,
33 CALLE SAN MARTIN,
(Next door to the 'Casa de Moneda.')

For Boston,

The A 1½ American clipper Barque
"KREMLIN,"
450 tons register,
Captain BURGESS.

Is now ready to receive cargo. and having more than half cargo engaged will have quick despatch.

Consignees, Messrs E. H. Folmar and Co.

For New York,

The first-class American ship
"ST. GEORGE,"
360 tons,
Captain CLEVELAND.

Is now receiving cargo, and having most of her cargo engaged, will have quick despatch.

Consignees, Messrs, E. H. Folmar and Co.

For New York,

The A 1½ English clipper barque
"CARLOTA,"
308 tons,
Captain WILKINS.

Is now ready to receive cargo, and having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will have quick despatch.

Consignees, Messrs. George Bell and Son.

For further particulars, apply to
A. H MINTURN, Ship Broker,
40—Calle de Cangallo—40.

Just Received,

Velvet Cloaks and Mantles,
Silks Cloaks and Mantles,
Plain, Colored and Black Cloth,
And Plaid Cloaks
For Ladies, Misses, and Children.

Also

Tartan, Cashmere, Merino and Lapland Shawls.
And a great variety of Novelties.

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,

61—Corrietes—61

f27, 1m p

Argentine Diligences

159 CALLE RIVADAVIA, 159.

Leaves for Pilar, Capilla del Senor, San Antonio de Areco, and Arrecifes on the 1st, 6th, 11th, 16th, and 24th of each Month.

Leaves Arrecifes for Buenos Ayres, passing by San Antonio de Areco, Capilla del Senor, and Pilar on the 4th 9th, 14th, 19th, 24th, and 29th of each Month.

Leaves the Argentine Hotel of Messrs. Dorrego and Monzeno, in the Capilla del Senor, passing by Pilar, on the 5th, 10th, 15th, 20th, 25th, and 30th of each Month.

Price of Passage and Luggage per Arr.

To Pilar	40 dols. ...	10 dols.
" Capilla del Senor ...	10	... 15
" San Antonio de Areco	120	... 20
" Arrecifes	200	... 25

Conductors and Owners,
PAUL and ROMULO DIAZ.

Important Notice.

For Sale, the Boot and Shoe Shop, No. 100 Calle Defensa. All persons having accounts with said Establishment will please call to settle them without delay.

Meantime selling off at reduced prices.

Buenos Ayres, March 4, 1864.
RICHARD GODSALL.

6 p, m 5

Sale by Auction

Of the British Pilot Boat "STELLA."

On Tuesday, the 15th inst., at 1 p.m., will be Sold, on the Paseo de Julio, by Public Auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the British Pilot Boat "Stella," of 71 tons burden, copper sheathed and fastened, built in the United States of the best live oak and pine. She is all ready for sailing.

She has a complete suit of sails, two anchors with iron stocks, two cables of 45 and 30 fathoms, two water tanks of 60 gallons, cabin furniture and utensils in good condition, and cook's galley, with utensils.

The vessel is anchored in front of the Mole. People interested may, by calling at the store of Don Luis Maclean, be taken on board to inspect her on the 14th inst., the day prior to the Sale.

To Passengers for Chile and the Pacific.

Having made considerable improvements in the posting service of the Republic the Empresa of the Mensagerias y Correos Nacionales offers the use of these diligences to the public promising to carry passengers from this capital to Santiago de Chile in 14 days, and treating the passengers in the best manner, as they have excellent carriages and conductors. For further particulars apply at the office, 127, Calle 25 de Mayo.

M 8 1 m.

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Universidad de SanAndrés

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE STANDARD

$30 PER MONTH.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Not exceeding six lines inserted three times for $5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

"Ausim ... falsi audeam nil veri non audeam dicere."—*Cicero.*

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9, 1861.

STEALING A MARCH.

The G. Southern railway inauguration was reported yesterday only in the 'Standard' but this is characteristic of our programme, for while politics engross all our colleagues' attention, we devote ourself to chronicle the arts of peace and triumphs of industry. The 'Tribuna' had three representatives at the function, but excuses itself in half-a-dozen lines; putting off the report for "to-morrow" on the plea that it was very late when the ceremony concluded. The 'Nacion Argentina' which, as President Lopez says, is the only sensible Porteño paper, gives a leading article, and brief account of the day. The 'Nacional,' Pueblo and 'Progrès' of Monday evening hardly mentioned the event.

When we consider the great elements and numerous hands at the disposal of some of these papers we cannot but conclude that it was laziness on their part which prevented their giving as full a report as our own. We will, however, permit them to copy *ad libitum* from our columns, hoping they will acknowledge the source.

To anyone not versed in the labor of such reports, it is impossible to give an idea of what they cost. The editor who attended in person had scarcely time to partake of the *dejeuner*, having to take notes rapidly during two hours of unremitting orations; then galloping into town at an hour when the following day's paper should be almost ready for press, he gave word to the foreman that *five co'umns* must be got up before midnight. Let his readers imagine the chase against time, writing out from scribbled notes (not knowing short hand) as fast as six compositors could set up type. From 4 till 11.30 p.m. head and hand toiled away at steam rate, and then the proofs took two hours to correct. At length by three o'clock a.m. we went to press. We know not what were Gibbon's feelings when he wrote the last sentence of his Decline of the Roman Empire, but as for ourself we experienced a fearful pain in the wrist, which almost prevented our writing anything to day.

We may be pardoned a little vanity for succeeding in producing within a few hours so heavy a report, and leaving all the other papers a day behind, but it affords us additional pleasure to be able to show our genuine and enthusiastic sympathies for the Great Southern Railway by sparing neither time, energies, nor expense, in its service.

The Directors are so content with our report that they have ordered 200 copies, and the Contractors 25. We have had to strike off 400 extra impressions, which makes a total, between Weekly and Daily editions, of 1600 copies most of which will find their way to Europe.

Wishing every speed and success to the enterprise, may we hope soon to be again assembled, to open the first section, and "doth not a meeting like this make amends?"

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The post-master-general of the Republic, Don Gervacio Posadas paid a graceful compliment to the G. Southern Railway, on Monday. Having called at our office to express his regret at not being able to attend, and his congratulations for the happy occasion, he declared that he would hoist the National ensign from the top of the Correo, and accordingly that institution held out its signal of rejoicing during the ceremony.

A Brazilian gun boat which arrived yesterday brought news from Montevideo. President Aguirre was getting on famously and promised to display great energy: popular feeling was decidedly in his favor. There was a grand reception of foreign ministers, and the usual compliments and congratulations were exchanged. The 'colorados' were much dejected, not having expected things would take so favorable a turn—for the friends of order.

We have to acknowledge the receipt of two very pretty coins from the skillful engraver, Signor Cataldi, struck in honour of the Inauguration. They are about the size of a gold dollar, and beautifully wrought, having on one side the allegorical head of the Republic, encircled with 14 stars (the number of provinces), and the inscription, 'Republica Argentina.' On the obverse, is a rising sun with a railway train in the foreground, and the legend 'Inauguracion del Ferro-carril.' We are informed these diminutive medals were distributed on Monday at the banquet, but we saw none, and were told the President was throwing money to the little boys.

Contrary to our custom we took the leisure of an hour's stroll, yesterday, through the city, and it was very gratifying to meet with smiles and congratulations on all sides for beating our colleagues in the Inauguration report. The Club pronounced us worthy of an oration: one said "he has beaten the 'Tribuna' at last," another declared "he is certainly indefatigable;" a third opined "they didn't sleep much in the 'Standard' office last night" Finally, the Chairman, Mr. Parish, sent us the following brief but expressive compliment: "I have just read your report, and I highly congratulate you on having succeeded so well in catching the sentiments expressed by the speakers."

The French packet leaves on Saturday, and our packet edition will be ready same morning. The 'Weekly' of Thursday will contain the Inauguration report. In future, we propose publishing the packet review the day before sailing.

We understand a photographer attended with his 'camera' at the Inauguration, to take views for the 'Illustrated London News,' so that in a couple of months we shall have the pleasure of seeing our great celebration reproduced in 380,000 pictorial copies.

Several gentlemen are complaining of a great hoarseness, the result, probably, of great cheering to the toasts of Her Gracious Majesty and General Mitre. Some few caught cold from dampness, but whether internal or external we cannot say.

We are glad to learn that the River Plate Magazine is getting on well Twenty new subscribers have been enrolled in Montevideo. If our English friends follow out the rule adopted with the 'Standard' in its infancy, to protect it on principle as a national publication, they may afterwards find it to become not only entertaining but of practical utility.

JUSTICE, EDUCATION AND RELIGION.

A few years hence and this enlightened Republic will perhaps not need a successor to Dr. Costa in the National Cabinet. In Europe, we are accustomed to regard Justice, Education and Worship as the bulwarks of society, without which a flood of demoralization would carry away every vestige of Christianity and real progress. But in B. Ayres we may judge of their rapid decay by the little attention they command either from the public or from Government, and the mythical character attached to the Minister's portfolio. Indeed if we remember rightly some of our colleagues have seriously proposed the suppression of this department of the administration: for one of our subjects presents the appearance of a well-dressed skeleton, another is in a very unhealthy state, and the third may be said to lie on a death-bed, its last moments being cheered by the devotion of a few black nurses. Here we have the terrible results of that social depravity which Rivadavia describes to have succeeded the era of Independence, and which has since grown to an alarming magnitude.

Ask any man, not a lawyer, in this city about our judicial system, and he will tell you it is a farce: not, however that our legislators are idle, or the necessary forms wanting in any particular. It is proverbial "there is plenty of law, but very little justice." So inverted is the order of things here, that getting drunk or galloping in the street is often attended with surer punishment than killing one's neighbor. Have we not seen an Irishman at Villa Mercedes sent to the other world by a policeman, for being intoxicated, and in the same district the fellow who murdered Kirby and Devere, after being tried and condemned to death, contrives to recover his liberty. And Angelito, after suffering confinement for six assassinations, is again loose, to follow his old trade, while Mr. Flower is kept a prisoner for having slain a gaucho, in self-defence. Law is of no value and Justice but a dead letter, where nine out of ten murderers escape, through the neglect or inefficiency of the authorities. Did not the Irishmen arrest Oscar, when the Juez and his partido failed to do so? Is not the murderer of Farrell still ranging about San Antonio and the northern camps? Where is the hero of Guardia Monte, who escaped by reason of his relationship at the baptismal font? What about the officer who shot the man for not getting off the side path? Or when will the alcalde and his gang be tried for firing at Burnengo? Yet we pay a round sum to maintain lawyers, judges, alcaldes &c. If a landed proprietor complain of trespass, or demand the arrest of some noted miscreant he will but lose his time: if his house be burnt down, he may expect as much remedy as if there were no Governor, no prime provincial minister, no police to be supported by his Contribucion Directa. It would be treason to say there is no Justice in B. Ayres for it has a kind of existence, but so terribly emaciated and powerless, amid all the pomp and paraphranalia of the courts, that we may describe it "a well dressed skeleton."

Education possesses a vitality and seeming robustness that induce many to believe it in a highly flourishing condition, but the experienced physician will not mistake dropsical symptoms for the bone, sinew and muscle of healthy development. We spend munificent sums on public schools, boast of a University and can shew more Doctors than any town of equal population. But our gauchos are behind the peasants of Paraguay, our school boys are more adept at billiards, smoking, and politics than at history or geography and not more than one tenth of our lawyers could graduate in an English University, while the majority of the people do not know how to spell correctly. There is no use in blinding ourselves to facts. Education in B. Ayres is superficial and in some schools History and Christian Doctrine are thrown overboard as useless.

It would be simply absurd to call this a Catholic country, and put it on a par with Ireland or England as regards sound religious sentiment. The parodies on the Crucifixion, Lord's Prayer, Creed, and everything most sacred to Christianity, which have formed the pictorial and literary curiosities of the B. Ayrean press, shew that either the Minister of Worship regards this part of his office a sinecure, or thinks infidelity too deep-rooted for him to interfere In effect we see the most infamous, immoral and subversive publications hailed with popular favor, the Bishop's injunctions laughed at, and honest men held up to scorn, for going to Mass on Sundays. There is a trace of Religion among the females and colored people who attend church processions, but most of the citizens regard sacred rites and ceremonies as antiquated notions unfit for the progress of the age. Strange that a nation so backward in Justice and Education should pretend to be foremost in spiritual enlightenment!

But there is room for hope. Argentines have a natural sense of Justice which prompts them to confess the present deplorable state of the Laws. They have a quick intelligence and desire to learn, which only require proper guidance. They have the traditional seeds of religious teaching from their Catholic forefathers, in endeavoring to avoid whose bigotry they have fallen into the other extreme.

It behoves, therefore, our Government to reform the Judicial system in camp and town, and to prevent the propagation of *Rationalist* doctrines so injurious to society and especially to youth. It behoves fathers of families to devote more vigilant attention to the literary and religious education of their children. Finally, it behoves the public at large to support, as far as in their power, the three pillars of social order, above-named, lest the whole fabric should suddenly fall about their ears and involve them in a well-merited destruction.

THE FOREIGN PRESS

An article in Monday's 'Nacional,' instead of flattering foreigners for the triumph of the day, fiercely attacks the foreign press, by declaring that we profess to support every Government, and yet violate our programme, by joining in the cry against Governor Saavedra.

Our colleague has to resort to bad faith and quibbles to charge us with inconsistency. Now, it is notorious, that by Government, we understand the chief authority in any country, not subaltern dignitaries. As there was a split between the National and Provincial administration, we, of course, sided with the former, as acting otherwise would be violating our programme; unless, indeed, we could, as our elastic colleague insinuates, please both parties. But we defy our assailant to show a single line of the 'Standard' offensive to Governor Saavedra: we belong to no party, and can afford to laugh at the *extravaganzas* of Crudos and Cocidos. We think Dr. Acosta the worst man that could hold the office of Minister, but if we recommend the Governor to make a change in his Cabinet, this is not vilifying a public authority

Perhaps the 'Nacional' will say we have no right to take the imputation to ourself, there being other foreign papers, but as the Standard is the oldest and most widely circulated, we feel bound to repel the attack on the foreign press as malicious and untrue.

EXTRACTS FROM FATHER MATHEW: A BIOGRAPHY.*

FATHER MATHEW AMONG THE GREAT.

During his stay in London, Father Mathew met the most distinguished men of the day, who had been invited to meet the great moral reformer. He created no small amusement to a large party at the hospitable mansion of an Irish nobleman by his attempts partly playful, but also partly serious to make a convert of Lord Brougham, who resisted, good humouredly but resolutely, the efforts of his dangerous neighbor. "I drink very little wine," said Lord Brougham; "only half a glass at luncheon, and two half glasses at dinner; and though my medical advisers told me I should increase the quantity, I refused to do so." "They are wrong, my lord, for advising you to increase the quantity, and you are wrong in taking the small quantity you do; but I have my hopes of you." And so after a pleasant resistance on the part of the learned lord, Father Mathew invested his lordship with the silver medal and ribbon, the insignia and collar of the new Order of the Bath. "Then I will keep it," said Lord Brougham, "and take it to the house, where I shall be sure to meet old Lord——the worse of liquor, and I will put it on him." The announcement of this intention was received with much laughter, for the noble lord referred to was notorious as a persistent worshipper of Bacchus. Lord Brougham was as good as his word; for on meeting the veteran peer who was so celebrated for his potations, he said—"Lord——, I have a present from Father Mathew to you," and passed the ribbon rapidly over his neck "Then I tell you what it is Brougham; by——! I will keep sober for this night," said his lordship, who kept his vow, to the great amazement of his friends. Father Mathew and the "great Duke"—the two most distinguished conquerors of the age, though in widely different fields of glory—met on one of these occasions. The duke was singularly gracious to his brother hero, for whose character and services he entertained well known respect. "I ought to claim your Grace as one of ours," said the priest to the soldier. "How can that be, Father Mathew? I am not a teetotaller, though I am a very moderate man," replied the Duke. "Oh, but you are a temperance man, your Grace; for if you had not so cool a head, you would not have been the illustrious Duke of Wellington," was the quick rejoinder.

"Father Mathew," said a gentleman one evening to the lion of the party, "you must have felt rather embarrassed in your visits to the north of Ireland: the people are so much colder than your warm-hearted countrymen of the south and so much prejudiced against your church" "Far from it," replied Father Mathew; "I felt quite at home amongst them from the first and they were most kind and hospitable. In Fermanagh I was nobly received and entertained in the mansion of Captain Archdall, one of the leading Orangemen of that county." Even if Father Mathew had any other story to tell, he would have remained silent, rather than say a word disparaging to the character and good feeling of his countrymen.

THE POPE'S REFUSAL TO MAKE FATHER MATHEW A BISHOP.

The Most Rev. Dr. Murphy, Catholic Bishop of Cork, one of the most learned prelates of his church, died on the 7th of April, 1847; and at the customary time—a month after—the parochial clergy of the diocese met for the purpose of nominating his successor. The result of the election—which was held in Cork in the month of May—was, that Father Mathew was placed highest on the list. Father Mathew himself looked with much confidence to his receiving the briefs from Rome in due course. In the general of his order in Rome, he knew he had an influential supporter; and an extract from a letter he received from a distinguished townsman and attached friend, the Rev. Francis Mahony, better known to the world of literature as the witty and erudite Father "Prout," will show how strong was the interest which the venerable Cardinal Micara felt in his career. The letter was written from London, on the 20th of May, 1847:—

I left Rome as above stated, but had previously ordered a bust of the Irish Capuchin, robed in the cowl and habit of his order, to be executed by Hogan; and although Cardinal Micara was held up in bed with the gout when the present arrived in the Barberini Convent, I had the satisfaction in calling next day to find it placed conspicuously in his room, with the inscription as follows:—

Patre Theobaldo Mathew,
O dim Capuc [illegible] ; temperantiae
in Hibern [illegible]
Propugnatori.

The Cardinal several times mentioned to me his displeasure 'that you had never visited Rome,' which I fully explained by the nature of your labours, and the impossibility of interrupting them, save at the sacrifice of so many lives that depended upon your incessant toils. I mentioned that I hoped to induce you to visit him next October, after the harvest

When the donor of the bust next visited the Cardinal, the latter asked —"Where is the beard of the Capuchin?" "Beards are not worn in Ireland, your Eminence," replied Mr Mahony "Then is Father Mathew, the Capuchin, ashamed of his order?" demanded the cardinal, whose silver beard fell low on his breast The bust was taken back to the Irish sculptor, and when it re appeared in the state-room of the cardinal, it was enriched with a beard at once orthodox and picturesque. The decision of Rome was adverse to Father Mathew, and was also undoubtedly opposed to the wishes of the Catholic community, not only of the city of Cork, but of the country generally.

FATHER MATHEW IN AMERICA.

The Apostle of Temperance now, in 1849, thought it time to fulfil his long-standing engagement to visit America, to which country his thoughts had of late constantly been directed. Father Mathew had received an invitation to visit Georgia through Governor, or Judge, Lumpkin, president of the Temperance Society of that state; which invitation he had gratefully accepted. Though Father Mathew was received with the greatest kindness by slave owners, and though slavery did not present itself to his view in abhorrent colours, he still maintained the same aversion to it as an institution which he had ever expressed. He was one day in an omnibus in New York, and as the vehicle was dashing along through a crowded thoroughfare, it knocked down and rolled over a coloured man. To Father Mathew the African was really a man and a brother, and he got out of the vehicle and assisted to raise the poor fellow from the ground. "Lift him in," said the Samaritan, "and we can take him to the nearest doctor." "No, no," said the passengers—among whom, perchance, there might have been an abolitionist—"we can't travel with coloured people." The rejection of the insensible and wounded fellow-creature from that carriage was a lesson which Father Mathew learned in the Broadway of New York, and which he held in his recollection so long as he remained in the United States.

* Father Mathew: a biography. By John Francis Maguire, M.P., author of "Rome: its Ruler and its Institutions"—London: Longman, Green, Longman, Roberts, and Green.

MONTEVIDEO.

The new Government has offered a pardon to all persons who leave Flores' army, and present themselves to Government.

A permanent council of war is to sit in Montevideo, to try all offenders against the decree of 21st August last. By this it would appear that Government intends punishing severely all who in any way favor the plans of the enemy.

Paysandu is said to be now better fortified than it was previously. Col. Olid, although so severely wounded, is recovering; he is at present near the frontier, having charge of 40 infantry and 20 cavalry, and is expected soon to be on active service. Salto is now garrisoned, having upwards of 600 men, so that should Flores make an attack on it, he is likely to catch a Tartar. By last accounts Caraballo had been seen in the neighbourhood of Paysandu, and it was supposed that Flores was passing to the north.

The military authorities had received notice that an Italian called Azzareto, had agreed for 250 ounces to take the steamer Villa del Salto, and as he arrived in Concordia at the same time as the information, every precaution had been taken on board. The filibusters were picking up horses on some of the estancias.

On March 2nd the General-in-Chief writes to the Minister of War:—The day before yesterday Flores' forces were in the Cerros de Berdun near to Minas, and our army was in pursuit of them, at no great distance, as the vanguard had reached the estancia of Piñeyona.

MILITARY PURSUIT.

We heard a party of "gringos" on the Mole, last night, discussing the news from Montevideo. One of the party, a countryman of Washington and Butler, was particularly severe upon South American tactics.

"It seems that the military troops are in pursuit of Flores. Wall, their pursuit reminds me of a wolf-dog we had in Wisconsin. A report spread in the village that a pack of wolves were coming down on us, and nothing would please the folks but that my father should lend them Bronti to go after the wolves. Bronti was loaned, and off he went, and was gone for two days, when my father got scared about his dog, and went in search of him. Three days he spent in tracking them painters, and then he met a man and he accosted him with 'Hello! du tell, hev yew seen my dog?' 'Yes, siree.' 'Whar was he—after them darned skunks?' 'No, siree; your dog was a mile, a mile and a half, or two miles a head of the varmints, and they were tailing it after him.' I guess them Blanco bhoys are like our Bronti."

Upon the whole not a flattering view to be taken of the state of Montevidean affairs.

STEAM FLEET.

On the 15th inst., the 'Era' will make her trial trip: she is the last of the vessels built at Barracas.

We are glad to see industry going so much ahead. In future times, the Pueblo of Barracas may be the Argentine Birmingham, or Pittsburgh. She has taken the start of other ports in the steamer-building, and in a short time—at least, auguring from the operations of Monday last—she will be a very ant-hill of busy navvies.

If the present inhabitants find English the most 'gringo' of languages, how they will stare when they see a new nation springing up amongst them talking the broadest Lancashire or Galway, to which English is but the alphabet, in point of clearness. Men who think nothing of using pickaxes and spades as though they were children's toys and whose appetites are likely to cause a famine in the land.

Three cheers, then, for the steam navies and flesh and-blood navvies of Barracas.

NATIONAL EDUCATION IN IRELAND.

The Census of 1861 has done more to set at rest all discussion on the subject of the Church Establishment in Ireland than the scathing denunciations of Grey, Melbourne, Russell, Morpeth Sydney, Smyth and Macauly. Analysis of the Parochial Returns shows that of the 2,428 legal parishes, into which Ireland was divided in 1861.

199, or 8 per cent., contained no Anglican Protestant.

575, or 23	,,	1 to 20 Protest.	
416, or 17	,,	20 to 50	,,
349, or 14	,,	50 to 100	,,
270, or 11	,,	100 to 200	,,
309, or 12	,,	200 to 500	,,
141, or 5.3	,,	500 to 1000	,,
105, or 4.1	,,	1000 to 2000	,,
53, or 2.2	,,	2000 to 5000	,,
[illegible], or 0 3	,,	5000 to 10,000	,,
2, or 0.1	,,	20,000 to 30,000	,,

It appears herefrom that in the year 1861 there was one in twelve of the parishes in Ireland to which Protestantism was as foreign, save in the rent-charge that it imposes, as Buddhism. No Parson, no clerk, no schoolmaster, no stray policeman or coastguard, no workhouse waif—199 parishes are, after close upon 300 years of missionary labour, unable to record one Protestant soul within their bounds. Thirty-three per cent., 774 parishes, have either no Protestant, or the number ranges from 1 to 20, whilst 1,181, or 49 per cent. of the parishes, contain 50 Protestants, or under. At the more opulent end of the scale, we find only 169 parishes, containing 1,000 or more Anglicans, whilst only 310 parishes contain 500 or upwards. Here is the value given for a present Church revenue of £580,419 per annum! This monstrous anomaly has its least despotism in its direct fiscal impost and religious offensiveness. It is upon the tolerated existence of the church Establishment that Trinity College, the Royal and the Endowed Schools are founded, and it is upon the supposed general mixture of Creeds throughout Ireland that the Queen's Colleges, Model Schools, and National Schools are based. Every Catholic school in the 199 parishes which have no Protestant inhabitant must, in order to entitle it to a grant from the National Board, so that sound or sign may not be heard or seen in one of them that might prevent the *imaginary* Protestant youth of these parishes from attending there for instruction. It is only by examination of this kind of the religious distribution of the population that the wild Utopian scheme of *mixed* education can either be understood or exposed.—*London Weekly Register.*

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The Buckinghamshire election terminated, as we anticipated, by an overwhelming majority for the Conservative candidate, Mr. Harvey, of Langley Park. This is a Conservative gain, the late member, now Lord Chesham, having been a strong Whig The three members for Bucks belong now to the Conservative party, and if that party were not divided among themselves, there would be nothing to prevent their turning out the present Government, and forcing themselves into office at the meeting of Parliament. In the memorable party division in June 1859, of the 656 members composing the House of Commons, 633 (excluding the Speaker) took part; the numbers being 323 Liberals, and 310 Conservatives. Since then the Liberals have lost 27 seats and gained 11, whilst the Tories have lost 11 and gained 27, giving the conservatives a majority of 19, instead of the minority of 13 in which they figured three and a half years ago; the 22 who took no part on that occasion being equally divided between the two parties. What an opportunity for our Irish friends to enforce good measures for their country, and justice for the Catholics of the Empire, if they would only co-operate cordially with each other, and act energetically in the assertion of right principles and fair play!—*London W. Register.*

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Universidad de SanAndrés

The American Minister's Speech.

Our report of yesterday being hurried, and having some inaccuracies, we report it in full as follows:—

As the sun is to the day, diffusing light and warmth to make all nature glad, so is the presence of woman necessary to reflect happiness on man's path, and stimulate him to honourable ambition. It will not be expected of me, on this occasion, to make a long speech, for I can plainly see the motto is, 'short speeches and long drinks.' This is a glorious day for the Argentine Republic: science is yet in its infancy, and even now this country is beginning to feel the warm impulse of its great heart. When Guttenburg and Faust first invented the art of putting thoughts on paper (the greatest invention of the world), they thought not the time would come when the newspaper would be printed by the agency of steam, at the rate of fifteen thousand an hour. When the Marquis of Worcester sat in his lonely cell in the tower, watching the tea-kettle, and then conceiving the power of steam, he thought not of the revolution this mighty giant was destined to make in the world. It remained for the inventive genius of Watt, Stephenson, and Fulton, to make the application of this power. Now this mighty agency dives down into the earth, and throws up its hidden wealth, and then, with its hot breath, melts the ore, and hammers it out into massy railroad cars, or will draw it out into a tissue as fine as the girdle which surrounds the ladies' delicate waists. Yes, lady, the beautiful flower in the ribbon with which your bonnet is trimmed, has been wrought by its agency. The delicate fabric of the dress you wear has been formed by this power. Dr. Lardner has said that two ounces of coal will evaporise one pint of water, and thereby generate 216 gallons of steam, which will exist in mechanical force sufficient to raise 37 tons one foot high. He also says a pound of coke, burned in a locomotive engine, will evaporate five pints of water, and in their evaporation they will exert a mechanical force sufficient to draw two tons weight on the railway one mile in two minutes. When Franklin was playing with the lightning of the thunder-cloud, through the medium of his kite, he thought not the time would come when it would be made man's messenger from one nation to another. The citizen of S. Francisco can now hold a communication with his friends in New York city, and only consume a few hours. And before many months will have elapsed, living thought will be hurrying under the stormy waves of the Atlantic, with the celerity of light, to our cousins in England. And now let me make a prediction, and the beauty of my prophecy is, none of you will live to see it contradicted, and call me a false prophet. It is, that in my opinion the time will come, when the power of electricity, which now holds such a world of mystery within itself will supplant steam, and be used to propel the steamer and the locomotive. This, Dr. Costa, will be a great discovery for South America, where fuel is so scarce. But I must not weary you with a list of the triumphs of the age: I feel happy to find so many brethren of all countries around me; and as for the ladies, I say, 'God bless them.'

LOCAL EVENTS.

Wanted a Professor of Geography.—Some good folks in this world still, in the 19th century, hold to the idea of our forefathers, that it is impossible to complete a gentleman's education, without his making the grand tour. Immense sums of money were spent on young men's travelling on the Continent of Europe, and in the majority of cases the pupils returned home in as blessed a state of ignorance as when they left their paternal hearths. It is true that they did astonish their juvenile friends with knowing remarks about the coulisses of the Paris theatres, the stunning grisettes in the Quartier Latin of that same city, and the minute accounts of the infallible martingale invented by Madame Cruche-Cassee, to break the Bank at Homburgh; but for any useful information they might have received, they might as well have sat in the heated atmosphere of the small House of Westminster, and listened to the heaven-born legislators talking of marching troops to Barbadoes, or, as was done at a later period, heard the Minister at War speaking of Cronstadt being on the mainland. One of our worthy colleagues has made the grand tour, and since his return to his native soil, he has been—excuse the phrase in connection with such an illustrious person,—being playing Jessie with geography. He is now suffering from Erin phobia, and has got an idea into his head—and a wooden one too—that Dublin is the capital of the world! At one time he allocates that city to the miserable empire of Great Britain; at another to Poland. His last attempt at enlightening the world is—"We read in a Copiapó newspaper that Mr. So-and-so departs in a few days for the North Pole," &c.

We are always willing to confess our manifold faults and shortcomings, and we candidly allow that we are astonished at a fleet of investigators start in from Copiapó. Is not this a mistake for Moscow?

Apply to H. V——, T——a.

Exports.—On the 7th inst. four vessels cleared out for foreign ports with 941 bales wool, 121 sheepskins, 41 casks and 104 bales tallow, 25 casks soda, 4250 qq jerked beef, and 15 horse hides.

Liberty of Opinion.—The interim Juez de Paz, Barracas al Sud, D. Gubino Echaburo, has been wielding his brief authority with that force peculiar to men suddenly raised to small power. A young man, named Pedro Rosas, has been placed by him in the stocks for the awful crime of canvassing for the opposite party. We sincerely hope that the misguided young man Rosas will meet with his just deserts; for, if these things are allowed to go on, wherein lie the honor and profit of being elected Juez? A fellow might just as well be a common citizen, as a Juez, if he be not allowed to have the credit of seeing further into a milestone than he who picked the hole. The long and the short of the matter is, if once common individuals begin to hold opinion and think for themselves, there'll be the devil to pay, and no pitch hot. Mr. Echabura, in our opinion, cannot be taken too much notice of by the Government—nothing is too good for him and rather than put him to any little inconvenience by distracting his mind from the things of the state by obliging him to look after his servants, house, and private concerns, let the authorities give him free quarters and the gratuitous loan of a valet (tied on to a sword) in the White House of the Plaza Victoria.

Chascomus.—The inhabitants of this place and surrounding country, feel much regret at the departure of Dr. Finck from amongst them. During a period of seven years he has endeared himself to the community, native as well as foreign. Ever ready, at the call of the suffering, and possessing a refinement and urbanity of manner, and high skill in his profession, he won the approbation and esteem of the people. Being about to leave for 'home,' a few of his more intimate friends resolved to entertain him at dinner, to testify their esteem and appreciation of his valuable services. A few days, afterwards, however, he was visited with domestic afflictions, in the death of his youngest child, and his friends had to forego the pleasure of meeting in a festive manner for the melancholy duty of sympathising with him in his bereavement. We understand that Dr. Finck, with his family, leaves by the French mail packet, and it is needless to assert that he carries with him the warmest wishes of all for his future welfare.

Paper Money.—The Directory of the Entre Riano Bank has obtained from the Government leave for their 'billetes' to be received in the public offices for their nominal value.

Public Lands.—The Legislative Chamber of E. Rios is still discussing the law about to be brought in relative to this question.

Maritime Intelligence.—The pilot-boat, General Garibaldi, arrived on the 4th inst. at Montevideo, from Maldonado, with part of the cargo saved from the British brig Princess Louisa, wrecked on Lobos Island, on her passage from London to Buenos Ayres. The next steamer expected from Montevideo is the Brazil man-of-war Araguahy, which was advertised to leave that port for this on Monday, in the afternoon. H.B.M. gunboat entered Montevideo on the 3rd inst.; she had been sent to assist an English vessel reported to be ashore at Lobos Island. This vessel turns out to be the Princess Louisa, from London to Buenos Ayres, with a general cargo of coal, powder, and iron railway materials. The Princess Louisa is a total wreck, but the crew were saved—(T. M.)

Ex-President Berro.—Besides the political prisoners whom we have already mentioned, as being set at liberty by Berro, there are three criminals condemned to death, who have also received a commutation of their sentence from the same hand.

Fray Bentos.—The steamer Villa del Salto arrived at that port the other day, and a body of men who were on board of her landed suddenly and surprised Comandante Varas, taking him prisoner. This gentleman was in command of the troops of Flores, and it was only through the intercession of his son-in-law that he escaped having his throat cut.

The French English Debt.—Baron Maua and Co. advertise that the transfers of the vouchers for this debt will be closed from 16th to 31st inst. Also that holders of vouchers, who have not made the transfers of the second year, must do so before the 15th inst.

Internal Debt.—Those who wish to take advantage of the transfer from Foreign Bonds to Public National Bonds, can deposit them in the Bank of Messrs. Maua and Co., up to the 14th inst.

Confession is good for the soul.—There is, in spite of the bad character the people of this country have, in Europe, for using the knife on petty occasions a degree of infantile innocence not to say verdure, about some of their proceedings. They have that idiosyncrasy which, in the French, causes cold blooded, phlegmatic, Englishmen much astonishment. This daily life is so much out of doors that even washing their soiled linen is done in public, and family disagreements are only to be remedied by an appeal to the public. How paterfamilias would stare were he to see in his copy of the 'Times' an advertisement such as we read:—"To the intelligent public—I declare, for the satisfaction of Don J—— J——, that if at any time I have offended his wife by word of mouth, I have only done so when angry, and that there is not a word of truth in what I said to that respected and respectable lady. For his satisfaction I make this declaration.—*Arthur Robinson.*'

Although the above would display a Christian disposition (with, perhaps, a dread of a horsewhip or a boot toe), yet the majority of English would vote it 'spooney.' The fact of the matter is, we are not good hands at an apology. Foreigners have made themselves merry at English 'spleen;' whereas, instead of spleen being the mainspring of our actions, it is a natural reticence on subjects that only concern ourselves. We do not care to advise Dick, Tom and Harry, and their wives and children, by means of the public newspapers, that we have called Bill's wife a drab, and that we did so when we were angry, and that instead of Mrs. Bill being a drab she is fit to adorn any station in life. Apologies are not our forte. We can all recollect the apology of an actor to that first gentleman in Europe, who in trying to apologise gracefully, but at the same time make it as short as possible, stuttered out, 'It is said I called your Royal Highness a brute, a fool, and a liar—it is true, and I am sorry for it.' The counterpart of the supposed advertisement is to be found in one of the native newspapers of yesterday.

Donation.—The Municipality of Villa Luxan has given as a donation whatever land is requisite for the station and offices of the Western Railway. Such acts merit public praise. We want some men here to imitate Mr. Guinness of Dublin.

Salto.—The 'Defensor de las Leyes' says that the trade of Salto is almost totally ruined. Flores' agents have, on the frontiers, stopped 40 carts, laden with produce, and will not allow them to pass without their paying at least 30 per cent. of the duties in cash. Part of these carts belong to foreigners, and foreigners who have been favouring Flores, but he does not make one bit of difference between friend and foe.

List of the soldiers killed by the Indians at Villa mance.—Captain Eliseo Marquez; Lieutenant Francisco Morales; Sergeants Fernando Pereira, Soilo Decima; Corporals Marcos Lopez, Manuel Ullasantes, Carlos Suares, Alejandro Diaz, Carmen Viscarra; Privates Manuel Barrassa, Hilario Varela, Reimundo Pachami, Daniel Caravajal, Isidro Fiyol, Manuel Samboray, Isidoro Alvarez, Maartiniano Baldes, Robustiano Figueros, Antonia Herrera, Tomas Sisternas, Juan Rivera, Bernabe Jaime, Antonio Cunina, Fructuoso Balmacedo.—*Nacional.*

Ounces closed at 476 ! ! !

THE BOLSA

March 8, 1864.

Total sales, 202,6[illegible]9 patacones.

Opening price	29 7[illegible]	
Following prices	2[illegible] 70	
Saturday, March 12	29 70	29 75
Sundry	29 65	29 70
Closing price	2[illegible] 7[illegible]	

PRODUCE SALES.

500 dry cow hides	$132
700 do do	130
120 do do	128
160 horse hides, lump	31
500 arr wool, mestiza,	75
600 do do mixed	68
700 do do do	63
800 do do do	60
1[illegible]0 dozen sheepskins	160
60 do do	90
220 boxes mares' grease, without re-embarkation	49
2400 hides, Corrientes	41 s rls
[illegible]00 ar. hair, do.	31
500 lb. nutria skins, do	3
20,00[illegible] horns, do	$500
11,000 do, Entre Rio	500

Inauguration Report.

Any persons wanting extra copies will please let us know to-day.

Young Ladies' Seminary,
CALLE ESMERALDA 324,

Directed by Misses Luisa and Malvina Quade. In this establishment are taught Spanish, English, French, and German, Music, all kinds of sewing and embroidery, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, &c., &c. m 9, 3 p

Auction,

On Wednesday 9th inst., at eleven o'clock a.m., of a parcel of Books from German authors, to the highest bidder, being for account of the estate of the late Mr. Carlos Haentre, beadle of the University of this city.
m 9, 1 p

Book-keeper or Correspondent

A German, 29 years of age, is in want of employment in an office as Book keeper or Correspondent; speaks and writes the English, German, and Scandinavian languages fluently, and has a good knowledge of French, Spanish, and Italian; has had eight years' experience in England. Address X, Standard office. m 9, 3 p

Wanted.

A good Nurse-maid, and also a Woman Cook. Good wages are given. Apply at the quinta of Mr. Kappenback en Cinco Esquinas (en los altos).
m 9, 3 p

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT
25 & 27 CALLE DEFENSA 25 & 27
ALEX FULTON & CO.

Just received and now ready for inspection, a fresh assortment of Woollen Goods, consisting of the following:—

Tartan Shawls of different Clans, Ladies' Opera Hoods, Ladies' Opera Caps, Ladies' Sleeves, Ladies' Vests, Garibaldi Jackets, Scarfs, Minivers, Shawls, Boas, Boots, Polkas, Blankets, Flannels, Serge, and Hose.

Gents' Ties, Dundreary Scarfs and others, Chinese Silk Handkerchiefs, Crimean Shirts, Pea Jackets, Shetland Hosiery.

Always in stock the best qualities of Calicoes.
m 9, 15 p

Books—Books—Books.

Haverty's History of Ireland, and the Abridged Edition of same.
Keating's do do.
Carlton's Willy Reilly. Enquire Within.
Scottish Chiefs, large edition.
The Black Baronet. Redmond O'Hanlon.
Ballad Poetry and Songs and Ballads of Ireland.
All the Christian Brothers' Readers. Grammar, Arithmetic, First and Second Geography, and Modern do.
A new lot of well-bound Catholic Prayer Books including Mission Book, Garden of the Soul, Lamp of Soul, Ursuline Manual, Key of Heaven, Catholic Piety, Path to Paradise, Imitation of Christ, Daily Exercises, Missals, &c.
Dalgairn's Holy Communion, Liguori's Sermons.
Imray's, Graham's, and W[illegible]'s Domestic Medicine.
A large variety of new Song Books and Cookery Books, and a fresh supply of the latest and best Novels.
Youatt, Morrell, and other authors on Management of Sheep, Cattle and Horses.
Dr. Lingard's History of England. Miss Strickland's Queens of Scotland.
Sheil's, Plunket's, and O'Connell's Speeches.
Doctor Cahill's Letters and Speeches.
Lover's Lyrics of Ireland.
Above on sale at
G. & H. MACKERN'S,
English Stationers and Booksellers,
21 CALLE SAN MARTIN.
(Opposite the Cathedral.)

THE SUFFERER'S BEST FRIEND.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

ALL DISORDERS AFFECTING THE LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS.

[illegible]

WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY, NERVOUS IRRITABILITY

[illegible]

OLD COUGHS, COLDS, AND ASTHMATICAL AFFECTIONS.

[illegible]

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:

Ague, Asthma, Bilious Complaints, Blotches on the Skin, Bowel Complaints, Colics, Constipation of the Bowels, Consumption, Debility, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas [illegible]

Sold at the Establishment of [illegible] 244, Strand [illegible]

[illegible]

RICHARD GARRETT & SON
LEISTON WORKS,
SUFFOLK ENGLAND,

Beg to inform their friends in the [illegible] that they are in a position to supply their [illegible]

COLONIAL HORSE-POWER THRASHING MACHINES,
CORN DRESSING MACHINES.
CHAFF CUTTERS.
ALSO
PORTABLE & TRACTION STEAM ENGINES.
STEAM PLOUGHS AND CULTIVATORS.
COMBINED THRASHING AND DRESSING MACHINES.
And all kinds of Agricultural Machinery for [illegible] Horse or Water Power.
Letters and Enquiries promptly answered and attended to.

RICHARD GARRETT & SONS,
LEISTON WORKS, SUFFOLK, ENGLAND.
Catalogues can be had on application to the Publisher of this Paper.

The Lancashire Insurance Company.

The Directors of the Lancashire Insurance Company have appointed Messrs. R and J. Carlisle and Co Agents for the Company at Buenos Ayres.

By order,
GEORGE STEWART,
General Manager.

Manchester, August, 1863.

The Lancashire Insurance Company.
Capital—£2,000,000.

DIRECTORS IN MANCHESTER.
John Todd, Esq., Chairman.
W. H. Bradley, Esq. — J. Schofield Mason, Esq.
[illegible]

DIRECTORS IN LIVERPOOL.
C. Holland, Esq., Chairman.
[illegible]

[illegible]

Insurances effected on Buildings and their contents at Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and Rosario, on terms as moderate as those of any responsible office.

Prospectuses and further information may be obtained from

R. & J. CARLISLE & CO.
Agents at Buenos Ayres.
CALLE PIEDAD, No. 108.
f 19, 1 m

Visiting Governess.

A Lady who gives lessons in English, French, Italian, Music, Drawing, Needle-work, &c., &c., seeks tuitions in English or Spanish families. Address 'Governess,' at this office. f 25 1m.

Public Notice.

The undersigned respectfully requests all parties indebted to him to call and pay their accounts without delay, either at his house or Mr. Twyford's store, 102 Calle Piedad, who is duly authorised to collect same.

JAMES HASTINGS,
466 Calle Parque.
f 6, x

Sewing Machines.

A large and varied assortment on hand. Warranted to work well. They are all of the latest and most improved inventions, and of different prices.

JOHN SHAW,
f 19 — 204 Calle Venezuela.

Wanted

A good Waiter, who can speak English. Apply Calle Piedad 96, British Hotel.
m 8, 3 p

Wanted,

A Girl of 12 or 13 years of age to mind a Child of 1½ to 2 years old, in a small family.
Apply at 275 Rivadavia.
3 p, m 8

Notice.

JACOB FOSTER,
Saddler and Harness maker,
Has removed his shop from No. 270 to 238 Calle Defensa. m 8, 3 p

Argentine Diligences.

93—CALLE DE RIVADAVIA—93

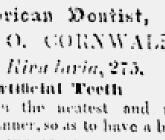
The undersigned advise the Public that they have removed their Office from Calle Rivadavia, No. 18[illegible], to No. [illegible]8 of the same street, alongside of the [illegible].

The days of starting are as follows:—

For Villa de Lujan, Giles, Fuerte de Areco, Salto, Rojas, Junin, and Pergamino: On the [illegible], 10th, 15th, 20th, 25th, and 30th of each month.

For Capilla del Señor, San Antonio de Areco, and [illegible] on the 1st, 6th, 11th, 15th, 21st, and 26th of each month.

Buenos Ayres, 8th March, 1864.
PABLO Y ROMULO DIAZ.
A. M. RANCURIS.
LUIS CAMPANILLAS.
15 p, m 8



American Dentist,
DR. N. O. CORNWALL,
Calle Rivadavia, 275.
Artificial Teeth

Inserted in the neatest and most approved manner, so as to have a beautiful life-like appearance, cause no irritation in the mouth, and serve all the uses of the natural organs.

Toothache promptly relieved and radically cured.

Teeth filled with gold or metallic cements, so as to last for years or for life. Tartar cleaned off teeth, and roots extracted, and all operations performed with the least possible pain.

Deposit of Jarabe Pagliano.

Professor Don Girolamo Pagliano has opened a Store in Calle Cuyo, No. 181, under the firm of José Scavino, for the sale of the above Syrup. All Syrups going from the above Establishment bear the seal and the private mark of the Agent.

Any Person, either from the Camp or Provinces, wishing this Syrup, will have it remitted to him on receipt of Three and a Half Silver Reales, or their equivalent in current money, per Flask. Less than 100 Flasks will not be sent to the Provinces. Expenses of carriage will be deducted from the sum remitted, when the freight has to be paid beforehand.
8 p, m 8

Auction Sale.
BY
MARIANO BILLINGHURST,
At his house, Potosi, No 70,

Of 500 tons (more or less) Anthracite Coals, now deposited at the port of Rosario, near the wharf, in the Corralon of Señor Castellanos.

By order and special authorization of H. R. Helper, Esq., United States Consul.

On Tuesday the 15th March next, at 11 o'clock a.m. precisely, will be sold to the highest bidder and for cash, just as it lies deposited in the Corralon of Sr. D. Aaron Castellanos, in Rosario, Five hundred tons (more or less) Anthracite Coals, belonging to the United States, under terms and conditions to be established at the moment of the sale.
[illegible]

REMATE.

POR OLAYO BLANCO.
De una casa calle St. Fe No. 114.

El Miercoles 9 del corriente á las 12 en punto, se ha de vender á la mejor postura la bonita casa arriba vindicada, edificada á la moderna en terreno de 9 varas de frente por 28 de fondo, con 6 piesas empapeladas, pisos de tabla, algibe, patios enbaldosados y demas oficinas.

Esta casa queda a una y media cuadra de la Plaza del Retiro y promete un interes mas que el 3¼ por ciento por mas pormenores ocurran al rematador calle Chacabuco 139.
m 6 3 p.

For Boston or New York.

The Clipper First-class British Barque
KATHERINE MAUDE.
Of 3[illegible]8 tons register, Captain Daniel Anderson,

Will sail, without fail, on the 5th April, 1864, for either one or the other port, according to the freight engaged, and has still room for cargo.

Apply to the Consignees,
ZIMMERMANN, FAIR, & CO.
Calle Bolivar, No 7.
5 p m 1

Buenos Ayres British Clerks' Provident Association.

NOTICE.

The Half Yearly General Meeting of this Association will be held at the British Library on Tuesday Evening next, the 8th March current.

Chair to be taken at 7.30 p.m.

As matters affecting the future wellbeing of the Association will be brought before the meeting, the Committee urgently requests the attendance of all shareholders.

By Order.

Port and Sherry.

Agents for Feuerheerd and Co., Oporto, and Ponce de Leon, Cadiz,
Moore, [illegible], & [illegible],
Peru, No 83.

The largest
freshest and
best assorted stock
of Groceries,
Drapery and
Ironmongery
will be found at
The Hibernian House,
64, 66 & 68 CALLE PIEDAD

Tetley's Bitter Ale.

Just received, fine Draught Ales XX October Brew), in Barrels and Kilderkins.
On Sale, at CALLE POTOSI, No. 58.
M. F18.

To Let.

A comfortable furnished room in a private house with stabling if required. Apply 466 calle Parque.
3 p m 6.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

Erin-go-bragh.

Those Irishmen anxious to celebrate the festival of our great Apostle, by a public Dinner, are invited to meet at the office of this paper on Thursday 10th inst at 8 p. m.

The gentlemen who assisted at last year's dinner are specially requested to attend.

The Editors of the Standard.

To Let,

A commodious Deposit No. 93 Calle Defensa.

Inquire at Barry and Walker's, No. 97 Calle Defensa, corner of Moreno.
2 mo, m 3

STEAMBOAT AGENCY
AND GENERAL COMMISSION
WM. M. ??TT and CO.
30 CANGALLO 30

FOR PAYSANDU
Calling at Nueva Palmira, Fray Bentos and Concepcion, the National Steamer
SALTO
Captain F. Fidanza,
Leaves every Tuesday and Saturday at 10 a.m., and returns every Monday and Friday.

FOR CONCORDIA & SALTO,
The National Steamer
CONCORDIA.
Leaves Paysandu every Wednesday and Sunday after the arrival of the 'Salto,' being in combination with this Steamer.

FOR ROSARIO
Calling at Zárate, Baradero, San Pedro Obligado, Las Hermanas, and San Nicolas Voyage by the Paraná de las Palmas, taking Cargo and Passengers, the National Steamer
PAVON,
Captain Price.
Leaves every Thursday and Sunday at 12 Noon, and returns every Wednesday and Saturday.

FOR GUALEGUAY,
The National Steamer
LOLORCITAS,
Captain D. Linklater,
Leaves the "Boca de las Nueva Vueltas" every Friday after the arrival of the Pavon, and returns each Tuesday, by which the Passengers leave here every Thursday and return every Wednesday.

FOR THE PARANA,
Santa Fe, and intermediate Ports, the Mail Steamer
ESPIGADOR,
Leaves Rosario each Friday, two hours after arrival of the Pavon and returns every Tuesday in time to hand over Passengers' luggage to the Pavon, which leaves for Buenos Ayres.

FOR CORRIENTES
Calling at Paraná, La Paz, Casilla de la Esquina, Casilla de Goya, Bella Vista and Empedrado, the British Steamer
ESMERALDA,
Leaves Rosario in combination with the Pavon, on Tuesday, January 19, and returns on Friday, January 29.

FARES:

To Montevideo (cabin)	8	patacones
Zarate do	4	"
San Pedro do	8	"
Obligado do	10	"
San Nicolas do	12	"
Rosario do	16	"
San Lorenzo do	18	"
Diamante do	20	"
Santa Fé do } Paraná do	24	"
La Paz do	32	"
La Esquina do	36	"
Goya do	40	"
Bella Vista do	44	"
Empedrado do	48	"
Corrientes do	52	"
Gualeguaychú	11	"
Concepcion	13	"
Concordia	17	"

Deck Half-price.

FREIGHTS:

To Montevideo, per ton	4	dollars
Rosario	6	"
San Nicolas	6	"
Parana } La Paz } Bella Vista } La Esquina } Goya	10	"
Corrientes	12	"
The Uruguay Ports	10	"

FOR CUYABA,
Calling at San Nicolas, Rosario, Paraná, Corrientes, Asuncion, and other Brazilian ports, the Brazilian Steamer
MARQUES DE OLINDA
Captain Thipolito de S. Betincourt,
Leaves on the 4th February.
FARES:

San Nicolas	16 pats.
Rosario	20
Parana	28
Corrientes	60
Asuncion	80
Corumba	142

No passengers allowed on any of the steamers without tickets.

MONEY ORDERS.

Drafts on IRELAND are granted by the undersigned, payable on demand at any of the 52 branches of the

NATIONAL BANK.

Drafts are also granted on
Messrs. Prescott, Grote & Co, Bankers
LONDON.
And on *J. Barned & Co, Banker*
LIVERPOOL.

Timely application should be made at the office of Mr. Wilson Jacobs, Exchange Broker, No 65 calle San Martin (opposite the Bolsa.
THOMAS B HALL

DRAFTS AT SIGHT
ON THE UNION BANK
OF
IRELAND.
ISSUED BY THE
LONDON, BUENOS AYRES
AND
RIVER PLATE BANK.
Calle de la Piedad No, 80,

A LOS
ESTANCIEROS.

Corrales Portátiles de Hierro y Madera para Ovejas.
Corrales Portátiles de Hierro para Caballos.
Corrales Portátiles de Hierro para hacienda Vacuna
Bebederos de Hierro para Ovejas y Hacienda Vacuna, desde 60$ vara.
Mojones de Hierro de todo precio.
Cercos de Hierro para Huertos, Chacras, Potreros, Corrales &c.
Piletas de Hierro.
Nuevas Máquinas de estirar Alambre.
Máquinas de cortar Abrojos y Cardos.
Mangas de sacar Agua.

Se venden en la Fábrica de——
VAN DE VELDE Hermanos,
Buen Orden 245, entre Chile y Méjico.

THE BRITISH AND FOREIGN
CHINA, EARTHENWARE, AND GLASS STORE,
57—DEFENSA—57

Just opened to the Public. The largest Stock in town. Earthenware Goods of all descriptions. An immense variety of Glass Goods. English, French, and German China Articles.

Table Sets, Toilet Sets, Tea Sets, Coffee Sets.
Low Prices—Fixed Prices.
Terms—Cash.
WILLIAM FERGUSON AND CO.,
57—DEFENSA—57.
(Corner of Potosi.)

N.B.—The Stock will be shortly increased by arrivals from Europe.
j 13

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,
ALEX. FULTON & CO,
25 AND 27 DEFENSA 25 AND 27

SAVINGS BANK
BANK MAUA & C°

No. 103 calle de Cangallo. —

BUENOS-AYRES.

The immense advantages of *Accounts Current* are now so generally felt, and appreciated in the two great emporiums of the River Plate—Montevideo & Buenos Ayres—that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence

The Bank of Mauá & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working class in that city a safe profitable depositary for their savings.

The sums deposited in that most important institution are daily increasing and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of Clerks, artisans, working-men & servants of all classes & conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a *reserve fund* in case of *need, sickness* or *old age.* instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lotteries and other frivolities

The Bank of Mauá and Co. of this city following the example of their firm in Montevideo now offer the same facilities in this city and will open on the 1st October a "Savings Bank" at No 103 calle Cangallo from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m. on week days, and on Sundays and holidays from 10 a. m. to 12 m. for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned.

The Bank will deliver to each depositor a Pass Book in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

The depositor is permitted at *any time* to withdraw the *whole* or *part* of the sum deposited, in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date

The Bank of Mauá and Co. is sufficiently known to the public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles and always directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Mauá and Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighbourhood.

Buenos Ayres September 19th 1863.
p. p. Mauá & Co.
WILLIAM LESLIE.

CONDITIONS.

1st. The Bank receives at interest any sum from *Twenty five dollars currency* or *one silver dollar* upwards.

2nd. The interest allowed is *six per cent* [6 p%] per annum which is liquidated every six months

3rd. The depositor can at any time retire the *whole* or *part* of the money deposited.

4th. Once the amount deposited exceeds *Twenty five thousand dollars currency* or *one thousand dollars silver* the depositor if he wishes can open an *account current* according to the rules established by the Bank.

5th. In case the depositor loses his Pass Book it can be replaced by another on paying *twelve dollars currency,* and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

NOTICE TO THE LADIES.

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,
61—CORRIENTES—61.

It is respectfully announced that during the next and following months there will be exhibited at this Establishment a vast and magnificent display of AUTUMN and WINTER GOODS, of the most choice, varied, and fashionable description, selected from the London and Paris markets, to which the attention of Ladies is solicited.

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,
61 CORRIENTES 61

LA PREVISORA ARGENTINA.

LIFE INSURANCE AND SAVING FUND ASSOCIATION OF BUENOS AYRES.

Capital Subscribed till 31st Dec., 1863—170,667 pats. in 215 Policies.

DIRECTORS.
D. Miguel Azcuenaga, President
" Bernabé Ocampo. Vice-President
" Antonio Marcó del Pont
" Jacobo Paravicini
" Constant Santamaria

OFFICIALS.
D. Antonio Garcia y Garcia, Manager
" Eustoquio Riestra, Sub Manager

D. Juan Casado, Secretary.

MANAGING COMMITTEE.
D. Estanislao Peña
" J. A. Fernandez
" L. B. Wilcke
" Mariano Billinghurst
" Ladislao F. Martinez

Offices—87 calle SAN MARTIN.

The PREVISORA ARGENTINA will receive subscriptions as follows:

1st. On one's own life, in shares of $5 silver each. These subscriptions liquidated at any time at the subscriber's time and option.

2nd. Without loss of capital by death of the insurer. Subscribers will be entitled to compound interest on their subscriptions and the proportional interest forfeited by the death of other shareholders in their Class, whose capital, however is returned.

3rd. With loss of capital and interest by insurer's death. All shareholders of this class shall gain compound interest on their subscriptions, besides a proportional part of the capital and interest of all who die in their Class.

All these subscriptions may be paid weekly, monthly, quarterly, half yearly, or yearly.

The capital of the Company shall be invested only in landed property (fincas). and with the greatest security.

The Board of Inspection, composed of subscribers, shall have charge of all the operations of the Company.

For further particulars, apply at the Co's office 87 calle S. Martin (altos) between the hours of 11 — 4; prospectuses given on application.
n17

FERRO-CARRIL DEL NORTE.

APERTURA DE LA ESTACION SAN FERNANDO EL DIA S DE FEBRERO DE 1864.

DIAS FERIADOS

Salida. — SALIDA DE 25 de Mayo, SALIDA DE Retiro, SALIDA DE Belgrano, SALIDA DE S. Isidro, LLEGANDO A S. Fernando.

Regreso. — REGRESO DE S. Fernando, REGRESO DE S. Isidro, REGRESO DE Belgrano, REGRESO DE Retiro, LLEGANDO A 25 de Mayo.

Trenes: Ord., Expr. — [illegible]

DIAS DE TRABAJO

Salida. — SALIDA DE 25 de Mayo, SALIDA DE Retiro, SALIDA DE Belgrano, SALIDA DE S. Isidro, LLEGANDO A S. Fernando.

Regreso. — REGRESO DE S. Fernando, REGRESO DE S. Isidro, REGRESO DE Belgrano, REGRESO DE Retiro, LLEGANDO A 25 de Mayo.

Trenes: Ord., Expr. — [illegible]

Los trenes marcados "Expreso" paráran en las Estaciones Belgrano y San Isidro solamente.

[illegible]

Mensagerias y Correos Nacionales Entrerrianos.
127—Calle 25 de Mayo—127.

All the necessary arrangements having been made, the Empresa has opened an office in this city for the purpose of facilitating operations for the commercial community and the public in general.

In the office will be given tickets for passengers and parcels to any part of the Republic, and there, passengers for Chile can take through tickets for Valparaiso and Santiago,

The Diligences start from Rosario for Mendoza, San Juan and Chile, every Tuesday.

From Rosario to Cordoba every Tuesday and Friday.

From Rosario for Santiago, Tucuman, Salta, Jujuy, and Bolivia every Friday

For further particulars apply at the office of the Empresa.
m3 1m.

Protection from Fire.
PRIZE MEDAL, 1862.
BRYANT & MAY'S
PATENT SPECIAL SAFETY MATCHES,
Wax Vestas & Cigar Lights.

Light only on the Box

The Patent Safety Match affords an instantaneous light as readily as common matches, whilst it is entirely free from all their dangerous properties.

Patent Safety Matches in neat slide boxes.

Patent Safety Vestas in paper slide boxes, and in japanned tin boxes of 100 250. and 500.

BRYANT & MAY. Manufacturers of Wax Vestas in round plaid boxes, and in japanned tin boxes, of 50, 100, 150, 250 500, and 1,000.

Sole importers of Jonkopings Taendstickor (slide box).

All orders must be payable in London with receive immediate attention.

Whitechapel Lane London, E.

For Cañuelas, Monte, and Las Flores.

Mensagerias Nuevas de la Porteña.
Correo del Estado.
Office—Rivadavia 441 and 443.

The Empresario, with all attention to the punctuality and good condition of these coaches, has determined to start this line on the 2nd of March next. The times of starting being—

From Buenos Ayres for Las Flores 2, 5, 8, 11, 14, 17, 20, 23, 26, 29 of each month.

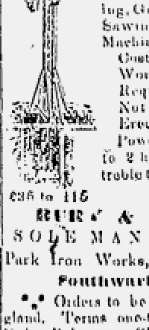
From Flores for Buenos Ayres, 2, 5, 8, 11, 14, 17, 20, 23, 26, 29 of each month.

Luggage and encomiendas are received up till 4 p.m. of the day previous to starting.

This month there will be three trips made.

From Buenos Ayres	22, 25, 28
" Flores	23, 25, 28

MIGUEL M. SUPO.
Buenos Ayres, 19th Feb. 1864.



WIND ENGINE
PATENT SELF-REGULATING

For Pumping, Oat Crushing, Grinding, Chaff-cutting, Sawing, or Driving other Machines.

Costs nothing to work.
Works day and night
Requires no watching
Not easily injured.
Erection simple and cheap
Power of Engine from 1½ to 2 horses, working up to treble the power, prices from £35 to 115

BURY & POLLARD,
SOLE MANUFACTORY,
Park Iron Works, New Park-Street,
Southwark, London.

_ Orders to be made payable in England. Terms one-third of Cash with Order, Balance on Shipment.

Prospectuses may be obtained at the office of this journal.

Shipping List of
CHARLES WM. BENN and CO,
Shipbrokers, &c.,
FOR ANTWERP,
British Barque,
CRYSTALLINE,
A 1. 266 Tons.
Clarke, Master,
Cleared at the Custom House, and sailing immediately.

Consigned to order.
Dutch Schooner,
HOORTE VICHGER,
171 Tons,
Klasen, Master,
Receiving her last Bales, and clearing at the Custom House.

Consigned to order.
FOR ANTWERP,
Danish Schooner,
HYDRA,
138 Tons,
Petersen, Master,
A chartered vessel, but can still engage a few bales and dry hides, if ready.

Consigned to order.
Dutch Brigantine,
CORNELIA SUSANA,
3-3 T.T. 147 Tons,
Urytsma, Master.
Can engage dry hides and a few bales.

Consigned to order.
French Ship,
GRANDE ANTILLE,
5-6 A T.T. 351 Tons.
Tenand, Master,
Can still engage dry hides and bales.
Consignees, Dorgda and Unnes.

National Barque,
RIVADAVIA,
347 Tons,
Norman, Master.
Can engage dry hides and bales.
Consignee, D. C. Gowland.

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