

The Standard

Ficha Bibliográfica

Título:	The Standard
Variante del Título:	The Standard and the River Plate News
Número de Edición:	631
Fecha de Publicación:	1864-02-20
Lengua:	Inglés
Creador:	Edward Mulhall y Michael Muhall
Tipo de Recurso:	Periódico

The Standard

AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

63—THIRD YEAR

BUENOS AIRES, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1864

PRICE—TWO DOLLARS

MAUA BANK

Calle Cangallo No. 101—103
Interest for the current month.

In ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE.
For balances in our favor 12p. $\frac{1}{2}$
For balances in favor of customers 6p. $\frac{1}{2}$

In ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAPER MONEY.
For balances in our favor 12p. $\frac{1}{2}$
For balances in favor of customers 7p. $\frac{1}{2}$

Deposits for a fixed term in specific currency, at conventional interest.

Buenos Ayres, Nov. 1, 1863.

P. P. Maua & Co.

William Leslie.

Maua Bank.

Calle Cangallo Nos. 101 & 103.

The offices of this bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank.

1st Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.

2nd Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities approved by the Manager.

3rd Accounts-Current are opened with merchants or other parties who may prefer, depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously convened under conditions established for such class of operations.

4th Money is received in account current bearing interest from day of deposit which is accumulated in favor of the parties every three months, the depositors being allowed to retain at any time by means of cheques part or the full amount at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred Doubloons or one hundred thousand dollars currency, in which case 48 hours previous notice is required to be given at the Treasury of the Bank.

5th Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta. Fé, Salta, Orizaba, Paysandú, Rio Janeiro and other places in the Brazils, England and France, as also on other places of which notices will be given hereafter.

6th Finally the Bank undertakes & executes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations.

The establishment is always open from 9 A. M. till 4 P. M.

Buenos Ayres, Oct. 29, 1862.

P. P. Maua & Co.

WILLIAM LESLIE.

EXCHANGE.

Drafts payable at any of the undermentioned branches of the

NATIONAL BANK

Can be obtained from

WAN KLYN AND CO.,

No. 98 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

Address

London

Paris

Buenos Ayres

Montevideo

Rio de Janeiro

Santiago

Salta

Orizaba

Paysandú

Rio Grande

Montevideo

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE STANDARD
\$30 PER MONTH.
ADVERTISEMENTS.
Not exceeding six lines inserted three times \$5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

"Mi más grande aprecio es la amistad."—Ciceron.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 29, 1861.

THE "PROGRESO" QUARREL.

Our French-colleague at times falls into the error which was set down as characteristic of the "Standard" from its outset, viz.: forgetting that it is not prudent to tell the truth on all occasions. The "Progreso" entered so zealously into the question of elections that we anticipated a difficulty would arise, and now we see a hundred enraged and disappointed Crudos all bent on exterminating this son of Gaul. Neutrality is a strict duty on the part of foreigners, and hence for the first time we have avoided getting into a row. We make it a rule never to abuse local institutions unless, like the Police, they become nuisance, nor to excite disrespect towards any authorities except those who are accessories, before or after the fact, to gross outrages on foreigners. Hence we refrained from making a noise about the infamous conduct of the Provincial Government and some members of the Crudo party.

The "Progreso" states, what most honest men believe, that a number of factions, adventurous in the Club Libertad were endeavoring to bring about disorder and revolution. In fact it was enough for the "Tribuna" to be organ of that party, to throw discredit on all the members. The spirit of discord has never had so able an ally in Buenos Ayres as the "Varedo" journal. Nevertheless it cannot be forgotten there are some honest men, in every political conclave, and hence the French paper should not have made so sweeping a condemnation. Nevertheless the statement was notoriously true of a portion, and stung our "absent friend" to the quick.

We are willing to admit it was unpolite of Le Progreso to make such flat assertions, and the Club Libertad had every reason to feel vexed. But the conduct of the aggrieved was still more objectionable. D. Adolfo Alsina boasts that some of his friends went to see M. St Guilly and called him "a ruffian"; then we have an article in the "Tribuna" stating the French editor is an "escaped convict." Surely this is gross and personal, and argues little for the civilization of Buenos Ayres. If the members of the Club Libertad have no other means of clearing their character than by throwing dirt at their accusers, it were better pass over the injury in "silent contempt." That the "Tribuna" publishes such indecent language, does not surprise us but we expected something better from the gallant brigadier Pavon than to charge one holding the position of a gentleman with the epithet of "galley-slave."

Dr. A. Alsina is also at fault in making an attack on the Club to appear as an attack on Buenos Ayrean society, of which he says the "Club es una bala." Now it is proved by the voting returns that the Club and all its friends muster 100,000 (including negroes), out of a population of 150,000. It would be absurd for us to assert that our 14,000 subscribers constitute Buenos Ayrean society; much more is it for Dr. Alsina to treat 14,000 persons as cyphers.

The quarrel, after all, is useless, and if we had been patriots of the victorious Cordobas, we should have been content with the triumph, without adding to the bitterness of defeat (let by the Crudos) the unnecessary mortification of rascality. Most people think it better the Cocios have gained; let it be so. But the "Tribuna" has now grown old in abusing everybody, and H.F.V. should not wonder that the Frenchman has found out two can play at that game.

THE IRISHMEN OF VILLA MERCEDES.

There is confessedly no class of our society more useful than the Irish sheep-farmers, nor any which pays so heavy a quota to the public revenue, or has tended more to enrich this province by developing its splendid resources. Neither is there a district in which this element is more numerous or wealthy than the Villa Mercedes. It is therefore a subject of reproach to Governor Saavedra that there is no security for life and property more especially in this district.

With the assassin Jose Oscar murdered Ichiby and his men in day-light, at their own rancho, without other motive than robbery, the authorities seemed to take no heed of so shocking a crime, and the murderer went about un molested. The Irishmen clubbed together and made up a handsome subscription for his capture, which was easily effected by one determined man in the town of Chivilcoy. Why could not the justice of peace have done so? Well, the ruffian is identified, and after a delay of several months, sent to B. Ayres, where he is ultimately suffered to escape, either through the neglect or connivance of his guards. In either case a serious wrong has been done to the Irish residents, who have lost their money and seen Justice turned to baseness. Will Government refund them the amount contributed towards obtaining such retribution as was the duty of Government to do, carried out? Has any effort been made to recapture the scoundrel who is the terror of the whole "parido"? Will the British Minister remain silent in so flagrant a case, and suffer Irishmen to believe that they are treated as Pariahs by a flag which, however unpopular, is supposed to protect them?

Takes again the case of Connell, whom fifteen witnesses testify to have been hacked to pieces by two brutal policemen. "Is he who was slightly intoxicated, but had given no offence, unarmed, and offered no resistance when he was made the victim of the eavesdropper? Is intoxication a crime involving capital punishment according to Argentine law? If not, how is such a monstrous offence on the part of a subordinate authority allowed to pass in silence? Is not the Government responsible for the acts of its officers, or are we to look on each camp justice as an Arab sheik? Is it proved by the witnesses that the Justice refused six several times to take cognizance of the matter; adding 'that the English were to blame.' Or did he mean that it was blamable not to have disarmed the policeman before the tragedy or hanged him after it? It is not sufficient atonement for Connell's blood to place the offender under arrest; he must be punished for manslaughter, if there is understand there is not one vacant.

The brig San Juan Bautista is offered for sale by Government. This is a good sign. We should like to know if she blew up all the Corralito rocks in the Uruguay.

ARTESIAN WELLS.

A contract has been entered into between Government and Messrs. A. Sordéaux and Co. for the construction of artesian wells in the provinces of Rioja, and the sum of twelve thousand dollars in Road and Bridge Bonds has been ordered to be issued.

Messrs. Sordéaux and Co. are to provide the boring utensils, which must be capable of forming an orifice of 31 inches diameter and 150 varas in depth. All the expenses incurred in the work are to be liquidated by Road and Bridge Bonds issued at par. The contractors are to recover 20 per cent upon the outlay, and are bound down by Government to the following list of staff?

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The opera was put off last night, owing to Mme. Brial's slight indisposition. We have not been informed when we shall be favoured with a repetition of "Norma"; but the "Ballo in Maschera" will be given to-morrow night.

The excessive heat continues unabated. After Carnival it is generally cool, but Lent this year is early, and we shall probably have to suffer another month of Paraguayan weather.

Our absent friend has exchanged his sobriquet for that of M. Léboulaye and his excessive vanity exposes him to many sarcasms from his colleagues. It is not true that Dr. Mariano has been named Procurator-in-Chief to the court of the Duke of Augustenburg.

A favourable opportunity now offers for acquiring frontier lands. A squatter's right is given for eight years gratis, on condition of putting 30 horned cattle or 100 sheep on the land.

At the expiration of the term, the holders will have to pay a trifling rent. Each lot is three leagues in extent.

We have just had a visit from an Irishman who went home last year with the idea of settling there; he visited Wexford, Carlow and Queen's County, but found the condition of Ireland so bad that he despaired of living in the land of his forefathers. This is a sad state of things.

In connection with the foregoing contract, the following decree has been published:

To carry out the stipulation entered into between Messrs. Sordéaux and Co. and the Government, under date of 21st ult., and in accordance with the law of 17th Dec. last, the Government has determined to issue the sum of \$12,000 in bonds of Roads and Bridges. Let this be arranged according to law.

Buenos Ayres, 15th Feb., 1861.

MIRRE.

G. RAWSON.

RIO NEGRO.

A person just arrived from Carmelo represents that part of the neighbouring republic as rather disturbed. This week the inhabitants are alarmed by groups of rebels; the next by the Government troops; the latter are accused of robbery and other crimes, but the former are said to respect foreigners' property. It is supposed that Flores will soon make his appearance in the neighbourhood, having positively retired from before Montevideo.

The estancia house of Mr. John Spraggan has been burnt to the ground, with all the furniture, corrales, &c. This lamentable loss, estimated at 5000 silver dollars, is said to have been caused by accident.

Latest accounts are that Flores' troops were to occupy Higuinatas on the 19th instant. A detachment of 140 rebels had entered Carmelo.

Mr. O'Neill, a friend of the Oriental agent in London goes up to Fray Bentos to-day; we believe he has a mission chosen, we don't know. The effort to cleanse the Barracas daughter houses was unsuccessful, but we should think the money well spent if Messrs. Sordéaux succeed in purifying the killing-grounds of Rioja.

We know of one gentleman already gone, and another about to follow, up the river, bent on cotton-planting. They have brought some capital, and one has had considerable experience in the Southern States.

The "Tribuna" has been caught tripping by our Río Cuarto colleague, and makes a lame excuse, which gives us to understand that H. F. V. has made a contact with Mr. Perkins to extract in future *ad libitum*, without the common courtesy of acknowledgment. What silly fellows give themselves after a trip to Paris!

Mr. Lamb's furnished lodging-house, L'Universelle, is the finest thing we have seen in Buenos Ayres. The apartments are beautifully furnished, and quite up a par with a Paix: we understand there is not one vacant.

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Video, from which place a man-of-war was immediately dispatched in search of them, and after a few days they were all taken prisoners. At the termination of the witness Early's evidence the magistrates remanded the five prisoners for a week, to afford time for communication with the Board of Trade.

AMBITION (Yarmouth).—Your handwriting is very bad, indeed, and the sentiments you express are worse.

We do not think you fit for any situation at all, but get six months at the treadmill, and then write to us again.

RECOGNITION.

To the Editors of the "Standard."

Gentlemen,

I have seen in the columns of your distinguished paper of the 12th inst., a testimonial in my favour, signed by Mr. John Gilligan, resident in Guardia del Monte, in which he thanks me for the care I devoted to him whilst he was sick. I consider it but right to tell that gentleman, that it was only my bounden professional duty, and if I had the good fortune to save him from a dangerous illness, I am well repaid by his handsome and generous recommendation.

I remain, your obedient servant,

(Signed)

FERNANDO M. PATRÓN.

February 18, 1861.

MISCELLANY.

WOMEN SCUGGERS.—Some women were recently arrested as they were endeavouring to get into the Confederate States. They were searched. One wore a bale of fine linen as a bustle. Her corset was filled with gold coin, quilted in, to the amount of \$1,200.

Another had her hair rounded out with padding made of dress silks.

Her hose were found to conceal a quantity of gentlemen's cravats, which were twisted about her legs.

The third lady's ample bust was filled out by a museum of articles, consisting mainly of jewellery, silk thread, needles, and medicines.

In Warsaw, such has been the bloody work of the Russians, that General Burg has issued orders forbidding mourning to be worn after the 10th of November next. Passengers on foot violating the ordinance are to be fined ten roubles; the proprietors of private carriages, with mounting emblem, one hundred roubles; persons in hired vehicles, fifteen roubles; officials transgressing are to forfeit one month's pay.

VALUATION TABLE.—Dr. H. S. Gilbert, one of the United States' surgeons, living in Twenty-eighth street, has made a report as to the value of pensions that ought to be awarded to soldiers annually who have served and suffered in our armies. Congress will probably adopt his report and pension accordingly:

For the loss of both eyes	\$227 50
For one eye	64 75
For both arms	277 50
For the right arm	83 25
For the left arm	64 75
For both hands	222 00
For the right hand	64 75
For the left hand	55 50
For both legs	133 50
For one leg	64 75
For both feet	33 25
For one foot	37 00

DR. NORMAN MACLEOD, lecturing at Glasgow, made a most remarkable statement. There are no less than seventy-five officers of the Guards who aid in the work of visiting and relieving the poor of London. They belong to a regular society for the purpose, and the secretary writes to Dr. Macleod that they are foremost in going down day by day to relieve the poor in most squalid districts. If that statement be correct—it of which we have no doubt—it is the most remarkable testimony yet offered to the social advance which has commenced in England. When Guardsmen pocket their wages and Pethill-green may be happy, the hereditary bitterness of class against class seems in a very fair way of removal.

A soldier of the same order, the order which cares whether its gloves fit, Captain Jackson, one of the most untiring and successful among living philanthropists, has, perhaps, done more to reduce the average of crime and punishment in the army than any other single man.—*Spectator*.

LOCAL EVENTS.

STILL GALLOPING.—Till when will the police tolerate the diabolical nuisance of galloping, and cartmen driving their wagons at full speed through the streets? Two days ago a cartman was driving his cart as fast as the horses could lay legs to the ground in Calle Sarandi; a vigilante was passing at the time, and evidently thought it was no business of his to interfere, for he allowed him to pass unnoticed.

And talking of the police—we have often noticed a vigilante, as it suddenly struck with a bright idea which would not keep, set off full gallop without any perceptible reason for his accelerated speed.

EXPORTS.—On the 16th inst., 5 vessels cleared out for foreign ports, taking the following cargoes:—Jerked beef, 500 qts.; horsehides, 143; salted tongues, 500 dozen; cowhides, 22,121; horns, 30,000; wool, 835 bales; nutria, 3 do.; horseshoe, 40 do.; calfskins, 113.

Chile and Bolivia.—The "Tribuna" has the following paragraph with respect to these two republics:—"We know positively, that far from there being any ill feeling between the Chile Government and Señor Frias, plenipotentiary of Bolivia, their relations are most friendly and cordial. It is totally false the report of any rupture between these two countries." As it would never do to allow the editor of the "Tribuna" to have the credit of being more *au fait* on the mode of how political puppets are worked than we are, and so as to keep up our good name before the public we have to inform our subscribers that the German Confederation and Denmark are on the best terms, and that Father Alie has dined with Uncle Jeff in the new White House of the Re-united States at Halifax.

Fatal Illness.—The poor "Mosquito," after a short life, has been almost snuffed out by the loss of the Crudos on Sunday last. Considering how far advanced the season of the year is, and that cold weather may be soon expected, it is not at all to be wondered at that its sting was but feeble. It lost 90 subscribers at a blow, when the first news was heard of the triumph of the Cocidos. At the same ratio, now that the overpowering majority of its adversaries is known, it should have reduced its number of supporters to big 0.—*El Pueblo*.

Bullion.—Since the 1st inst. up till 15th the following coin has entered our city:—1,401 gold ounces; 10,833 hard dollars; and 35 Chile contors.

National Mts c.—Napoleon said "Let me make the people's ballads and others may make their laws!" We are delighted to see that our worthy President Mitre, in these times when men are basking themselves about two-penny-halfpenny politics, can calmly retire into his study, and turn his attention to the tuncle mine. It is a good sign. And if he would only write a few stanzas of his own, stanzas that might be easily set to music and sung by the masses, he could easily leave the apparently onerous task of governing to his subordinates, as he might then be perfectly certain of obtaining an influence over the people which could not be shaken by all the stump orators of the River Plate. He is surely, judging from his translation of one of Leondellos' poems in the "Nación Argentina," a reader of the English language, and may perhaps remember some of the ballads which did so much both for and against the Stuart cause. He will find that ballads have acted no mean part in a country's history. We can point out to his Excellency two of our English ballads, the metrical measures of which are admirably adapted for popular singing.—And shall Tredeavney die, and Uncle Toly's favorite air of "Lillibullero."

Markets.—On the 18th inst., the following produce was brought into the different plazas of this city:—Cowhides 238; horsehides 75; calfskins 21; sheepskins 202 dozen; wool 1,112 arrobes; wheat 316 fanegas; maize 46 do.; horsehair 18 arrobes; fir wood, 32 cartloads; onions 1500 strings; straw 1000 bundles.

City returns.—The chief of Police informs the Minister of Interior that the scrutiny of votes gives the following result:—Club Pueblo (Cocidos) 1328—Club Libertad (Crudos) 1002. He adds "there was no disorder," forgetting the attack on D. Mateo Martinez.

Provincial Chambers.—The Legislature of Buenos Ayres has been twice summoned, in order to reform the Election Law. The members, however, refuse to attend, as it is obviously the interest of the ultra-local party to encourage disorder and bloodshed, so that no honest man will dare to vote.

Protest.—The six gentlemen who voted for the Crudos in San Nicolas being beaten by a majority of 1294, have entered a protest calling for a new election. It is not likely the petitioners could gain, so that the protest is useless.

Auction.—We read of an estancia in Magdalena valued at \$1 millions dol. mto. to be sold by auction to-morrow: there are 20 carreteras to start from Plaza Victoria.

To open.—It seems the Great Southern Railway inauguration will not come off on Monday. The "Tribuna" gives the elections as the cause, but we have no official notification.

Las Flores.—The elections were gained by the Cocidos, who polled 326 votes against 99 Crudos.

Azul.—Here also the Cocidos won, by 250 votes.

Bragado.—A large majority for the Cocidos; 517 against 22.

Majority.—By last calculation the Cocidos had 2349 votes to spare, which shows that, contrary to our expectation, the Crudo is not the winning horse. Varela is a bad jockey.

The Caaguazu.—This steamer is about to be placed on the route from Buenos Ayres to Montevideo: her first trip on her new line is announced for this afternoon, at half past 4 p.m.

Montevideo.—This port is well garrisoned with foreign men of war. There are at present lying at anchor there the Spanish brig Galvea and H. B. M's gunboat La Forte, both lately entered. The British vessel Triton is daily expected.

The Blanco Army.—The Blanco newspapers assert that Servando Gomez has arrived at the Arroyo de La Virgen, situated some 8 or 10 leagues from the capital.

The principal military tactics of S. American generals seem to be, getting away as far from the enemy as possible. This may not be very satisfactory work, but it saves an immense loss of men and besides, so long as the troops receive their food and pay, it does not much matter to the army any little delay, or camping out in the open country.

French Caricature.—Le Progrès has an excellent cartoon on the late elections. The Crudos are falling out of a scale into a large pot, which Gelly and Vilao are stirring up; M. Varela and the Nacional round the headlong, while Gen. Mitre, the N. Argentina, Standard, "Progres," and "Pueblo" editors weigh down the balance. Gen. Higgins, like Jesus, losing his wings falls to earth.

Tour Argentina.—It seems Madame Pauline and M. D'Hoste have resolved to convert this Custom-house deposit once more into a temple of the Muses. We wish them every success.

Balls.—There will be a masked ball to-night at Colon, also a rural entertainment at Belgrano.

Cigar Machine.—The "Tribuna" states that one Soc. Escrura has invented a machine for making cigars, turning them out as perfect as if wrought by hand.

Crudo Sentiments.—The "Nacional" says, "The Club Libertad has triumphed wherever there were no Mires, no sabres, &c. In fine, wherever honest men had free suffrage."

Northern R. Steamer.—We read that a survey was made yesterday of the San Fernando Islands, as far as Boca de Las Palmas, with the view of prolonging this line.

Banda Oriental.—The "Nacional" states that Caballito is before Paysandu that Servando Gomez is crossing the Rio Negro at Polancos, that the woods are full of deserters from the Government army, that Fray Beatos has been seized by the rebels, and that the Panepero is about to return to Martin Garcia.

LETTERS

Remaining uncalled-for in the United States Consulate, Buenos Ayres, Feb. 18, 1861:

Adams, Charles M.

Arnold, Elben.

Blanchard, Edward

Blanchard, Captain

Bearce, Capt. Asa

Beauchamp, Capt. Isaac

Berry, Isaac

Bradford, Joseph E.

Briggs, John

Brown, Capt. John N.

Brown, Joseph F.

Butler, Edward T.

Caulfield, Frederick H.

Collins, Frederick G.

Congdon, Ray D.

Cooper, John C.

Cross, James

Colver, Capt. Richard S.

Ebsell, James

Fisher, Wm. H.

Fogwill

Fowler, Albert C.

Gilbert, Henry W.

Goodall, William W.

Green, Jdn.

Haskell, Edward

Hatch, Samuel L.

Hatch, Frank P.

Hinson, Capt. J. G.

Hinney, Charles M.

Herrick, Kendrick K.

Horn, Wm C.

Hussey, Robert G.

Jackson, Alfred

Johnson, Lloyd R.

King, Captain D. S.

Kinney, Francis S.

Lange, Carl

Latham, Lorenza B.

Leach, Ellis B.

Lefebvre, E. A.

Livingston, Eugene M.

Lord, William A.

Lovelace, Captain W.

MacCready, Captain A.

MacCane, William

Mason, T. H.

Mayer, Master D. L.

Merrill, Richmond L.

Milliken, Otis

Moore, O'Brien

Morhouse, Stephen

Newman, James Walter

Nichols, Captain J. B.

Orcutt, John A.

Pendleton, James W.

Perrival, Captain F.

Potter, John G.

Tewell, Captain James P.

Price, Alfred

Putnam, Joseph

Roberts, Robert

Rolfe, William Summer

Rothman, Horace F.

Rogers, Captain William A.

Sanders, John

Sanders, Capt. S.

Sargent, Rudus

Sheriff, Capt. W.

Smith, David M.

Smith, Capt. David M.

Staples, Marion

Stinson, Capt. John P.

Straw, Reuben

Sullivan, Lawrence

Sutton, Mrs. R. T. Q.

Falcon, George

Feeber, John

Thompson, Capt. Alex.

Trevett, Capt. Joshua R.

Vaughan, Capt. Joseph M.

Weeks, (jr.) Capt. Ansel

Williams, John

Wilson, J. II.

Woodbridge, Henry V.

York, Thomas S.

THE BOLEA.

Friday, 16th Feb., 1861.

Total sales 134,278 patacones.

Opening price—cash 28 65

Saturday, 20th Feb. 28 65 28 70

Sunday prices 28 70

Closing price 28 65

PRODUCE SALES.

150 dry cow-hides \$130.

500 do do 124

600 do do 122

1000 do do 120

800 lb. wool, Merino, good 77

2000 do do do 75

500 do do mixed 66

1200 do do do 69

60 do sheepskins 140

1500 ox hides, salted, matadero, 68lb 41 sars

1000 do do 62lb 33

60 do do Entre Ríos 41

800 do do Corrientes 40

20 pipes tallow 15

2500 hides, San Juan 31

200 do Corrientes 30

500 salted ox hides and tallow to

responsible agent, Gualeguay, at reserved price.

MARITIME NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

19th.

Liverpool, English brigantine Onward.

Uruguay Ports, Nat. steamer Salto.

Montevideo, English pilot boat Stella.

Cediz, Indian piloto Arcangelo.

Cediz, Italian piloto Giuseppe.

INTERVIEWS WITH GOBLESS.

SECTION. No. 2.

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ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY.

**STEAMBOAT AGENCY
AND GENERAL COMMISSIONS
WM. MATTI and CO.
30 CANGALLO 30**

FOR PAYANDU.
Calling at Nueva Palmira, Fray Bentos and Concepcion, the National Steamer
SALTO.

Captain F. Diaz, Leaves every Tuesday and Saturday at 10 a.m., and returns every Monday and Friday.

FOR CONCORDIA & SALTO.
The National Steamer
CONCORDIA.

Leaves Payandu every Wednesday and Sunday after the arrival of the "Salto," being in combination with this Steamer.

FOR ROSARIO.
Calling at Zárate, Bandeira, San Pedro Obligado, Las Hermanas, and San Nicolas. Voyage by the Parana de las Patas, taking Cargo and Passengers, the National Steamer.

PAVON.
Captain Price.

Leaves every Thursday and Sunday at 12 Noon, and returns every Wednesday and Saturday.

FOR GUARANAY.
The National Steamer
COLEGIAZAS.

Captain D. Lückster. Leaves the "Boca de las Nuevas Vueltas" every Friday after the arrival of the Pavon, and returns each Tuesday, by which the Passengers leave here every Thursday and return every Wednesday.

FOR THE PARANA.
Santa Fe, and Intermediate Porta, the Mail Steamer
ESPIGADOR.

Leaves Rosario each Friday, two hours after a arrival of the Pavon, and returns every Tuesday in time to hand over passengers' luggage to the Pavon, which leaves for Buenos Ayres.

FOR CORRIENTES.
Calling at Posadas, La Paz, Casilla de la Esquina, Casilla de Goya, Bella Vista, and Empedrado, the British Steamer
EMPERADORA.

Leaves Rosario in combination with the Pavon, on Tuesday, January 19, and returns on Friday, January 29.

FARES:

To Montevideo (calin)	8 patacas
Zaranda do	4 "
San Pedro do	5 "
Obligado do	10 "
San Nicolas do	12 "
Rosario do	16 "
San Lorenzo do	18 "
Diamante do	20 "
Santa Fe do	24 "
Pazaná do	32 "
La Paz do	36 "
La Esquina do	38 "
Goya do	40 "
Bella Vista do	44 "
Empedrado do	48 "
Corrientes do	52 "
Gualguaychú	11 "
Concepción	13 "
Concordia	17 "
Deck Half-price.	

FREIGHTS:

To Montevideo, per ton	4 dollars
Rosario	6 "
San Nicolas	6 "
Parana	"
La Paz	10 "
Bella Vista	10 "
La Esquina	12 "
Goya	13 "
Corrientes	13 "
The Uruguay Ports	10 "

FOR CUYABA.
Calling at San Nicolas, Rosario, Paraná, Zorrillito, Asuncion, and other Brazilian ports, the Brazilian Steamer

MABQUES DE OLINDA.

Captain Thibault de S. Boncourt, Leaves on the 4th February.

FARES:

San Nicolas	16 pata.
Rosario	20
Parana	28
Corrientes	60
Asuncion	50
Concepcion	142

No passengers allowed on any of the steamers without tickets.

HONEY ORDERS.

Drafts on IRELAND are granted by the undersigned, payable on demand at any of the 52 branches of the

NATIONAL BANK.

Drafts are also granted by Messrs. Preotti, Grote & Co. Bankers

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Timely application should be made at the office of Mr. Wilson Jacobs, Exchange Broker, No 65 calle San Martin (opposite the Bolsa).

THOMAS B. HALL.

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Corrales Portátiles de Hierro y Madera para Ovejas.
Corrales Portátiles de Hierro para Caballos.
Corrales Portátiles de Hierro para hacienda Vacuna.
Bebederos de Hierro para Ovejas y Hacienda Vacuna, desde 60\$ vara.

Mojones de Hierro de todo precio.
Cercos de Hierro para Rodeos, Chacras, Potreros, Corrales &c.

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Varas Maquininas de estirar Alambre.
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Se venden en la Fábrica de—

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57—DEFENSA—57

Just opened to the Public. The large st Stock in town. Earthenware Goods of all descriptions. An immense variety of Glass Goods. English, French, and German China Articles.

Table Sets, Toilet Sets, Tea Sets, Coffee Sets.

Low Prices—Fixed Prices.

Terms—Cash.

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57—DEFENSA—57.

(Corner of Potosí.)

N.R.—The Stock will be shortly increased by arrivals from Europe.

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Shipping List of CHARLES WM. BENN and CO.
Shipbrokers, &c.
FOR ANTWERP,
British Passage,
CRYSTAL LINE,
A. L. 266 Tons.
Clarke, Master,
Cleared at the Custom House, and sailing immediate v.

Consigned to order.

Dutch Schooner,

HOORTE VICHGER,

171 Tns.

Klasen, Master,

Receiving her last Bales, and clearing at the Custom House.

Consignee to order.

FOR ANTWERP,
Danish Schooner,

IL YDRA,

138 Tons.

Petersen, Master,

A chartered vessel, but can still engage a few bales and dry hides, if ready.

Consigned to order.

Dutch Brigantine,

CORNELIA VAN NA,

3-3 T.T. 147 Tons.

Urytsma, Master.

Can engage dry hides and a few bales.

Consigned to order.

French Ship,

GRANDE ANTILLE,

5-6 A.T.T. 351 Tons.

Tenand, Master,

Can still engage dry hides and bales.

Consignees, Borga and Unnes.

National Barque,

RIVAD VÍA,

347 Tons.

Norman, Master.

Can engage dry hides and bales.

Consignee, D. C. Gowland.

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Shipbrokers, &c.

Calle 25 de Mayo, 49.

Rams! Rams!! Rams!!!

Partice requiring Rams or the best veed and in excellent condition, in obtain same at reasonable prices by applying at the estancia de Santa Elena del Cerro, Rio Grande da Pila, pastilé do Ajó.

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No more Scab in Sheep.

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CALLE BUEN ORDEN.

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The shearing time being now over the

invention of the Anti-Scab Specific for curing Cutaneous Diseases in Sheep, and all domestic Animals, begs to inform the Estanceros that it can never be applied to such effect as after shearing, when it not only cures the worst cases, but acts as a preservative against the disease.

The simplest method is bathing the animal, whether sound or affected, in the manner prescribed by the instructions.

The specific has been already found an effective remedy for Insects [Guarnipatas].

Numerous cestodes may be seen,

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exact reproduction of an English School,

where a sound commercial education com-

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