

The Standard

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The Standard

AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

612—THIRD YEAR.

BUENOS AYRES, SUNDAY, JANUARY 24, 1864

PRICE—TWO DOLLARS

MAUVA BANK
Calle Cangallo No. 101-103
Interest for the current month.

London, Buenos Ayres and River Plate Bank
Capital £1,000,000 Sterling.

La Zingara.
All parties indebted for passage money to the above mentioned ship, are requested to call at my Office...

Royal Mail Steam Packet Company.
The Royal Mail Steam Packet 'Mersey' Ritchie Curlew, Commander will leave this port for Montevideo and Rio de Janeiro...

Colegio Anglo-Forteo, 205-MAIPU-205.
After the 1st of January 1864, only a limited number of pupils can be admitted into this school...

BENSON'S WATCHES AND CLOCKS.
Watch and Clock Makers, by Special Appointment, to His Royal Highness The Prince of Wales.

Mauva Bank.
The offices of this bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business...

THE QUEEN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Capital—£1,000,000.
Chief Offices, QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS LIVERPOOL.

Edificios contra la Nacion.
En las lanchas de Concordia, Salto y Payson se encuentran para el vapor 'Guiney' el 7 de Octubre pasado para este destino las que, como es de notoriedad publica han sido suministradas...

The Boca Iron Works.
JAMES HODGE, Proprietor.
Steam engines, condensing and high pressure, for marine and land purposes.

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7th Bills and letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta. Fe, Salto Oriental, Paysandó, Rio Janeiro and other places in the Brazil, England and France...

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, 1 Old Broad-st., and 10 Pall-Mall LONDON.

Royal Hotel, ABOVE-BRIDGE, SOUTHAMPTON.
Passengers by Royal Mail Steamers will find this Hotel very suitable, on landing in England.

CONCORDIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Capital, £2,500,000, fully subscribed.
DIRECTORS: Chairman—Henry W. Peck, Esq. (Bank Brothers and Co.)

English Grammar School, Director—Mr. PONGERHAID, Ex-Professor at the London University College. CALLE LARGA DE BARRACAS.

BENSON'S ILLUSTRATED WATCH PAMPHLET.
This can be obtained at the office of this paper, or sent free to any address on receipt of a 6d. note.

Writen and Medical General Insurance with the City General.
Life Assurance association chief offices West Strand London W.C. Capital 3,000,000 sterling.

Good News.
The celebrated South Down Sheep Wash, on Sale at Barry and Walker's. The only safe and reliable cure for the Scab in Sheep.

Argentine Dividends.
ALL CALLE RIVADAVIA, 135.
Leaves for Para, Bahia, Rio de Janeiro, Santos, Montevideo, Valparaiso, Santiago de Cuba, Havana, and other ports.

PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PHARMACEUTICAL, PHOTOGRAPHY PREPARATIONS, LABORATORIES, &c.
MRS. J. BOURBON, American Surgeon Dentist, No. 101 CALLE ITZUAGUAY.

NOTICE.
All persons indebted for their passage by the following vessels, viz: 'The William Pitt', 'John Robertson', 'Palmerston', 'Bellevue', 'Aurora', 'Wilson', 'Commodore', 'Francis Carril', 'Lola Porteira', 'Luna', 'C. Unstons of Dartmouth', 'Gaulthier', 'Albatross', 'Hercules', 'Hugly', 'Witch', 'Helywell', 'South Sea', 'Agave', 'Rosales', and 'Kwaker's' are requested to call at my office...

AMERICAN DENTIST, JR. N. O. CORNWALL.
Calle Rivadavia, 275.
Teeth filled with gold or metallic cement, as well as to last for years or for life.

Camp for 6 weeks.
To be given in exchange for 4,000 fine sheep a splendid tract of camp situated on the best, permanent, arroyo of the province...

ENGLISH TAILOR, 39-CALLE DEFENSA-39.
George Ellis, in returning thanks to his friends, both in town and camp, for their liberal support, begs to notify them that he has just received a new stock of goods direct from England.

DR. P. BOURBON, American Surgeon Dentist, No. 101 CALLE ITZUAGUAY.
Montevideo.
Would respectfully advise his friends and the public that he continues to practice of Dentistry in all its branches...

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Subscription to Los Ayudados... 300 Per Annum... ADVERTISEMENTS...

TO CORRESPONDENTS... No notice can be taken of anonymous communications...

The Standard

SUNDAY, JANUARY 24, 1864

THE DUST NUISANCE

Checked, smothered, and utterly overpowered with the noise of the subject before us, our ideas have become conglutinated, leaving us hardly sufficient energies to protest against a barbarous municipality which takes our money with unfeeling regularity...

When, however, we hear of men who easily the nuisance might be remedied, our sufferings are increased tenfold, and our hearts are torn and deep are invoked on our efforts...

In the decayed metropolis of Ireland the water used for irrigating the streets is brought a distance of thirty miles, while in this grand, progressive and go-ahead city of Buenos Ayres, with the River Plate washing our boulevards, we are left to suffer and die of dust...

The damage occasioned by the dust is something stupendous. We may safely calculate that 100 persons are annually injured, the deprived of eyesight, and that 150,000 coats and hats representing \$100,000, 0/10 mpc, are utterly destroyed...

In the camp the dust nuisance is even more terrible than in town, but unfortunately without hope of remedy by human means. Storms which obscure the sun at noon, sweep across the Pampas, burning all signs of vegetation, blocking up the entrances to dwelling houses, and choking the wells...

In the fine camps of Buenos Ayres, formerly (in M. Sastre's language) a milling field, is now becoming a dusty wilderness, something like the sandy deserts of Sahara. The Indian territory is also said to be suffering from this cause, and the drought has even affected Entre Rios, although in the latter

since the Nationalist... the Nationalist... the Nationalist... the Nationalist...

EDITOR'S TABLE

There is not a particle of news stirring: things could not be duller for newspaper editors. We have sent all round the city to try and pick up something, but there is nothing anywhere...

The most alarming news we can treat our readers to is that Horace Varela has bought the 'Mosquito'; the price mentioned is very high, and we can hardly believe it—five hundred ounces. It is also said that the silent editor, Dr. Hector himself, helped his brother to pay for it. We hope to see an improvement in this lethargic rather state caricature...

THE ROSARIO MAILS

Messrs. Moreno and Buschewitz have dispatched most of the San Juan mining machinery. This firm has 35 N. American waggons, each of 40 cwt. freight. A convoy of 31 waggons, drawn by mules led on the 20th, with a charge of 30 tons of machinery at a charge of 81 per arroba, or 4,000 silver in all. There yet remains a quantity of 150 cwt. to be transported...

The Buenos Ayres Great Southern Railway Company

Yesterday we had the pleasure of inspecting the spade and wheelbarrow which have been manufactured in England for the inauguration of the works of this road. They are decidedly the most elegant pieces of workmanship of the kind we ever beheld. The spade attracted our particular attention; the top of the handle is silver, with satin wood, the blade, fine polished steel, with an appropriate inscription...

FOREIGN OPINION

There are some fallacious as absurd as not to merit the praise of refutation, and of this kind is a spurious article in Friday's 'Nationalist,' which we had intended to leave in the obscurity of twilight (moral as well as physical) which surrounds the editorial chair of the rabid anti-foreign organ. It is not long

There will be a railway from this... the Nationalist... the Nationalist... the Nationalist...

IMPORTANT FROM CORDOBA

FIVE DEPUTIES EXPELLED

On the 13th inst. the Chamber met and ratified the late elections; it also sanctioned the national law of elections as applicable to the province. Dr. Echeague introduced a motion to expel the five members composing the 'moderate' party, which was also carried. This has caused a great sensation, and the 'ultras' have everything their own way: the expelled deputies have protested. The actual Governor, Sr. Petreia, was elected on the 8th inst. to act as interim, after the expiration of his term. The 'ultras' will gain the election for Governor...

Colonel Dominguez, of the Cordoba staff, has left for Villanueva during the last year his recruits for the National army only numbered 14 men. The Governor has demanded of the Chamber leave to mobilise the National Guard, in order to protect the frontiers, seeing the frequent and daring incursions of Indians. The city is vigilantly guarded with sentinels, and patrols traverse the streets at night, for fear of insurrection. D. Marquese Molina has published his petition to the Federal Judge against the Governor of Catamarca. He states that on December 1st he was dragged from his horse and thrown into prison, on Mabeuca's verbal order, without being informed of any alleged cause for same. Capt. Pachita, however, had summarily expelled him from the city. He has, although he had fought against the Chicho rebels, the rebels were taken off the corps and put on Molina, who was then obliged, from terror, to sign a confession of treason. Molina was then banished. Dr. Lopez has admitted his protest, and the press of Cordoba eagerly demands National intervention in the present case of Catamarca. A report is expected in Cordoba on the 28th inst.

GOLD MINES IN CATAMARCA

Earthquake in Tucuman

A letter from Catamarca, dated Jan. 9th, in the Ferro-carri, reports the discovery of a vein of gold in the mine called Rosario belonging to Molina Bros. of that city. Two bars of the precious metal had been sent by diligence to Cordoba. The inhabitants were filled with joy at the happy tidings, notwithstanding the barbarities of Mabeuca's reign of terror in Catamarca. Numbers of the most respectable proprietors have been banished, and the rights of person and property outraged; but a new Constitution has been promulgated for the province, ordering all officials to respect civic rights, after Jan. 1st 1864. Senator Moreno, Deputy Campa and others have made a protest before the district Federal Judge, against the Governor's acts; but this is of little avail, for the Judge himself has had to 'clear out' the territory before the Government by public subscription, to publish the 'Liberator,' which is edited by the principist Sarmiento. Mabeuca has discredited his party, and Sr. Lopez is endeavoring to upset him, and make room for his own nephew. The Civic Register ordered by law has not been opened, the people being afraid of shooting or banishment. An earthquake was felt at Tucuman on the 3rd January, at 10 p.m. The shock was very slight, and had been preceded by a heavy fall of rain and decline of the barometer.

IRELAND

There is a remarkable difference of opinion between the Irish 'Nationalists,' on the right of the Southern States of America to fight for their independence. Mr. Smith O'Brien, holds that they have a right to assert their independence. On the contrary, the O'Donoghue contends that no such right exists, and that the views of Mr. Smith O'Brien as expressed in his letter to General Meagher, are not only the views of the English oligarchy and the West Britons of Ireland, but also, and also, the well meaning but mistaken few who carry their theories on the right of self-government to a length which would justify every parish in setting up a flag and that the Southern have no more right to set up a flag for themselves than the agricultural districts of England had on the passing of the Corn Laws, or than the 'Prenice Boys of Derby' would have to set up a flag for themselves if Ireland were an independent nation, and if the majority of Irishmen objected to the shutting of the gates on the famous anti-slavery meeting at Worcester's baring out. From this the 'Nationalists' differ, and maintain that the sympathies of Ireland ought not to be on the side of the North American Government of England, even in the case of the South; but should be with the right, on whatever side it may be found, it is courteous

101th, Expulsa-Amer. 20, Brazil 1, Indian 411, total 633. Stock 1st Dec. - Amer. 74, B. Indian 290, total 423. And the comparative weekly deliveries were: - American 2,408, Brazil 2,103, W. Indian 939, East Indian 18,604, Mediterranean 2,810, total 10,862 bales. 1863 - American 1,938, Brazil 1,843, W. Indian 2,411, East Indian 12,702, Mediterranean 2,301, total 21,213 bales. The average weekly consumption of 1863 was: - American 5,094, Brazil 1,061, West Indian 455, East Indian 13,805, Mediterranean, 2,115; total 22,900 bales. It will be seen from the above that our Imports exceed those of last year by fifty per cent. A great controversy is now going on respecting the supply for the expected next year but the data upon which the various estimates are based are so insufficient that they present little more than guesses beyond this fact, that the cultivation has certainly been greatly extended in various quarters and that most of the crop promises a very good result. Much stress is laid upon this point and coupled with the altered appearance of the Money market, it has not a little affected the Cotton Speculation. Up to Monday the business was considerable at very full prices, but since then the business has dwindled down to about 2,000 bales per day. The rates of discount must appear lower under such circumstances, but a good deal of the Cotton lately arrived has probably been forwarded direct to the Spinners, and the market is very quiet. Prices have become nominal, the decline varies from 1 1/2d. to 2 1/2d. per lb. We quote middling Orleans 26 7/8d., Mobiles and Uplands 1 1/2 per lb., Brazils 1 1/2 per lb. - 1 - 1/2; Egyptian 26. A bill of January shipment is reported at 24 1/2d. for fair which on Monday was worth 27d. per lb. East India is fully 2d. per lb. lower both on the spot and to arrive, but for the latter there are hardly any buyers. The Trade here takes 25,670 bales, Exports 119,000 bales and imports 15,220 bales. Actual Exports 4,830 bales at Sea from India for Liverpool 150,000 bales against same time last year.

SHEEP-FARMING

Hotel Glasgow, Jan. 23, 1864.

My dear Dick - Salutation from your friend and brother, who is most happy to find that there are two 'greenhorns' in the Plate. Until I read your letter, I thought I was the only one, unless (always excepted) the fellow who came out with the letter of introduction. We must give in to him: he beats us both - he was an ass. But now to business. I rather Dick, I do not mean to say that he is not a very good fellow, but your letter corroborates every word I said in my last about overstocking and the moral which I draw from your little amounts simply to this, that a man had better cut his own throat at once, for fear some one at a future day might do it for him; or in other words, that a man with his eyes open, and his senses about him, has no alternative but to join with his neighbours in the race to ruin, by putting 30,000 sheep on his league, for the purpose of starving his neighbour's animals, and to turn his camp into a sandy desert. I am quite aware of the difficulties, in the way of keeping animals off good camp, and I did not undertake to solve them. I only stated my opinion as to the excessive amount of stock hitherto kept. How Mr. A---'s stock is to be kept off Mr. B---'s land I do not know, and, between ourselves, suppose you had better question to the third 'greenhorn' of the Plate, we must have another brother, about here some where (thistles being most years plenty). I know that the expense of stock-feeding is too great for nine out of ten persons to think of such a thing; so ditch will keep animals out for any length of time. But could not the farmers, among themselves, in each district, form a sort of jury to decide how many sheep each ought to keep, according to his land, &c.? Such things are done in other countries, and even laws passed to give powers to the jury of farmers, to enable them to enforce their decisions. This is a free country, I am told, but, at the same time, it is preposterous to suppose that a dishonest man or a fool is to be allowed to place so many sheep, &c., on his land, that it is apparent they must die, or feed on other people's camp, either by night or by day, leaving the mightiest, in self-defence (and against me, justly), the only alternative of doing the same. However, this I take to be the most difficult question before the public at present, and all persons who have experience here should consider the matter over. The present state of things cannot continue. The controversy between Ferrer's and Capillero's waxes w.r.m. and personal; but in regard to the price of sheep, I beg to assure 'Capillero,' and any one else, that I am empowered to dispose of 15,000 mutton sheep, now on camp at 13 dollars each, for 10 dollars each, from 10 to 13 dollars ahead. These sheep will be disposed of in large or small lots, at suit purchasers. The animals are in the best condition, and some lots stronger than others; but intending purchasers can, at small expense, see for themselves. Apply,

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CHURCH MUSIC

To the Editors of the 'Standard.'

Permit me, through the columns of the 'Standard,' to make a few remarks on a subject of the deepest interest to the Scotch residents in Buenos Ayres. The respected clergyman of the Presbyterian Church in this city, instituted, a few days ago, that on the part of some of the members of the congregation, there was a strong desire to introduce some changes into the present system of conducting public worship. It is proposed by these parties, that for the future it shall be the custom to kneel during prayer, and to stand during praise; and I believe the idea of introducing instrumental music, is also under consideration.

So far as I can learn, the principal argument in favour of these changes is founded on the fact, that an improvement in the singing of the congregation is desirable. Granting that such an improvement is desirable, there surely might be found some means of effecting it, without interfering with the established and cherished forms of the church. If it be argued that a standing, is better than a sitting posture for producing good vocal effects, I answer, that the benefit thus gained is dearly bought, when it is at the price of the worshipers by which our forefathers and we have so long enjoyed a standard form of prayer, and a standard system of music, and which, as a pastor possessed of a fine musical taste, and critically disposed, may find much in our singing that is painful to his ears, at variance with the laws of harmony; and in what church would he not? But I would remind such a one, that during worship, it is not so much the object to get musically exact, as to give to young and old, to cultivated and uncultivated, to musical and unmusical, an opportunity of joining in the praise of their Maker. And however rule it may appear to cultivated ears, critically acute, such praise must, from its very nature, have much of both poetry and

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STEAMBOAT AGENCY AND GENERAL COMMISSIONS

FOR PAYSANDU... Calling at Nueva Palmira, Foz de...

FOR CONCORDIA & SALTO... The National Steamer CONCORDIA.

FOR ROSARIO... Calling at Rosario, Baradero, San Pedro...

FOR PAVON... Calling at Chapin Prieta.

FOR CALEGUAY... The National Steamer JOLOCHITAS.

FOR THE PARANA... Santa Fe, and inter-mediate Ports, the Mail Steamer.

ESPIGADOR... Leaves Rosario each Friday, two hours...

FOR CORRIENTES... Calling at Paraná, La Paz, Osella de la Laguna...

FARES: To Montevideo (cabin) 8 patacones...

FOR CUYABA... Calling at San Nicolás, Rosario, Paraná...

HAQUES DE OLINDA... Captain Thelma de S. Bellocourt.

FARES: San Nicolás 16 patacones...

No passengers allowed on any of the steamers without tickets.

25 AND 27 DEFENSA 25 AND 27

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT, ALEX. FULTON & CO.

THE ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT OF BUENOS AYRES

49 & 51 CALLE DEFENSA. PATRICK GALBRAITH, Successor to WILLIAM GIBSON.

Men's and Youths' Mole-skin and Cord Trousers, Men's and Youths' Winked Cord Trousers...

As fresh supplies will be received monthly, per steamer, parties may at all times rely on having an unequalled assortment...

49 & 51 CALLE DEFENSA - 49 & 51

LA PREVISORA ARGENTINA.

LIFE INSURANCE AND SAVING FUND ASSOCIATION OF BUENOS AYRES.

D. Miguel Azcuena, President. D. Antonio Garcia y Garcia, Manager...

The object of the Company shall be to invest in landed property (finca), and with the greatest security.

The Board of Directors, composed of subscribers, shall have charge of all the operations of the Company.

For further particulars, apply at the Co's office 87 calle S. Martin (altos) between the hours of 11 - 4; prospectus given on application.

SAVINGS BANK. BANK MAU & CO.

No. 103 calle de Cangallo.

RUENOS-AYRES. The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt...

The Bank of Mau & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working class in that city, a safe & profitable depositary for their savings.

The sums deposited in that most important institution are daily increasing and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of Clerks, artisans, workmen & servants of all classes...

The Bank of Mau & Co. are also pleased that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighbourhood.

WILLIAM LESLIE. CONDITIONS. 1st. The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty five dollars currency...

14. The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty five dollars currency or one silver dollar upward.

15. In case the depositor loses his Pass Book it can be replaced by another on paying twice the dollar currency, and advancing the loss in the public newspapers.

FERRO CARRIL DEL NORTE. DIAS FERIADOS

Table with columns: Salida, Regreso, Hora, Lugar, Fecha. Lists train schedules for holidays.

DIAS DE TRABAJO

Table with columns: Salida, Regreso, Hora, Lugar, Fecha. Lists train schedules for work days.

NOTA: Los días de trabajo de los Ferros de trabajo de Rosario y Bahía Blanca...

THE BRITISH AND FOREIGN CHINA, EARTHENWARE, AND GLASS STORE

Just opened to the Public. The largest Stock in town. Earthenware Goods of all descriptions.

WILLIAM FERGUSON AND CO. 57-DEFENSA-57.

ALMANACK. Agricultural, Industrial, and Literary Almanack for the Argentine Republic and Buenos Ayres, 1864.

This is decidedly one of the best Spanish Almanacks published in Buenos Ayres, and has selections from the most distinguished literary characters in the River Plate.

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