The Standard

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Universidad de San Andrés

The Standard AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

600—Second Year. | Buenos Ayres, Sunday, January 10, 1864. | Price—Two Dollars.

MAUA BANK

Calle Cangallo No. 101—103

Interest for the current month.

In Account Current, Specie.
For balances in our favor 12p. %
For balances in favor of customers 8p. %

In Account Current, Paper Money.
For balances in our favor 12p. %
For balances in favor of customers 7p. %

Deposits for a fixed term in specie or currency, at conventional interest.

Buenos Ayres, Nov. 1, 1863.

P. P. Maua & Co.

William Leslie.

Maua Bank.

Calle Cangallo Nos. 101 & 103.

The offices of this bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in *currency* and *specie* in this Bank.

1st Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.

2nd Money is advanced on merchandise and other securities approved of by the Manager.

3rd. Accounts-current are opened with merchants or other parties who may prefer, depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously convened under conditions established for such class of operation.

4th Money is received in *account current* bearing interest from day of deposit which is accumulated in favor of the parties every *three* months, the depositors being allowed to retire at any time by means of *cheques* part or the full amount at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred doubloons or one hundred thousand dollars currency, in which case 48 hours previous notice is required to be given at the Treasury of the Bank.

7th Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta. Fé, Salto Oriental, Payssandú, Rio Janeiro and other places in the Brazils, England and France, as also on other places of which notice will be given hereafter.

7th Finally the Bank, undertakes & executes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations.

The establishment is always open from 9 A. M. till 4 P. M.

Buenos Ayres, Oct 29 1863.

P. P. *Maua & Co.*

William Leslie.

IRELAND.

Drafts payable at any of the undermentioned branches of the

NATIONAL BANK

Can be obtained from

WANKLYN AND CO.,

No. 86 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

Athlone	Limerick
Ballyshannon	Lisburn
Belfast	Londonderry
Bandon	Longford
Belmullet	Magherafelt
Boyle	Maryborough
Carlow	Mullingar
Castlebar	Middleton
Castlecomer	Mitchelstown
Castle-de-Lair	Monaghan
Cashel	Monivea
Castlerea	Newcastle
Charleville	Newry
Clonakilty	New Ross
Clonmel	Nenagh
Cork	Oughterard
Dublin	Portadown
Dungarvan	Portarlington
Dundalk	Portumna
Enniscorthy	Roscommon
Enniskillen	Roscrea
Fermoy	Sligo
Galway	Thurles
Gorey	Tipperary
Kanturk	Tralee
Kells	Trim
Kilkenny	Tuam
Killarney	Waterford
Kilrush	Westport
Kinsale	Wexford
Letterkenny	Wicklow

Camp for 8 flocks.

To be given in exchange for 4,000 fine sheep a splendid tract of camp, situate on the best, permanent, arroyo of the province: it is about two leagues long, and within 5 or 6 hours journey by steamer, from this city. The present state of the camp could not be more suitable for sheep, and the freight of wool is 12 reals to 32 mje. per arroba, the land being only 4 leagues from the river Paraná.

Apply between the hours of 8 and 10 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M. at 174 calle Pte Iras.

Also an estancia to rent, with 12 puestos, including ranchos, corrals, galpones, and permanent water, alfalfa fields &c.

Apply as above. N 17. m.

London, Buenos Ayres and River Plate Bank

(Limited)

80 CALLE DE LA PIEDAD 80.

Capital £1,000,000 Sterling.

The rates of Interest from 1st January, 1864 until further notice, will be as follows, for both Specie and Currency:

In Account Current.

Allowed on Minimum Credit balance during the month .. .. 6p. %
Charged .. .. .. 12p. %

Fixed Deposits.

For Sixty days .. .. .. 7p. %
" Ninety days .. .. .. 8p. %

On Deposits subject to Thirty days notice of withdrawal, interest will be allowed at the rate of one per cent per annum more than the rate for Ninety day Fixed Deposits, rising and falling therewith, the Bank notifying any change in the rate by advertisement in the usual papers.

From 1st January 1864 till further announcement the rate for this class of Deposits will be 9 per cent per annum.

Bs. As., 31st December, 1863.

J. H. GREEN.
Manager.

THE QUEEN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

CAPITAL—£1,000,000.

Chief Offices,

QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS LIVERPOOL.

Agents for Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and the River Plate,

Barbour, Barclay, and Co

CALLE CHACABUCO, 13.

Sept. 20.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

1 Old Broad-st, and 16 Pall-Mall LONDON.

—INSTITUTED 1803.

For insuring Houses and other Buildings, Goods, Wares, Merchandize, Manufacturing and Farming Stock, Ships in Dock, Harbour, or Dock, And the Cargoes of such Ships; Mills, Ships Building and Regulating Barges and other Vessels on Navigable Rivers and Canals, and Goods on board such Vessels, throughout Great Britain and Ireland, and in Foreign Countries, from Loss or Damage by Fire.

Subscribed and Invested Capital—£1,600,000.

DIRECTORS.

Thomas Augustus Ellis, Esq., Chairman.
William R. Robinson, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
Robert C. L. Bevan, Esq. — Samuel Hyde, Esq.
Aug. H. Beaumont, Esq. — Sir John Shelmerdine.
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Isaac Carr, Esq. — James Smith, Esq.
W. Burnley Hanson, Esq.

Re-Auditor—Paul Butler, Esq.

AGENTS IN BUENOS AYRES,

Messrs. JOHN BEST and BROS.
92 RIVADAVIA.

Britton and Medical General (Incorporated with the Unity General.)

Life Assurance association chief offices West strand London w c, Capital 3,000,000 £ sterling. Propositions for life assurance are received and immediate attention paid to the same. A prospectus of rates and other particulars will be furnished on application to the company's agent in this city.

George Wilke

—7 Calle Mayo 7—

Good News.

The celebrated South Down Sheep Wash, on Sale at Barry and Walker's.

The only safe and reliable cure for the Scab in Sheep.

South Down Sheep Wash,
Wholesale and Retail,
CALLE DEFENSA, No. 97.
Chas. S. Bowers, Agent.

n 25x.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned respectfully requests all Parties indebted to him to call and pay their accounts without delay, either at his house or at Mr. Twyford's Store, 162 Calle Piedad, who is duly authorised to collect same.

JAMES HASTINGS.
406 Calle Perque.

d 23, 1 m

ENGLISH TAILOR,

39—CALLE DEFENSA—39

George Ellis, in returning thanks to his friends, both in town and camp, for their liberal support, begs to notify them that he has just received a new stock of goods direct from England. Cloths and Tweeds of the very best description.

Garments made to order on the shortest notice, and at the most reasonable terms.

Wanted

A Housemaid for the country. Apply 295 Calle Perque. j 8

La Zingara.

All parties indebted for passage money to the above mentioned ship, are requested to call at my Office and pay their passage, within two months from this, otherwise a special order will be given by Government to the different Justices of Peace to remit into Buenos Ayres all defaulters.

G. WILKS,
No. 7 Calle Mayo.

D 3. x.

Change of Residence.

Benjamin Constant Delorme respectfully informs his numerous customers and the public in general, that in future he will carry on his business as Bootmaker &c, &c. at 43 calle Cangallo.

December 6th 1863.

A Quinta for Sale.

Situated on the road from the Equina Corredores" to the Abina bridge, and bordering on the land bought by the Municipality for the new Southern Corrales. It contains about 64 squares of land, and an azotea house with four rooms.

For further particulars apply at Calle Potosi No. 89, between three and four o'clock, p.m. d 12, 2 m

Bills of Exchange on London,

For amounts as required,
Can be obtained from
HENRY N. HART,
33 CALLE SAN MARTIN,
(Next door to the 'Casa de Moneda.')

Creditos contra la Nacion.

En las balijas de Concordia, Salto y Payson 16 encomiendas por el vapor "Gualeguay" el 7 de Octubre pasado para este destino las que, como es de notoriedad pública han sido australdas 6 extravindas, venden bajo certificados del Correo de Concordia tres recibos de la Comision Clasificadora de la deuda flotante de la Confederacion Argentina, endosada en blanco como sigue:

N. 185 del 16 de Mayo por saldos militares, por.....8 233 60
" 186 18 de Mayo por billetes de Tesoreria..... 630
" 683 11 de Julio por libramientos de proveedurio Soto Mayor y Ortiz ... 2 000

con cuyo motivo se previene al Público que cualquiera trapasa que se haga de esos recibos debe reputarse como fraudulento, y que están dados los pasos cerca de la Comision Clasificadora para que los documentos sean reconocidos á sus lejitimos dueños.

☞ Este aviso para que llegue á conocimiento de todos se publica en todos los Diarios de la Capital. Dic 23

Royal Hotel,

ABOVE-BAR, SOUTHAMPTON.

Passengers by Royal Mail Steamers will find this Hotel very suitable, on landing in England. It is a rendezvous for those going to, or coming from, the Brazils and River Plate. Excellent beds and cuisine, comfortable apartments, good service, and reasonable charges.

n 20 m

Notice.

We beg to give notice that we have opened a Branch House in Montevideo under the firm of DARBYSHIRE & Co, which will be managed by Mr. EDWARD DARBYSHIRE who is admitted as a partner from this date.

Buenos Ayres 1st January 1864

DARBYSHIRE & Co.

To be Sold,

A House, situated in Calle de Rio Bamba between Tucuman and Temple in front of the Irish Convent. No. 23, with eighteen yards of front and seventy in depth with nine Rooms, Cuarto and Quinta, and all sorts of fruit trees and best of water.

For furtl er particulars apply at the house 18 3p

Kerr and Grierson

Have removed their Office to Calle Chacabuco, No. 17.

Jan 8. 12p

Wanted,

In a first class School in the suburbs, an English Resident Teacher. References required.

Direct, per letter, to the Standard Office, Calle Belgrano, 74.

Wanted,

An efficient Clerk, for an English Importing House, apply at 13, Calle Chacabuco.

Jan. 8 3p.

Land to Rent

For 4 or 5 flocks of Sheep of superior quality, containing a Brick House of 7 Rooms in the best of repairs: it is warranted to be the best of Land, and can be delivered immediately as there is no Stock on it

j Apply, Calle Reconquista, 46. j9 3p

DR. P. BOURSE,

American Surgeon Dentist,

No. 101 CALLE ITUZAINGO,

Montevideo,

Would respectfully advise his friends and the public that he continues the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, with all the latest and most important improvements. A practice of nearly twenty years in this country enables him to understand the diseases of the teeth peculiar to this climate.

Fine Mounations for the poor gratis.

o15 x.

JOHN G. KEMSLEY,

Public and Official Translator,

140 CALLE PARQUE.

Moreno Church.

The editors of the 'Standard' are hereby authorized to collect subscriptions for the above Church, by the Commission.

J. RAMON RODRIGUEZ,
Secretary

Just arrived, price $130

South American Sketches,

OR

A Visit to Rio Janeyro, the Organ Mountains, La Plata, and the Paraná.

By Thomas Woodbine Hinchliffe, M.A., F.R.G.S., Author of "Summer Months among the Alps."

Nicely bound in cloth with several fine Colored Engravings, and Map of La Plata, Paraguay, and B. Oriental. The volume contains over 400 pages

G. & H. McKERN
English Book Store, 74 S. MARTIN.

For San Antonio de Areco.

MENSAGERIAS ARGENTINAS

Starts from Buenos Ayres, Rivadavia-street, 140, on the 1st, 6th, 11th, 16th, 21st, and 26th of each Month.

Starts from the Hotel and Boarding House in Areco to Buenos Ayres on the 8th, 13th, 18th, 23rd, 28th, and 30th each Month.

Price of each seat 120
Children 60
Carge per arr
Conductors and Owners,
PAUL AND ROMULO DIAZ.

British Steamer,

KEPLER,

Capt. JOHN CARROLL,

1499 Tons Register, A 1, at Lloyd's,

Is appointed to sail from this Port on

TUESDAY, the 19th inst.,

FOR LIVERPOOL,

Calling at Montevideo, Rio de Janeiro, Bahia and Lisbon, and is now ready to receive cargo for any of the above-named ports, for which passengers are also taken at the following

Fares:

First Cabin,

Liverpool . . . £40
Rio de Janeiro . . 50 pats
Lisbon . . . 170 "

Second Cabin,

For Liverpool . . £20

No Cargo received after the 18th instant.

For particulars of freight and passage, apply to

Messrs. DARBYSHIRE and CO., or to

JOHN P. BOYD and CO., 56 Calle San Martin.

English Clothing Store,

Wholesale and Retail.

80—CANGALLO—80.

Mens' Ready made Clothing.
Youths' do do do
Boys' do do do

j9 6p.

Wanted

A good sterdy man to go to an English estancia Partido de Areco, to mind sheep. Must be a Teutonian.

Apply D O C. 'Standard' office.

Commercial Notice.

The undersigned beg to give notice that they have commenced business here and at Montevideo, as Merchants and Commission Agents.

GEORGE BROWNELL & CO.

3 p. j 9

Governess.

A young Lady recently arrived from Dublin seeks an engagement as Resident Governess in an English Family; the highest references can be given.

Address Governess, Standard Office.

6 p. j 6

Important Notice.

For Sale, the Boat and Shed Shop No. 100 Calle Defensa. All persons having accounts for or against said establishment will please call and settle them within the term of eight days.

RICHARD GODSALL.

Buenos Ayres, Jan. 4, 1864.

j 6, 9 p

Ports, Sherries, Brandies.

The undersigned have just received, and will always have in stock, a choice selection of the above. All superior classes, in quarter casks, octaves, half and butties.

J. H. PAUL, POTT, and CO.
16, CALLE CHACABUCO.

A 2. x

Independent Order of Odd Fellows,

MANCHESTER UNITY.

A Branch Lodge (the Flor Del Plata, No. 8145) of the above Friendly Society has been established in this City. Any person requiring information relating to the same, can apply to

107, CALLE, MORENO.
JOHN J. DOWNING, Secretary.

Argentine Diligences

103 CALLE RIVADAVIA, 103.

Leaves for Pilar, Capilla del Señor, San Antonio de Areco, and Arrecifes on the 1st, 6th, 11th, 16th, and 26th of each Month.

Leaves Arrecifes for Buenos Ayres, passing by San Antonio de Areco, Capilla del Señor, and Pilar on the 4th 9th, 14th, 19th, and 29th of each Month.

Leaves the Argentine Hotel at Mercedes, Durrego and Moreno, in the Capilla del Señor, passing by Pilar, on the 5th, 10th, 15th, 20th, 25th, and 30th of each Month.

Price of Passage and Luggage per Arr.

To Pilar .. .. 40 dlls. .. 10 dlls.
" Capilla del Señor .. 70 .. 15
" San Antonio de Areco 120 .. 20
" Arrecifes .. 200 .. 25

Conductors and Owners,
PAUL AND ROMULO DIAZ.

WESTERN RAILWAY.

On and after the 9th Nov. the trains will start as follows:

WEEK-DAYS.

Salidas del Parque.

1.º Tren a las 6 de la mañana llega a Moreno a las 7 30
2.º " " 9 p " " " " 10 30
3.º " " 12 " " " Moron 1
4.º " " 4 " Tarde " Moreno 5 30
5.º " " 5 " " " " 6 30
6.º " " 6 " " " Moron 7

Regreso al Parque.

1.º Tren de Moreno a las 6 30 llega a las 8
2.º " " 9 30 " " 11
3.º " " Moron 2 " " " 3
4.º " "Moreno 2 30 " " 4
5.º " " 6 30 " " 8
6.º " " Moron 8 " " 9

HOLIDAYS (1.)

SALIDAS DEL PARQUE.

1.º Tren a las 6 de la mañana llega a Moreno a las 7 30
2.º " " 8 " " " " 9 30
3.º " " 10 " " " " 10 30
4.º " " 12 " " " " 1 30
5.º " " 2 Tarde " " " 3 30
6.º " " 4 " " " " 5 30
7.º " " 6 " " Moron " 7

REGRESOS AL PARQUE

1.º Tren de Moreno a las 7 30 llega a las 9
2.º " " " " 9 30 " 11
3.º " " " " 11 30 " 1
4.º " " " " 1 30 " 3
5.º " " " " 3 30 " 5
6.º " " " " 5 30 " 7
7.º " " Moron " 8 " 9

(1.) En los dias feriado el precio de los boletos para las estaciones intermedias entre Parque y Flores sera de 6 pesos de primera y 4 de segunda.

La Administration.

Vessels Loading

BY

JOHN P. BOYD & CO.,

Ship Brokers,

CALLE SAN MARTIN, No. 56.

For Liverpool.

The British Brig,
MARIA BURRISS,
214 tons register. Captain Crosby.
Consignees, Messrs. Moore, Punch, and Tudor.

For Antwerp.

The Prussian Brig
FORTUNA,
200 tons register. Captain Wieman.
Consignee, E. H. Folmar.

The Swedish Barque,
SIR CHARLES NAPIER,
369 tons register. Captain Carlson,
Consignees, Messrs. C. Dussand and Co.

The British Brig,
BEN LOMOND,
267 tons register. Captain Kidner
Consignees, the Gas Company.

FOR NEW YORK.

The Dutch Schooner,
MARCHIENA,
173 tons register. Captain Weppcrus.
Consignees, Messrs. John P. Boyd and Co.

The British Brig
ARAB,
140 tons register. Captain Lombard.
Consignee, E. P. Bonilla, Esq.

For rates of freight, &c., apply to

JOHN P. BOYD & CO.,
Calle San Martin, No. 56.

Colegio Anglo-Porteño,

205—MAIPU—205.

After the 1st of January 1864, only a limited number of pupils can be admitted into this school, and no boys beyond the age of 7 years. No pains or cost has been spared under the new regulations to render the system of tuition efficient and to enhance the comfort of scholars. The course of instruction comprises all the usual branches of a thorough English education. Further details will be furnished by the programmes of the establishment.

d13 ANITA SMITH.

Casa nueva.

Se alquila una situada en la calle 25 de Mayo habiendo esquina á la calle de Corrientes. Para tratar entrarse á la calle de la Florida no. 189. n26—1m

The Boca Iron Works,

JAMES HODGE, Proprietor.

Foundry and Iron Works.

Steam engines, condensing and high pressure, for marine and land purposes

Rollers of all kinds.

Ironsteamboats, sailing vessels, lighters, boats, and canoes.

Cranes, winches, and screw jacks.

Punching and shearing machines.

Cast brass and iron of all description.

Cotton gins of all classes, and all plated iron work done at the Boca Iron Works.

JAMES HODGE.

D. 16. 1m

Great Chance.

To rent a fine puesto with corrals &c, on moderate terms. Also for sale the flock of sheep which is at present at said puesto (permanent water and the very best grass). Apply at Mr. WESTON'S Exchange office in the Plaza,

d 25 2 w.

English Grammar School,

Director—Mr. P. PONGERARD,

Ex-Professor at the London University College.

CALLE LARGA DE BARRACAS,
(Tres Esquinas)

The Director of this Institution has the honor to inform the Parents of his Pupils that the Holidays will begin on the 24th inst., and last till the 7th of January next.

The English Grammar School presents all the elements of a British Institution, the greater part of the best English families having patronized it from the day of its foundation.

A sound Commercial and Semi-Classic Education, strict discipline, united with the kindest treatment, have produced their beneficial effects, and afforded those Parents, who have placed their confidence in the Director of the English Grammar School, that proof of the soundness of principles and the excellence of the method which are set forth in this Establishment.

Extensive Grounds, Gymnastics, a Cold Baths are so combined as to offer the best prospects of invigorating the body and securing the health of the Pupils.

d 24

AN CLE O FERRER,

Commission Merchant and Insurance Agent receives orders at the 'Standard' Office and at 290 Calle Venezuela.

Land for Sheep,

At a distance of 45 leagues from town, towards the West, there is for sale the section to many lots of one or two square leagues: one can join two or three lots together to make a wider extension. There are all around it many flocks of sheep belonging to Englishmen and Irishmen. The land is surveyed, and possession can be taken of it, and the titles get immediately. Map shown, and further explanations given at Calle Libertad No 26, from 7 to 10 A.M.

j 5. 15 p

To be Let,

That splendid House Nos. 12, 14, and 16 Calle Maypu, one of the most commodious houses in the city of Buenos Ayres having two large stores, besides a large Dwelling House. It is situated within two squares of the Plaza, and is the only house of such dimensions to be let in a central a locality. To a good tenant the place will be rented on lease for three years Apply Calle Rivadavia 81.

j 5. 1 w

Peter Cunningham.

Passenger per steamer 'Sicilia' in October of last year, is requested to call at the office of the undersigned with out delay.

CHAS. W. BENN & CO.

j5 1w.

English Boarding and Day Seminary for Young Ladies

226 CALLE PARQUE.

Mrs DAVIS begs to acquaint her Friends and the Public that the 1st of this establishment will be resumed [D.V.] on the 8th instant.

j 7. 6 p

Wanted

A Cook at Calle Reconquista, 168.

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Universidad de San Andrés

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE STANDARD
$30 PER MONTH.
ADVERTISEMENTS.
Not exceeding six lines inserted three times for $5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

"Nil falsi audeam nil veri non audeam dicere!"—*Cicero.*

SUNDAY, JANUARY 10, 1861.

THE SITUATION.

Whether from the extreme heat or the serious depression of the paper money, we will not take on us to say, but certain it is that there is a sort of dizzy feeling experienced by all who have five paper dollars at stake in the country. We cannot go so far as to assert that we are suffering from a panic of ignorance, for such is not the case; but we do say that there is a general conviction that the best interests of the country are immolated at the shrine of politics.

Notwithstanding all we may argue in favour of the National Government, there is a general conviction that we cannot go on much longer as we are going.

Party feeling is rising to such a height that if recourse is not had to the safety valve, there are serious fears that our political boiler will soon burst.

The national finances are represented to be in the most inextricable state of confusion.

The industrial interests of the country are said to be neglected.

The revenue of the Government is considered to be thrown away in the employment of a set of supernumerary politicians, and the time, talent, and energies of our public men to be devoted rather to the subjugation of political opponents than the advancement of the material interests of the nation.

Without entering too deeply into these matters, we may safely state that these are the sentiments of foreigners on the present critical occasion.

The political situation of the Argentine Republic is far from being what its well-wishers could desire.

If we look at the interior provinces we find small territories crushed down by the useless expense of a set of popinjay Governments, which are maintained more for the purpose of affording employment to a dangerous set of politicians than of protecting the lives and properties of the people.

The mainstay of the nation, the bone and sinew of the country—industry—is the very last thing thought of. Need we wonder that such is the true state of the provinces when we ourselves are a prey to all sorts of political intrigue and electioneering humbug?

If politics were the means of affording food to the inhabitants and a revenue to the nation, we could comprehend the all absorbing attention which they at present command; but when we consider that since the first hour of the independence of this country they have proved the bane and ruin of the nation, we confess, indeed, that we are surprised they are permitted to grow like an upas tree on this republic, withering every enterprise which they shadow.

Portenos all admit the absurdity of so many provincial governments, but they fail to perceive that the very same cause which is fomenting revolution in the interior is creating all the disturbance at home.

Buenos Ayres has its Governor, Prime Minister, and Minister of Finance; the three put together could not tell us how many acres of land have been sown under wheat, or how many fanegas of maiz the crop of 1863 has yielded, yet, nevertheless if they were questioned as to how many Crudo voters in the town and province they could say to within a dozen. If we are to believe report, the Ministers of the Province take a delight in impressing upon every one the present critical state of the national finances, the errors of the Administration, and the inevitable collapse which is approaching, whilst these gents. shut their eyes to the fact that the industry of the province is assassinated by imposts, and the wealth of the country daily diminishing.

The situation of the country this day is critical in the extreme, and it is a lying slander to suppose that the rise in the price of gold, and consequent depreciation of our currency, is attributable to the efforts of capitalists or the influence of speculators.

President Mitre takes matters with such a poetic coolness, that it is time we should demand his attention to 'the situation.' We call upon him to lay by Ossian and Plutarch, and take up the last month's returns of the Custom-house. If the National Government is in financial difficulties, it is not solely because of the Chacho's revolution, but because the most monstrous expenses have been going on. Will it be credited that the expenses of the Buenos Ayrean Custom House are more than one-third of the receipts? Will it be believed that whilst the troops are unpaid, and the burning of the currency stopped, provinces are sending in the most monstrous accounts to our national Treasury?

The interest in the English debt has to be remitted in March. May we ask where the funds are to come from?

There are considerations worthy of the attention of all who take an interest in the maintenance of the National Government and the prosperity of the nation.

The present debt of the nation should be, as far as possible, funded, and the revenue of the country liberated from the control of creditors.

The Provincial Bank holds the Buenos Ayrean Custom House—the Mauá Bank those of the provinces. Meanwhile, although the soldiers are without pay, and the whole country torn to atoms by the politicians, President Mitre is rusticating in San Isidro, versifying the Aeneids of Virgil. We have had many descriptions of Administrations in this country, from the tyrant Rosas to the age of reason Alsina; but the rule of poetry is the most dangerous of all.

The situation of the country is critical: we call upon President Mitre to make it more secure.

EMIGRATION STATISTICS

We are all so sick of the long, verbose, public documents which fill up the papers daily, that it is refreshing to get hold of a Government paper, so interesting to all who care for the prosperity of the country, as the emigration table published in yesterday's 'Nacion Argentina.'

The following table shows the total amount of immigration into the Argentine Republic for the years 1862 and 1863, by which it will be seen that the passenger vessels which arrived here in last year, were nearly double those of the previous year, and the increase of the number of immigrants during 1863, over that of 1862, was no less than *three thousand six hundred and ninety-two*—

	1862.		1863.	
	Vessels.	Immigrants.	Vessels.	Immigrants.
Genoa ...	43	1793	49	2336
Bordeaux ...	19	685	34	1135
Bayonne ...	7	770	8	882
Havre ...	11	306	16	664
Carril ...	1	1-8	—	—
Vigo ...	1	85	2	180
Coruña ...	2	140	2	198
Ferrol ...	—	—	—	—
Barcelona ...	1	12	8	84
Cadiz ...	1	24	11	213
Liverpool ...	7	254	23	509
Dublin ...	1	150	1	137
Antwerp ...	—	—	2	77
Bremen ...	1	10	4	55
Hamburg ...	2	26	7	100
Rio Grande ...	—	—	2	85
Rio Janeiro ...	—	275	1	10
Montevideo ...	—	—	—	3573
" ...	—	—	—	150
Total ...	98	6716	1[illegible]	10[illegible]

The Irish are nearly all hired by their fellow-countrymen on their estancias in the camp: the female portion generally remain in the city, and are hired as domestic servants.

The Italians are divided into two classes: those from the South of Italy, and those from Lombardy. The first are, generally speaking, sailors and fruit sellers, hotel-keepers, masons, and workmen: the latter class occupy themselves in quintas, farms, &c., and are very much esteemed.

The immigrants from Berne generally have a trade, and the Frenchmen from the North of France are, generally speaking, journeymen workmen.

The 'Gallegos' are serenos, water-carriers, and servants. They have little inclination for agriculture.

It will be seen, by examining the above table, that the principal immigration lines to this country are from Genoa, Bourdeaux, Bayonne, and Havre. The other lines are of less importance—that is to say, from Liverpool, Cadiz, and Hamburg. The occupations or professions of the immigrants, are on an average as follows:—

Farm labourers,	60	per cent.
Artizans . .	20	"
No particular occupation . .	20	"

The Basques, Swiss, Germans, and Irish principally devote themselves to pastoral and camp pursuits, with signal success.

Of the immigrants, at least 70 per cent. are men and 30 per cent females.

But the most extraordinary feature of this table, is that of the females which arrive here, by far the largest share are from *Dublin*. The following is the table published, as taken from the Consul's books, and the captains of the vessels' entries:—

DUBLIN . .	30	per cent.
Bayonne . .	25	"
Bordeaux . .	18	"
Genoa . .	20	"
Havre . .	18	"
Vigo . .	15	"

YOUTHS AND CHILDREN.

By far the larger portion of the immigrants are from Galicia and the Basque Provinces: the majority of the children are from ten to fifteen years old.

FAMILIES.

A very limited number of families have arrived as yet in this country. The few which have arrived, came principally from Germany and the Basque Provinces. It has been remarked, that in general the Germans have the largest families, five to nine in each.

In order that the reader can properly comprehend how steadily immigration is increasing in this country, we publish the following table, showing the immigration for the last six years:—

Months.	1858	1859	1860	1861	1862	1863
January ...	232	356	714	729	699	866
February ...	311	572	497	471	492	792
March ...	481	644	437	608	235	868
April ...	181	221	336	253	573	799
May ...	171	211	315	265	587	721
June ...	26	31	310	419	553	766
July ...	193	460	471	522	571	840
August ...	47	206	629	550	732	612
September ...	242	371	378	651	609	668
October ...	22	277	291	528	651	781
November ...	309	265	600	551	615	765
December ...	42	245	48	854	525	1257
	2031	3355	5026	7402	6242	10258

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Our readers may possibly not be aware of the present ugly row going on amongst the boot and shoemakers, but the 'crudo' and 'cocido' affair is nothing to it. It appears Mr. Aspiazu took a contract from Government for 400 pair of shoes, and in due time delivered the same at the Comisaria. After a few days he sent to inquire if the shoes had been inspected, but was answered in the negative. Day followed day, and the same answer was given. At last, after the shoes were lying eighteen days in the office, it appeared that the inspectors refused to attend, alleging that the contractor's partner had called on him for the purpose of influencing his judgment. Aspiazu *pops* a tremendous letter at Diaz Cavedu, who, it appears, has nothing whatsoever to say for himself Albarracin, we believe, remits the boots. Meanwhile, we suppose that some of the defenders of the country must go barefooted. Aspiazu, we believe, is contented to get back the boots. He prefers them to the paper dollars, stating that they may talk as they like, but *there is nothing like leather.*

The 'Spider' left yesterday for Paysandu, in order to afford protection to any British subjects that may be found in that quarter. Many are of opinion that if Servando Gomez comes up precipitately on the rear of Flores, that the long standing account with this regenerator will at last be arranged. A British officer, of more than twenty years' standing, and who has been all through the Uru uay towns, tells us that Flores is no more able to take Paysandu, than the Spanish Gibraltar, and that if Leandro Gomez has two hundred good men and true, he can hold out against Mr. Flores. Meanwhile, it is thought that Flores is at bay to permit of hazard a fight at all risks. If the two Oriental Generals, Leandro and Servando Gomez, allow him to escape this time, there is no saying when the revolution will terminate. A little pluck now, and the country can be freed from the invader.

We call attention to the Immigration table in another column, by which it will be seen that in 1863 more girls came from Ireland than from any other part of Europe to this country. We suppose that this is the reason why there is scarcely a sheep farmer in the country a bachelor. We only hope that the immigration table next year will show the same results. The majority of the servant girls in this city are Irish, but we think it right to say that there are great complaints against them. In fact many very excellent families have now resolved to employ only Basque servant girls on account of the fashionable tendencies of the Irish servant girls. Some of the servant girls now-a-days dress with such taste and elegance that it is extremely difficult, judging simply from appearances, to know the cook from the lady of the house. There is reason in everything, but we think that it is most monstrously absurd for a girl who earns two or three hundred dollars per month to be sporting the largest crinolines and the co-lliest silks and satins to be found in Buenos Ayres.

The Villa del Salto struck again on the rocks in the corralito, and filled. She had on board over 300 men, who disembarked in front of where the accident occurred. We hear that she has filled in two compartments, but we have reason to hope that she is not a total wreck.

A friend of ours, from the camp, has just arrived. He has come from the frontier, near the 25 de Mayo, and gives the most glowing description of the state of the camps out there. He says that it is perfectly incredible the number of Irishmen who are daily arriving out there with sheep. The camps are the most magnificent that can be imagined; the grass is more than a foot high; the arroyos are all full of water; but the most extraordinary thing is, that the camps abound with *pigs*. In no part of the province are there so many pigs as at the 25 de Mayo. We implore and entreat of all our fellow-countrymen, who are paying enormously high rents for 'puestos,' where there is not a particle of grass, to take our advice and drive their flocks out immediately in the north and west directions. Only the other day, we referred to the Pavon camp, where eight thousand sheep were sent out from the Capilla del Senor. The camps at the Capilla, we regret to say, are frightfully bare; not a particle of grass, and Irishmen are beginning to think of moving their flocks from that quarter also. The plain fact of the matter is, that this is the most trying part of summer, and for another month we can expect but slight relief. Farmers, whose camps will not, therefore, hold out for another month, should take courage, and before the sheep get too thin, at once move them, always keeping in view the proper road to take. *i.e.*, where there are plenty of rivers and 'arroyos.' Sheep require more water than grass when travelling, as an instance of this, we may state, that only last week a farmer who was driving his sheep out to 'Junin' offered as high as 500 dollars to people on the road for liberty to water his sheep, and in many places was refused.

Mr. Gowland, the well-known auctioneer, has sent us the minutes of his wool auction. As it is a novelty to see wool sold by auction, we readily find room for it. It will be found in another column.

BRITISH HOSPITAL.

A general meeting of the subscribers was held on the 8th January, at the British Consulate, Frank Parish, Esq., H B M. Consul, in the Chair.

The Chairman opened the proceedings by briefly stating the object of the meeting, and by congratulating the subscribers on the present satisfactory state of the affairs of the Hospital. He concluded by requesting Mr. Moore, the secretary, to read the following report:—

December, 1863.

Your Committee have much pleasure in presenting the following Report of their administration of the affairs of the Hospital, and they trust that the measures they have adopted will meet the approval of the subscribers:—

On first entering office, they became aware that it was impossible for Dr Reid to fulfil his medical duties, and at the same time to attend to the domestic arrangements of the establishment. They, therefore, appointed a matron at a monthly salary of 500 dollars: and experience has convinced them that the measure was a prudent and economical one.

Your committee regret to inform you, that the repairs of the building form an important item in their accounts. The state of the roof was such as to necessitate immediate repair, and that, and several other works that were absolutely necessary for the health of the patients, were ordered, and have been executed satisfactorily; but many, and very important, as well as costly, repairs, remain to be done, among others, the re-building of the wall on the Calle de Bolivar, which has been condemned as insecure by the Municipal engineers. This work it was out of the question to undertake with the funds applicable to the purpose.

During the current year, the number of patients received into the hospital, was 300 males and 5 females. Total —305.

Being 76 in excess of the admission last year.

Discharged cured or relieved .	251
Died	18
Number at present in Hospital	36

Of these 95 were admitted free, and the existence of so many of our afflicted countrymen, compelled to apply for gratuitous medical attendance, is a strong proof of the growing necessity for liberal subscription, from town and country, to keep pace with the daily increasing British population and the consequent increase of sick to be provided for.

The admission of several private patients, at 50 dollars and 100 dollars per diem, has in no way encroached on the rooms set apart for the ordinary patients, and has been a source of profit to the establishment.

In consequence of the contractors of the Northern Railway having repudiated the account of expenses incurred in the Hospital by a number of their workmen, your Committee felt bound to receive such patients, without a sufficient guarantee for payment of their accounts, as they did not feel justified in burdening the subscribers with maintenance of men brought from England by the contractors for a special object, and who, therefore, could not be considered permanent residents in the country.

The accounts of the Treasurer, which will be found herewith, show a balance in favour of the Hospital of $41,185 5 in the yearly expenses account. Of this sum $44,185 5 are deposited with the London, B. Ayres and River Plate Bank, and the balance in the hands of the Treasurer, and of 29,188 2 dols to the credit of the Building Fund, which are also deposited with the bank.

From these it will be seen that the amount of yearly subscriptions is 9,620 dols, being an increase of 29,870 over last year. A further sum of 9,640 dols has been received in special donations, making a total in voluntary contributions of 100,410 dols.

The Committee have further received 16,893, the proceeds of an entertainment given in the saloons of Co'on Theatre for the benefit of the Hospital, and take this opportunity of tendering their thanks to the ladies and gentlemen who so kindly and successfully lent their valuable time and talents for this object.

An amount of 700 dols for interest has been received from the bank on the general expense account, the Committee having resolved to employ in this manner any spare funds there might be in the Treasurer's hands from time to time.

Every effort has been made by your Committee to render the institution self-supporting by curtailing household and other expenses, in which they have succeeded in effecting a sensible reduction without, as they believe, in any way impairing the efficiency of the management. The amount disbursed under the head of current expenses is 184,021 dols 7 rls, or 22,091 dols 1 rl. less than in 1862, while the number of patients received into the Hospital shows an increase of 76 over last year.

The balance standing to the credit of the Building Fund remains the same as on 1st January, with the exception of an amount of 898 dols received for interest. Your committee would suggest that a sum of 9,000 dols should be transferred to this fund from the general accounts, to form a reserve in the event of any extraordinary outlay being called for at some future day.

The Committee cannot too fully express the obligation they are under to Mr. Seymour for his assistance in the collection of subscriptions, and to whose unwearied efforts they are principally indebted for the satisfactory results presented in their accounts.

The subscriptions from the county districts show a marked increase over former years, and the thanks of the Committee are due to the gentlemen who have exerted themselves on behalf of the Hospital.

It is satisfactory for your Committee to be able to state that the liberal support the Hospital has received has enabled them to admit all applicants who have presented themselves with proper recommendations; but although your committee are able to resign their trust not only free from debt but with a balance at the bank, it must be remembered that this satisfactory termination of their year of office has only been attained by the postponement of the repairs already mentioned as demanding immediate attention, and it is therefore to be hoped that a further increase will be realised in the coming year.

In terminating their report your Committee have much pleasure in testifying to the skill and attention of your resident surgeon Dr. Reid. His unremitting care towards the sick has been frequently and gratefully acknowledged by patients who have left the Hospital.

The thanks of the Committee are also due to Messrs. Mulhall, for their continued liberality in gratuitously inserting advertisements in their paper, a copy of which they supply free of expense for the use of the residents in the Hospital.

R M'CLYMONT, Chairman.
F. W. MOORE, Secretary.

It was then moved by Mr. Milroy, and seconded by Mr. Fulton, that the report be adopted, which was carried unanimously.

On the motion of Mr. Moore, seconded by the Rev. J. C. Ford, a vote of thanks was ordered to be recorded to Mr. Seymour for his active and gratuitous services in collecting subscriptions.

It was moved by Mr. Auchterlonie seconded by Mr. Neild, and carried unanimously, that the thanks of the subscribers should be conveyed to Dr. Reid for his services during the past year.

Proposed by Rev. E. Ford, seconded by Rev. G. Smith, and carried unanimously, that $30,000 be passed from the General Expenses Account to the Building Fund, as recommended by the committee.

On the motion of Mr. Fulton, seconded by Mr. Auchterlonie, it was resolved to request Messrs. Mulhall to publish the report and minutes of this meeting for the information of the members who were not present.

A vote of thanks to the outgoing committee, for their very successful administration of the affairs of the Hospital, was proposed by Mr. Parish, seconded by Mr. Mulhall, and carried unanimously.

The Chairman having left the chair, Mr. Ford proposed and Mr. Getting seconded a vote of thanks to him for his able conduct at this meeting. Carried unanimously.

Frank Parish, Esq, again took the chair, and called upon the subscribers present to appoint a new committee for the year 1861, and the following gentlemen were duly elected on the proposal of Twyford, seconded by Mr. Salmond.

Mr. Barclay
Mr. Moore,
Mr. Getting
Mr. Seymour
Mr. Chisholm
Mr. Fulton.
Suplentes Mr. Kerr.

The proceedings then terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chairman, F. Parish, Esq.

Farce at the Registro Cívico.

Scene in the jury room of the Merced, on Wednesday. The *Cocidos* present false papeletas

Free and enlightened elector—Here is my papeleta; I want my inscription ticket.

A Juror—Where do you live.

Elector—Where my papeleta says.

Juror—Where is that, and what is the owner's name.

Elector—Don't know his name, never saw him.

Juror—Well, what is the number of the house.

Elector—No. so and so (which happens to be President Mitre's house); I hire a room there. (Said elector evaporates immediately after being found out).

Enter 2nd Elector.

Elector—Su servidor, I want my voting ticket.

Juror—Where do you live.

Elector—73 Calle. . . . . I hire two rooms there.

Juror—Hola, that happens to be the house where I live, and this is the first time I hear of any one else occupying those apartments. Come, clear out. (Elector retires crestfallen).

Enter 4 Electors.

Electors—We want our inscription ticket.

Juror—Where did you get your papeletas.

Electors—They were given to us round the corner.

Juror—Where do you live.

Electors—Just come from Bahia Blanca. We put up at present at 66 Calle ..... (This happens to be a well known establishment).

Jurors look at them astonished, as they appear fit candidates for Jack Ketch, instead of being free and enlightened electors of representatives of this great country. They clear out swearing what they will do the day of the elections. If there is anything to be done in the knife line, they will do it no doubt.

LATEST from the PROVINCES.

Commercial rooms are about being opened by the merchants in Rosario.

The first of the line is within four days' march of Rosario.

From the Provinces we learn everything is very quiet.

Governor Cullen of Santa Fe has, we regret to say, insisted on his resignation

The Postmaster of Rosario is again in hot water, and a serious charge is made against him about five letters posted for Cordova in his office.

All the provinces it appears are again in peace, and Paunero as soon as he has established his frontier battalion to protect against the Indians, will return to Buenos Ayres. Baron is in Parana, having the city as a prison.

Business is a little brisker in Rosario, and goods are going fast into the interior.

THE CAMP SCHOOLMASTER.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "STANDARD."

My Dear Mr. Editor,

Did you ever hear of Wilkins M'Cawber, Esq., a party, who, when the jade Fortune frowned on him, heroically turned his attention, with the object of repairing his fallen lot, from Bills and Billbrokers and took an interest in potatoes and coals? If you have, (perhaps you remember, how, when on the point of leaving his native land, he exclaimed, partly in the spirit of vexation, and partly in that of universal benevolence "If my example should save but one young man from following in my footsteps, then, have not I lived in vain."

My attention was called to an able leading article in your paper, prepared for the French mail of 12th Nov. 1861, in which you clearly state what class of emigrants are wanted in this dodrotted country, and with the immortal W. M., I feel inclined to exclaim "If one young man be saved from total ruin by reading my experience, then, have not I lived in vain."

I happened to be in Great Britain, last year, on a tour, and whilst travelling round, I heard a great deal about

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this country. "Hope told a flattering tale, much longer than my arm" to Hombaster' valient General, and although, all through life, I have generally kept a curb upon my sanguine temperament, by remembering the text "Blessed are they that hope for little for they won't get much" (when found, make a note of) and although I also knew that, I was not coming to the land of cotton, cinnamon seed and sandy bottom, yet I could not help sometimes imagining this to be a land of mutton chops and chutnee sauce, devilled kidneys, and boiled bones, *ad libitum*. But, tell it not in Gath nor in the streets of Askalon! how my day dreams were cruelly dispelled! (mark you, what follows, must be profaned with the statements which I have often heard since my return from Camp, viz: that my lot had not fallen in pleasant places; but was an exception, although an exception, too common.)

I arrived here sometime ago, and on presenting my letters of introduction, I was obliged to partake of a dish, for which I have no great relish, cold shoulder. The good folks, to whom I had letters, grinned all over their body, (just like a youngster after his first kiss, or like a Chincso Sampan girl who has just been topled into the water by some young Britishor who possessed exuberant spirits) and commenced talking to me something that sounded remarkably like a discourse on the Greek Digamma, in which the words 'seca' and 'Flores' held a prominent position. I asked, in my innocence, why they, if they disliked it so much, did'nt take council together and put a stop to the 'seca' (whatever that might be) and sit upon 'Flores.' I have when at school, eaten stolen apples, sour as Greek and Hebrew tracts, but, Land of Goshen! my face never was so like a nutcracker as theirs were, when I made this remark. Well, thought I, I have been and gone and done it, and put my foot in it, like sister Polly's daughter who lost her shoe at a pic-nic, and which article of dress was afterwards found in a pigeon pie. I left the presence of those grave Solgnors with a kind of a feeling that I had been speaking disrespectfully of some of their relations, or of some dear departed friend, and that thus, unwillingly I had re-opened the sore.

I had heard that in Spanish countries "all the men were brave, and all the women were virtuous." 'Seca' is feminine, I soliloquised, and I'll be decieed if this infant hasn't been talking flippantly of some of their great grandmothers, Oh Snakes and Jerusalem! didn't I feel mean! I'll tell you how I felt. Just fancy yourself on a high pressure boat, racing like mad with an opposition boat, 200 on the square inch, and the Captain sitting on the safety valve shrieking like a Pawnee Indian, till his veins are swollen and his face is of a scarlet blue color "Beat her, or burst! Let her rip! Oh Land' of Goshen! Earth and Seas! Let her went, she's wrathy" when all of a sudden, burst goes one of the feeding water pipes and you feel a liquid icy cold trickling down your back, at the same time you find your ears tingling, and hot, hot as——, just as if you had received a powerful sockdolager from a man who intended to try the strength of his biceps. If you can realize all that, then have you my delightful feeling.

On returning to my hotel I turned up Neumann and Barretti and found that 'seca' was not a human female, but a drought, and that 'Flores' was the plural of flor a flower—now I've got it—those respectable gentlemen are all gone chickens, for as *quem lions vult perdere, prius momentat* the drought and hot weather have driven them raving distracted mad as a June bed bug.

Finding that I had not insulted any of their female ancestors, and that they ought rather to be pitied for the loss of such reason as prudence ever endowed them with (I never saw them before the 'seca') that condemned, I screwed up sufficient courage to call upon them a few days afterwards, and perhaps, (should they have recently had more violent paroxysms, they might possibly be in a state of lull and be able to talk more sensibly.

The first party to whom I went, pulled his whiskers, grinned like a Cheshire cat or a second Catker—and Snakes! he evidently knew his own good points, for his teeth were wonderfull white (I guess he don't chaw tobacco) and looked very natural—"Well, Mr. Hosish, I'd recommend you to go to the camp" (however never offering to give me letters to any of his camp friends), advice, a thundering lot like that given by Sr. Benjamin Brodie to a poor woman "I'd advise you to live well, take carriage exercise every day, and towards the end of the season go to Emsor Baden, As your appetite is not good, and I don't approve of such tonics as quinine or gentian, take half-a-dozen of oysters, not more, and a couple of glasses of Johannisberg a few minutes before dinner; good morning, ma'am"

To make a long story short, I started for that unknown region, the camp, in what direction is no business of your's or *any other man's*. Finding nothing particular to do, unless I turned my attention to cutting the throats of sheep, or wandering about skinning such as had died of this bugbear of mine, the 'seca' (I ain't a Cincinnatti man) I thought that teaching the young idea how to shoot might possibly gain me my living, feeling perfectly competent to impart the three Rs (reading, writing, and arithmetic) to any number of savages. I accordingly engaged myself to a country man of the Duke of Argyle's—how that deceased nobleman would lament the destitution of his countrymen, not a post in the whole camp, except at the entrance to corrales—who promised to pay me,—well I aint say what in case all the crossing sweepers of London might be tempted to remain at home—I stood it pretty well for about a month, and I don't believe that Job would have had patience to teach these brats—whether they were naturally stupid, or stubborn, or, owing to their diet, had become half sheep I know not—but of one thing, *I am certain* that the little brats were delightfully ignorant of the use of soap and water and pocket-handkerchiefs, either pictorial or plain,—Oh! that some Mrs. Jellyby would start up and organize a society for distributing and teaching the use of pictorial pocket-handkerchiefs in this Argentine Boero booligah!! "Those whom the gods love, die young" and I'm sure, sure as Rates, that these youngsters, were they to die now, would die if not in the odour of sanctity, at least in the odour of ——

The quantity of tobacco that I smoked as a kind of disinfecting remedy! I smoked myself almost into fits—one day—knowing that a wink is as good as a nod to a blind horse, I set a copy line for one of my improving pupils "cleanliness is next to Godliness.—Well, dodrot the little puritan, he refused to write and trotted to his father, and Oh Hedges! down came he like a thousand of bricks, shouting in the purest Doric—that would have made Professor Blackies' (Edimbro' N. B.) heart beat with joy. "Ye maunna teach the bairn teaswcer" I calmly explained to him that in place of teaching "the bairn tee swcer," I was planting a great moral truth in the child's mind—a truth of which we evidently never had heard, when a pickaninny. He lost his temper, and I, like a goose, lost mine—(Strange it is, that what Sydney Smith wrote of Scotchmen, years ago, still holds good—they still require a surgical operation to be performed on their heads, before they can understand ajoke) After bandying a few complimentary remarks, the spirit moved me to tell him that in all my wayfaring I ever had found his class of Scotchmen the same—that whenever they succeeded in becoming owners of a piece of land, they were so cussed proud of it that they carried as much of the soil about them on their persons, as they well could. This put the finishing hitch to my enterprize—He gave me notice to quit, and I told him that I would make tracks from his diggins as soon as ever I could get my plunder removed. As I said before I'm a peaceable man, I am—my brother Repentance can vouch for that fact.

To return to our mutton, I mean, my employer, I told him in the words of the immortal Colonel Davy Crocket "You go to——and I'll go to Texas"—That same night, I travelled.

With respect to the fulfillment of my dream—Wats of stodgy chops and Chutnee sauce—our times for feeding, were as follows—At 7 A. M. we had a composition of chicory and burnt horse beans called by a stretch of imagination, coffee—I don't know if ever, when a youngster, you were dozed on half holidays with a vile compound called, "Gregory's mixture" I have been, and as far as I can recollect it appeared to me to be made of coarse sand, red paint, two spoonfuls of turpentine, a drachm of assafoetida, three grains of ipecacuanna and a few cantharides—it was a powerful medicine, but real nasty to swallow—just in fact a physic adapted for a public hospital—as it is a well known fact, that free patients never think they are properly attended to, unless they get physic, the taste of which remains in their mouth for a week. Our coffee was much the same in taste—and I'm prepared to go before a Justice of peace and make declaration that that coffee had never seen Yungas, Brazil or Mocha. We had for edibles an article called by courtesy, Biscuit, as hard as any stone that ever came from 'amin Garcia.

I once got a brickbat full fly on to my mouth during an election fuss in one of the Western Cities, and before I could recover presence of mind and absence of body from the crowd, to spit out the nasty thing along with some of my front teeth, I had swallowed a big lot of it—The so called Biscuit reminded me of that charmed brickbat.

At 11 A. M. we had dinner consisting of bones and tallow, biscuit as before and tea composed of dried birch brooms but small and a few stray straws.

At 4 P. M. we had tea, mon bones, tallow and biscuit.

At 7 P. M. we had tea, bones, dried boot uppers, and biscuit.

At 9 P. M. was all went to bed to sleep, per chance to dream. There is an old tradition, that when the King of the Fleas, who lives in Galilee, dies, then are cauucuses held of the fleas all over the world, to choose a successor. Well, judging from the uproarious behaviour of these small deer in my hut they must have been several mass meetings of the fleas of the partido in which, for my sins I was then residing. Some of the fleas were evidently practised stump orators from the way they stumped over my body. I'm a patient man, I am—I can stand mosquitors, even Gillinippe's, but I'll be jiggered (Don't find, the Earl of Eglinton when Lord Lieutenant of Ireland used that very phrase in a public speech) if I can stand fleas.

After leaving this highly polished individual and his interesting family, I returned to Buenos Ayres, and finding nothing to do, I've done it, and have devoted my time to studying human nature as displayed in the native and foreign residents of the first lot the women naturally take the *pas*—they are, as all over the world, the better portion. If the old Turk, Mahomed, had seen these Portena girls he wouldn't have bra ged about his beautiful ones in Paradise so overlastingly, I know, for these Portefias would have beat them all hollow. I've an eye there aint no deceiving; I have made it a study; I have, to use the words of old Sam Johnson, studied human nature from China to Peru. I know every point about a woman as well as I do about a horse—I make all allowance for the gear, the getting up, and the vamping, and all that sort of bosh; but toggery don't make an ugly girl hand some, no how you can fix it. It may lower her ugliness a little, but it won't raise her beauty if she hasn't got none.

With regard to the male critters, both native and foreign, there ain't much to crack on. I never see a lot of them on that boatjack of a mole, but what, I think of old Death Snowball, a colored party whose acquaintance I contracted on the Levee of New Orleans. He was an excitable party, he was—and should any of his brother niggers pass, a little more decently dressed than himself (Snowball was a bit of a sloven, like many a good white man) he would go raving distracted mad, and shout at the pitch of his voice:—

Oh! if I was President of this here United States
I'd sack every cuttyfy and scrape up the pieces,
And then I didn't care I'd stick them off the pocket.
And this way will go about will be left to Davy Crocket.

(Owing to the extreme length of this communication we are are obliged to defer the conclusion until one next issue—Ed.)

LOCAL EVENTS.

Regimental Uniforms—The Government notifies the public, and particularly the foreign houses of business, that they will, on the 11th inst., receive proposals for ten thousand uniforms. A certain party, through the columns of the 'Tribuna,' attacks the conduct of the Government for accepting bids from foreign houses, and states that it is far better that the uniforms should be made in Buenos Ayres than in Paris, inasmuch as it gives employment to thousands of poor females who have no other means of subsistence than making soldiers fur jackets.

Skedda led.—The 'Tribuna' asserts that the Chief of Police of Paysandu has fled since the approach of Flores. We believe that the statement is incorrect.

Wool sold by auction, by Thomas Gowland, on the 7th inst., at the South Market:—

270 arr. wool, Mestiza, fine sup.			$112
500	do	do	87
300	do	do	86
200	do	do	81
800	do	with carretilla	75
250	do	do	74
100	do	horrega, fine, without carretilla	94

Ranchos.—This little town has proved one of the most patriotic in the country: all the principal shopkeepers and estancieros have come forward to join in the formation of the Club del Pueblo. It is to be hoped that the townspeople of the other little country villages, will imitate the example.

Zarate Railway.—We understand that in consequence of the extremely hot weather the proposers of this road are obliged to postpone the surveying of the line for the present: the circuitous project we hear is abandoned.

San Isidro.—This delightful little suburb is at present the great point of attraction for all our fashionables. The President's dinner parties are conducted on the most splendid scale. The Presidential quinta is the San José of Buenos Ayres, only that the dwelling house wants the clock tower and lofty turrets which grace the Uruguayan palace.

Zarate.—We hear a branch Club of the 'Pueblo' has been established in this town.

Very Important—The Minister of War and Marine left for Martin Garcia yesterday, at noon. They pushed off in a small flat-bottomed boat, which Kerryman nearly capsized when he jumped into.

MR. CHAS' coach was upset on the Palermo road, on Friday evening. Through the assistance of a distinguished foreigner, Mr. Chas and family were rescued from the danger.

THE BOLSA.

Jan. 9th.

Patacones opened at 28 75, and shortly afterwards rose to 28 80½ in the evening they declined to 28 75, at which price they closed. Total sales, 270,300.

PRODUCE SALES.

150 dry cowhides		$116
200 do	do	114
500 ar wool, mestiza		84
510 do	do	80
1500 do	good mixed	75
600 do	do	65
10 doz sheepskins		110
200 do	do	130
In deposit 5000 arr fine mestiza wool		160
8200 hides, Entre Rios		41 ar rl
600 ar wool, do		24
30 bags hair, Corrientes		31

MARITIME NEWS

ARRIVALS.

8th.

Liverpool, English steamer Parana, New York, brigantine Eliza.

9th.

Cardiff, Italian brigantine, Bruto

Tobacco for Curing Sloop

A few rolls are on sale at Calle Defensa, No. 114.

Jan 10. 3p

The finest Rooms in Town

Any persons looking for nice, airy rooms, one beautiful parlour looking on the street, can find same by applying at No. 205, Maipu, where they will have an opportunity of inspecting the premises.

Jan. 10. 2 w

Lost

On the 8th instant, a Cobrune Horse, with an English saddle, bridle, and mauns, he has but one mark, and that on the right side.

Whoever will bring the same to this Office, will be handsomely rewarded.

To Let

To Single Gentlemen, several furnished rooms, and a parlour looking to the street.

Apply Calle de la Florida, No. 258.

Jan 10. 8p.

COLEGIO

SAN MARTIN

Calle Florida 258.

El Director de dicho Colegio tiene el honor de avisar á los Sres. Padres y Encargados de sus alumnos que el dia 8 del corriente han principiado las clases del curso actual. El espera que el Señor se enviarán á los jóvenes lo mas pronto posible, para evitar el inconveniente del trastorno que produce volver á esplicar, para los que vengan tarde, las lecciones ya esplicadas.

Se previene que en las clases de estudios preparatorios, se siguen los textos y programas de la Universidad, con el objeto de que puedan rendir sus exámenes en ella al fin del año, los que así lo deseasen.

Jan 9-3p *Roberto Hempel.*

EL ESTAALECIMIENTO

FOTOGRÁFICO

Del Pintor y Fotografista

P. Rainoldi,

Se La abierto calle de Belgrano No. 74.

NOTA.—Si hacen retratos con colores naturales.

Great Bargain.

To be Sold, in the partido of Pilar, a piece of Camp consisting of a 1½ leagues in front, by 1 3/4 depth, with the pasture, even with the short una drought which we experience.

The plan is one hundred and ninety thousand dollars including two houses, with thatched roofs and brick walls, well with abundance of water, and excellent corrals.

On the Land there are 1200 head of Cattle, amongst which are 300 breeding, which will be sold for $25 mg. or they can

There are also 16.0 mestiza sheep, which will be sold for $30 each

There are 150 fine Mares and Horses

If any individual wishes to buy the Stock and not the Land, the Land will be rented for the term of $12000 per annum.

The person who buys the above will have a decided bargain, from which he will reap a magnificent result, in a very short time, only requiring two men to work the establishment.

The person who may interest himself in the above purchase, will please call at Calle Buen Orden, 204, between the hours of 7 and 12, and from 4 to 7. 10 p.

A Wonderful Pill.

THE BEST PURGATIVE PILLS.
THE BEST PURGATIVE PILLS.
THE BEST PURGATIVE PILLS.

Doctor Radway's Pills are the best purgative pills in the world, the only vegetable pills that can be used in place of Calomel or Blue Pills. In taking these pills the patient is not confined to a room, but can go about his business or pleasure, taking no inconvenience whatever. They are a safe, thorough and efficient cathartic for all ages. In mild, no thing could be more natural. One to six boxes will effect a cure. Sailors, before undertaking the difficult to establish, should carry with them a few boxes of this liver, it may be, Costiveness, Indigestion, Bilious and in all fevers, their use alone proves its wonderful. Price 25 cts. per box.

LEA AND PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

Worcestershire Sauce.

The great success of this "delicious condiment" has been the signal for the appearance of many "spurious imitations" totally different in "flavor" and destitute of the "digestive properties" of this Sauce.

Purchasers are earnestly requested to ask for

LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,

Prepared only by

LEA AND PERRINS, Worcester.

Abogado.

El Dr. Agustin Matienzo in abierto su estudio en la calle de Venezuela No. 64.

THE BRITISH & FOREIGN

China, Earthenware, & Glass Store,

67—DEFENSA—67.

Just opened to the Public. The largest stock in town. East Indiaware Goods of all descriptions. An immense variety of Glass Goods. English, French, and German China Articles.

Table Sets, Toilet Sets, Tea Sets, Coffee Sets,

Low Prices—Fixed Prices.

Terms—Cash.

WILLIAM FERGUSON & CO.,

67—DEFENSA—67.

[Corner of Potosi.]

N.B.—The Stock will be shortly increased by arrivals from Europe.

j 5. x

BRITISH HOTEL,

96—CALLE PIEDAD—96.

Board per Month, $300.

Private Dining Rooms, nice cool and airy, looking on the street.

Persons anxious to board on English style should patronize this Establishment, as it is the only real English Hotel in town.

Breakfast	from	8	to 12
Dinner	"	4	" 7
Tea	"	7	" 10

Supper at any hour. Dinners supplied out.

d 1. 2 w

Wanted.

A young Man of good experience and good recommendations wants a Situation as Steward or Butler.

Address G N Standard office.

3 p. j 6

Notice.

In consequence of the demise of my husband Mr Austin Latham, the business of the house will in future, be carried on under my name, Mr. Robert Dowdall acting as manager, duly authorized by me.

3p 6p JANE LATHAM.

THE IRISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT OF

THOMAS FALLON,

HIBERNIAN HOUSE,

68 CALLE DE LA PIEDAD,

(Between San Martin and Reconquista.)

Books—Books—Books.

Haver's History of Ireland, and the Abridged Edition of same.

Keating's do do.

Carleton's Willy Reilly. Inquire Within.

Scottish Chiefs, large edition.

The Black Baronet Redmond O'Hanlon.

Ballad Poetry and Songs and Ballads of Ireland.

All the Christian Brothers' Readers, Grammar, Arithmetic, First and Second Geography, and Modern do.

A new lot of well-bound Catholic Prayer Books including Mission Book, Garden of the Soul, Lamp of Soul, Ursuline Manual Key of Heaven, Catholic Piety, Path to Paradise, Imitation of Christ, Daily Exercises, Missals, &c.

Dalgairn's Holy Communion. Liguori's Sermons.

Murray's, Graham's, and Walsh's Domestic Medicine.

A large variety of new Song Books and Cookery Books, and a fresh supply of the latest and best Novels.

Tomatt, Morrell, and other authors on Management of Sheep, Cattle, and Horses.

Dr. Lingard's History of England. Miss Strickland's Queens of Scotland.

Shell's, Plunkett's, and O'Connell's Speeches.

Doctor Cahill's Letters and Speeches. Lover's Lyrics of Ireland.

Above on sale at

G. & H. MACKERN'S,

English Stationers and Booksellers,

21 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

(Opposite the Cathedral)

Protection from Fire,

PRIZE MEDAL 1862.

BRYANT & MAY'S

PATENT SPECIAL SAFETY MATCHES,

Wax Vestas & Cigar Lights.

Light only on the Box

The Patent Safety Match affords an instantaneous light as readily as common matches, whilst it is entirely free from all their dangerous properties

Patent Safety Matches in neat slide boxes.

Patent Safety Vestas in paper slide boxes, and in japanned tin boxes of 100 250, and 500

BRYANT & MAY, Manufacturers of Wax Vestas in round plain boxes, and in japanned tin boxes, of 50, 100, 150, 400 500, and 1,000.

Sole importers of Jonkopping's Taunstic or (slide boxes).

All orders made payable in London will receive immediate attention.

Whitechapel Lane London, E.

DARING FEATS!

BY THE

DE LAVE FAMILY

In the Garden of the Bellas Portefias, Plaza del Parque.

On Sunday, the 10th inst., 1864.

NEW PERFORMANCE

AND

SEDUCTION of BIRDS

The daring Mons. De Lave and the young American prodigy William De Lave, who has been so much applauded through the whole world, and last of all in their first representation in the Colon Theatre. The Theatre, however, not being sufficiently large they have taken this garden where they will give a series of performances which will astonish and delight the audience, on a rope 500 feet long upheld by two masts, on which he will perform the most daring feats ever witnessed in South America. A band of music will be in attendance.

Programme.

1st. Opening with music.

2nd. Great aerial performance by Mons. De Lave, in which he will cross from one end of the rope to the other, performing some first-class feats such as the caleotenics, &c, after which young William, assisted by his father, will perform on the tight rope some extraordinary feats of equilibrium, gymnastics, &c.

3rd. Double ascension by Sr. De Lave and the young prodigy William De Lave, in which he will perform the most extraordinary feats ever witnessed for a child of his age.

N.B.—Mons. De Lave offers to take any person on his shoulders across the Rope.

Doors open at 4 o'clock, and performance to commence at 5.

Admission, with Seats in the Yard, Ten Dollars.

In the Garden, with Seats, Fifteen Dollars.

The principal part of the performances will be on a Platform.

Just Received, ex 'Dolta'

Another lot of Fresh Butter, 1½ dollar, 1st Brand.

T. FALLON,

HIBERNIAN HOUSE,

Nos. 64, 66, and 68 Calle Piedad.

3p 6j

Employment Wanted.

A young Man seeks a situation as Coachman, Gardener, or Watchman, in town or country.

Address J. G., Standard Office.

3 p j 6

TERENCE CURRAN

Begs leave to notify to the public that he has now on hand a large and well-selected Stock of

English and Irish-manufactured Goods.

Suited for Town and Camp use.

Customers wishing to be served with sound fresh Goods will do well to give an early call.

T. C. wishes to intimate that, while he declines making use of any superficial 'clap-trap' (now so much resorted to) to secure custom, he is in a position to offer to the Public as good value as any other House in the trade.

A large supply of Children's Wear always on hand.

75—CALLE SAN MARTIN—75

d 8 1 m

Important Auction

BY BALBIN AND PLOWES,

Of the Hull of the British Barque,

GOLDEN EAGLE,

By order of the Captain, James Williamson, and authorised by H.B.M. Consul, Frank Parish, Esq., at 12 a.m., on Monday, 11th January, in the Paseo Julio, will be sold for cash, to the highest bidder, the hull of the Golden Eagle, in the state in which the wreck lies between Point Piedras and Point Indio. The dimensions of the vessel are 125 feet long, 25 broad, and 15 deep, copper-fastened, and sheathed with yellow metal up to 16 feet, heavy iron knees, and other fastenings. A considerable portion of her very valuable cargo ought to be still on board, judging from what has been landed at this port.

Also a Long Boat, measuring from 20 to 25 feet long, now on view, in the Paseo Julio, near to the Mole.

Jan 8 4p

REMATE.

Por Federico Silva.

En la Aduana Vieja en el pelle.

De Mármoles

Para los Arquitectos, Marmolistas particulares que edifican Muchieros.

Conducidos por los barcos Camila y Amelia.

El Martes 12 del corriente á las 11 en punto de la mañana se remataná á la mas alta postura y contado unos que se enlistan los siguientes efectos:

Monumentos, urnitas para jardines, brocales para algibe, lápidas para chimeneas, lastres, crucifijos, bancoiras, cordones, lavaderos, fuentes para agua, chapas de diversas clases como poco vecos vienen, piedras completamente propia ada como para mesas, columnas para balcones, y diversas otras cosas que estarán á la vista.

Universidad de San Andrés - The Standard - 1861-05-01 - Página 4/5

Universidad de San Andrés

THE ARGENTINE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY

Established in this City, insure at moderate premiums against all risks by sea, or on the river.
Office—Calle Reconquista 89

DIRECTORS.

Sr. Don Thomas Armstrong, President.
" Enrique Ochoa, Vice-President.
" Felipe Llenallo.
" Manuel Zuimaran.
" Jacobo Paravicini.
" Enrique Tomkinson.
" Mariano Cassera.
" Francisco F. Moreno, Gerente.

DRAFTS AT SIGHT ON THE UNION BANK OF IRELAND.

ISSUED BY THE LONDON, BUENOS AYRES AND RIVER PLATE BANK.
Calle de la Piedad No. 80.

MONEY ORDERS.

Drafts on IRELAND are granted by the undersigned, payable on demand at any of the 62 branches of the

NATIONAL BANK.

Drafts are also granted on *Messrs Prescott, Grote & Co. Bankers* LONDON.
And on *J. Barned & Co, Banker* LIVERPOOL.

Timely application should be made at the office of Mr. Wilson Jacobs, Exchange Broker, No 65 calle San Martin (opposite the Bolsa).

THOMAS B HALL

Shipping List of CHARLES WM. BENN and CO.,
Shipbrokers, &c.,

FOR ANTWERP,
British Barque,
CRYSTALINE,
A I, 266 Tons,
Clarke, Master,
Cleared at the Custom House, and sailing immediately,
Consigned to order.

Dutch Schooner,
HOORTE WICHGER,
171 Tons,
Klasen, Master,
Receiving her last Bales, and clearing at the Custom House.
Consigned to order.

FOR ANTWERP,
Danish Schooner,
HYDRA,
188 Tons,
Petersen, Master,
A chartered vessel, but can still engage a few bales and dry hides, if ready.
Consigned to order.

Dutch Brigantine,
CORNELIA SUSANA,
3-4 TT. 147 Tons,
Urytema, Master.
Can engage dry hides and a few bales.
Consigned to order.

French Ship,
GRANDE ANTILLE,
5-6 ATT. 351 Tons.
Tonand, Master,
Can still engage dry hides and bales.
Consignees, Burgda and Unnes.

National Barque,
RIVADAVIA,
347 Tons,
Norman, Master.
Can engage dry hides and bales
Consignee, D. C. Gowland.

For further particulars, please apply to
CHARLES WM. BENN and CO.
Shipbrokers, &c.
Calle 25 de Mayo, 49.

GENERAL STEAMBOAT AGENCY OFFICE
89—*Calle Reconquista*—89.
E. D. RISSO.

FOR MONTEVIDEO.—The MENAY leaves every Monday and Thursday at 5 o'clock in the afternoon; returning every Wednesday and Sunday. Fares 8 and 4 pats.

NOTICE.

Irish College, Lobos.

I beg leave to announce to my fellow countrymen that I am about to remove my Establishment to San Jose de Flores, and that (D.V.) studies shall be fully resumed in the Irish College de San Jose de Flores on the 18th of January 1864.

P. FITZSIMON, A.M., Dr. Ph.

N.B.—The College House is in the Calle Real San Jose de Flores, a square beyond the Church.

To Let,

The large and commodious Dwelling House, No 159 Calle Florida, Rent moderate to a good Tenant.

Also, for Sale a splendid property in a central locality. A Rare Chance for Capitalists. Apply to

Henry S. Yateman,
j9 6p No 141, Tucuman.

Notice.

The *Barrera* business in Barracas, which up to this date was established under the firm of Juan M. Mohr & Co. will henceforth be carried on under the firm of

MOHR & CLAUSEN.

Bs. As., 1st January, 1864.

Juan C. Mohr,
Henry A. Clausen.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY.

NATIONAL LICENCES AND GENERAL COMMISSIONS

WM. MATTI and CO.
30 CANGALLO 30

FOR MONTEVIDEO.
Taking Passengers and Cargo, the National Steamer

LIBERTAD,
Captain Michelini,

Leaves every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 5 p m; and Montevideo every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday.

FOR CONCORDIA;
Calling at Pray Bentes and Concepcion the National Steamer

SALTO
Captain F. Fidanza;

Leaves every Tuesday at 9 a.m., and returns every Friday. Leaves for Concepcion every Saturday, and returns every Monday.

FOR ROSARIO
Calling at Zarate, Baradero, San Pedro Obligado, Las Hermanas, and San Nicolas Voyage by the *Parana* de las Palmas, taking Cargo and Passengers, the National Steamer

PAVON,
Captain Price.

Leaves every Thursday and Sunday at 12 Noon, and returns every Wednesday and Saturday.

FOR GUALEGUAY,
The National Steamer

LOS GECIPAS,
Captain D. Linklater,

Leaves the "Boca de las Nueva Vueltas" every Friday after the arrival of the Pavon and returns each Tuesday, by which the Passengers leave here every Thursday and return every Wednesday.

FOR THE PARANA,
Santa Fe, and intermediate Ports, the Mail Steamer

ESPIGADOR,

Leaves Rosario each Friday, two hours after a rival of the Pavon and returns every Tuesday in time to hand over Passengers' luggage to the Pavon, which leaves for Buenos Ayres.

FOR CORRIENTES
Calling at Parana, La Paz, Cosilla de la Esquina, Cosilla de Goya, Bella Vista, and Empedrado, the British Steamer

ESMERALDA,

Leaves Rosario in combination with the Pavon, on Tuesday, December 22, and returns on Friday, January 1st.

FARES:

To Montevideo (cabin)	8 patacones
Zarate do	4 "
San Pedro do	8 "
Obligado do	10 "
San Nicolas do	12 "
Rosario do	16 "
San Lorenzo do	18 "
Diamante do	20 "
Santa Fé do	24 "
Parané do	24 "
La Paz do	32 "
La Esquina do	36 "
Goya do	40 "
Bella Vista do	44 "
Empedrado do	48 "
Corrientes do	52 "
Guelegnuychú	11 "
Concepcion	13 "
Concordia	17 "

Deck Half-price.

FRIGHTS:

To Montevideo, per ton	4 dollars
Rosario	6 "
San Nicolas	6 "
Parana	10 "
La Paz	10 "
Bella Vista	10 "
La Esquina	10 "
Goya	10 "
Corrientes	12 "
The Uruguay Ports	10 "

FOR CUYABA,
Calling at San Nicolas, Rosario, Parana, Corrientes, Asuncion, and other Brazilian ports, the Brazilian Steamer

MARQUES DE OLINDA
Captain Thipolito de S. Belincourt,
Leaves on the 16th December.

FARES:

San Nicolas	16 pats.
Rosario	20
Parana	28
Corrientes	60
Asuncion	80
Coramba	142

For Bahia Blanca & Patagones.
THE CORRIENTES
Will leave on the 11th December. o'clock.
Fares—Cabin 500 do's. Deck 300 dols. Freight 250 dols. per ton and 5 p$, Gold 1; Silver 1½ p$.
No passengers allowed on any of the steamers without tickets.

NUEVAS Mensagerias Nacionales.
Office Removed to
228—CALLE VICTORIA—228
Leaves for Pillar every day
" Capilla del Senor every day.
" San Antonio de Areco, all uneven days.
" Zarate, all even days.
" Baradero, 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, 29.
Returns from Pillar, every day.
" Capilla, every day.
" San Antonio, all even days.
" Zarate, all uneven days.
" Baradero, 2, 6, 10, 14, 18, 22, 26, 30.
Conductors and Owners:
MERLIN AND MESQUITA.

NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Opening of the San Isidro Station.
Week Days.

LEAVES.	1st Train, a.m.	2nd Train, a.m.	3d Train, p.m.	4th Train, p.m.
From 25 de Mayo	6 30	10	1 00	5
" the Retiro	6 40	10 10	1 40	5 10
" Belgrano	7	10 51	2	5 30
" los Olivos	7 15	10 45	2 15	5 45
Arrives at San Isidro	7 30	11	2 30	6

RETURNS.	1st Train, a.m.	2nd Train, a.m.	3d Train, p.m.	4th Train, p.m.
From San Isidro	8	11 8a	3	7
" Los Olivos	8 15	11 45	3 15	7 15
" Belgrano	8 40	12 10	3 40	7 40
" the Retiro	9	12 3a	4	8
Arrives at 25 de Mayo	9 10	12 4a	4 10	8 10

Sundays and Holidays

LEAVES.	1st Train, a.m.	2nd Train, a.m.	3d Train, p.m.	4th Train, p.m.
From 25 de Mayo	6 30	9 45	11	2 30
" the Retiro	6 40	9 55	11 10	2 40
" Belgrano	7 7	10 15	11 30	3
" los Olivos	7 15	10 30	11 45	3 15
Arrives at San Isidro	7 30	10 45	12	3 30

RETURNS.	1st Train, a.m.	2nd Train, a.m.	3d Train, p.m.	4th Train, p.m.
From San Isidro	8	11	12 30	2
" los Olivos	8 15	11 15	12 45	2 15
" Belgrano	8 45	11 40	1 10	2 40
" the Retiro	9	12	1 30	3
Arrives at 25 May	9 10	12 10	1 40	3 10

	3d Train, p.m.	4th Train, p.m.
From San Isidro	3 30	7
" los Olivos	3 45	7 15
" Belgrano	4 10	7 40
" the Retiro	4 30	8
Arrives at 25 May	4 40	8 10

The trains both going and coming stop at Rivadavia and Palermo.
The Administration.

STRENGTH AND DURABILITY

CHEAP CONVEYANCE

THE NEW CAMP RAZOR
OR MACHINE FOR
CUTTING THISTLES AND ABROJOS,
Moveable corrals, fixes corrals, chiqueros.
LAND MARKS,
IRON WIRE FENCES, FOR RODEOS, POTREROS, &c.
Endless Iron Troughs, for Sheep and Cattle,
IRON TANKS, particularly arranged for easy conveyance.

245—calle BUEN ORDEN—245.

EASILY PLANTED OR FIXED

LA PREVISORA ARGENTINA.

LIFE INSURANCE AND SAVING FUND ASSOCIATION OF BUENOS AYRES.

DIRECTORS.	OFFICIALS.
D. Miguel Azeuemaga, President	D. Antonio Garcia y Garcia, Manager
" Bernabé Ocampo, Vice-President	" Eusequio Riesra, Sub Manager
" Antonio Marcó del Pont	" Juan Casado, Secretary.
" Jacobo Paravicini	
" Constant Santamaria	

Offices—87 calle SAN MARTIN.

The want has long been felt of an establishment wherein the frugal and laborious citizen might deposit his savings, so as to incur no risk, and reap at the same time a good return.

This institution is calculated to answer such a purpose extending the benefits of the establishment to even the humblest classes

Public attention is, therefore, specially called to the manner of subscriptions, and the investion of funds, according to the rules of the association

The PREVISORA ARGENTINA will receive subscriptions as follows:

1st. On one's own life, in shares of $5 silver each These subscriptions liquidated at any time at the subscriber's time and opt on.

2nd. Without loss of capital by death of the insurer. Subscribers will be entitled to compound interest on their subscriptions and the proportional interest forfeited by the death of other shareholders in their Class, whose capital, however is returned.

3rd. With loss of capital and interest by insurer's death. All shareholders of this class shall gain compound interest on their subscriptions, besides a proportional part of the capital and interest of all who die in their Class.

All these subscriptions may be paid weekly, monthly, quarterly, half yearly, or yearly.

The capital of the Company shall be invested only in landed property (fincas), and with the greatest security.

The Board of Inspection, composed of subscribers, shall have charge of all the operations of the Company

For further particulars, apply at the Co's office 87 calle S. Martin (altos) between the hours of 11 — 4½ prospectuses given on application. n17

THE ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT OF BUENOS AYRES,
49 & 51 CALLE DEFENSA.
PATRICK GALBRAITH,
Successor to WILLIAM GIBSON,

Begs to intimate that he has just received an immense variety of New Goods, expressly to supply the wants of Camp purchasers, consisting of

Men's and Youths' Moleskin and Cord Trousers,
Men's and Youths' Windsor Cord Trousers,
Men's and Youths' Doe and Tweed Trousers,
Men's and Youths' Doe and Tweed Jackets and Vests,
Men's Pilot Jackets and Tweed Suits,
Men's best Jean Stripe Shirts and Shirting Stripe,
Men's and Youths' White, Dress, and Regatta Shirts,
Men's and Youth's Crimean Shirts (all qualities)
Drab and White Moleskin and Corderoy (best quality)
Bedford Cords, Scotch and English Tweeds,
Blankets, Flannels, Paddings, Stripe Druggets,
Serges, Aberdeen Wincies and Wincey Petticoats,
Black and White Watered Moreen, Challis, Beges,
Alpacas, Mohairs, Coburgs, English and French Merinos,
Linen Checks, Derries, Prints, and Grey Cottons,
Superior White Shirtings, Sheetings, and Towellings,
Linens, Diapers, Brown Hollands, Cotton and Linen Tick.
Damask and Victoria Table Covers, Wool Plaids (various Clans),
Wool Handkerchiefs, Shawls, Plaids, and Lace Scarves.
Ladies' and Misses' Cotton, Merino, and L. W. Hose,
Men's and Youths' Cotton, Merino, and L. W. Half-hose and Hose,
Men's Aberdeen Knit Ribbed Half-hose and Hose,
Smallwares of every description, best quality,

As fresh supplies will be received monthly, per steamer, parties may at all times rely on having an unequalled assortment to select from, of the newest Goods, at lowest possible cash price.

49 & 51—CALLE DEFENSA—49 & 51

SAVINGS BANK.

BANK MAUA & C°

— No. 103 calle de Cangallo. —

BUENOS-AYRES.

The immense advantages of *Accounts Current* are now so generally felt, and appreciated in the two great emporiums of the River Plate—Montevideo & Buenos Ayres—that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the Bank in which they place the most confidence

The Bank of Mauá & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working class in that city, a safe & profitable depositary for their savings.

The sums deposited in that most important institution are daily increasing and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of Clerks, artisans, working-men & servants of all classes & conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a *reserve fund* in case of *need, sickness* or *old age*, instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lotteries and other trivolities

The Bank of Mauá and Co. of this city following the example of their firm in Montevideo now offer the same facilities in this city and will open on the 1st October a "Savings Bank" at No. 103 calle Cangallo from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m. on week days; and on Sundays and holidays from 10 a. m. to 12 m. for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned.

The Bank will deliver to each depositor a Pass Book in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

The depositor is permitted at *any time* to withdraw the *whole* or *part* of the sum deposited, in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Mauá and Co. is sufficiently known to the public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles and always directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Mauá and Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighbourhood.

Buenos Ayres September 19th 1863.

p. p. Mauá & Co.
WILLIAM LESLIE.

CONDITIONS.

1st. The Bank receives at interest any sum from *Twenty five dollars currency* or *one silver dollar* upwards.

2nd. The interest allowed is *six per cent* [6 p$] per annum which is liquidated every six months.

3rd. The depositor can at any time retire the *whole* or *part* of the money deposited.

4th. Once the amount deposited exceeds *Twenty five thousand dollars currency* or *one thousand dollars silver* the depositor if he wishes can open an *account current* according to the rules established by the Bank.

5th. In case the depositor loses his Pass Book it can be replaced by another on paying *twelve dollars currency*, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,
61 CORRIENTES 61

An immense Stock of Goods adapted for *every season* suitable for both Town and Country buyers

UNEQUALLED IN EXTENT AND VARIETY.

Fresh supplies received by every steamer.

61 CORRIENTES 61.

ESTABLISHED 1861.

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,
ALEX. FULTON & CO.,
25 AND 27 DEFENSA 25 AND 27

River Plate Steamship Co.

The River Plate Association intend despatching the following Steamers monthly, from LIVERPOOL direct to

MONTEVIDEO & BUENOS AYRES,

	Tons register.	To sail.
SALADO.....	1300	Dec. 20
PARAGUAY....	1360	—
LA PLATA....	1196	—
URUGUAY....	1214	—
PARANA	1300	—

For general information apply to Nuttall, Mors, and Co; S. W. Kelso and Co; Cutcworth, Lyne, and Co; or to

WM. CHAS. MILLER.

The Salado will receive Goods up to the 17th, and will be despatched on the 20th December.

Loading berth, north-east corner of Prince's Dock.

For terms of Freight or Passage per this Steamer, apply to

WM CHAS. MILLER.
37 Derry-buildings, Liverpool.

ENGLISH GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
CALLE LARGA DE BARRACAS.

Dov.—Mr. Pongeard, f the London University College.

This Establishment, which from its foundation has been patronized by the principal British families of Buenos Ayres, is an exact reproduction of an English School, where a sound commercial education combined with the acquisition of the French and Spanish languages is imparted to the pupils, and based upon the same system as in all first class European institutions of the kind.

An ever-watchful and constant supervision, and a strict maintenance of order and propriety, are a sufficient guarantee that the morals and behaviour of the pupils are carefully attended to.

The different branches taught in the English Grammar School comprise the English, French and Spanish languages, History, Geography, Arithmetic, and Book-keeping in all its parts, Writing, and Religious Instruction.

Extra branches, such as Latin, Mathematics, German, Music and Drawing, are also taught by special masters.

The situation of the English Grammar School, in one of the most delightful Quintas of the Calle Large of Barracas, at the very gates of the city, is one of the most healthful and picturesque of the environs of Buenos Ayres.

For particulars apply for prospectuses at the Standard Office, Calle Belgrano 74.

Da P. PONGERARD.

o 18 x

Rams! Rams!! Rams!!!

Parties requiring Rams of the best breeds and in excellent condition, can obtain same at reasonable prices by applying at the estancia de Santa Elena del Corralito, campo de Pila, partido de Ajó.

The breeds are Rambouillet crossed with Electorales, and Rambouillet crossed with first class mestizas.

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86—Piedad—86.
Suffern Bros.

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