

## The Standard

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# The Standard

## AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

503 - SECOND YEAR.

BUENOS AIRES, FRIDAY, JANUARY 8, 1861.

PRICE - TWO DOLLARS.

### MAUA BANK

Calle Cangallo No. 101-103

Interest for the current month

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE.  
For balances in our favor 12p. S  
For balances in favor of customers 8p. S

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAPER MONEY.  
For balances in our favor 12p. S  
For balances in favor of customers 7p. S

Deposits for a fixed term in specific currency, at conventional interest.  
Buenos Ayres, Nov. 1, 1863.

I. P. Maua & Co.

William Leslie.

### Private Banks.

Calle Cangallo Nos. 101 & 103.

The offices of this bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank.

1st Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.

2nd Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities approved of by the Manager.

3rd. Accounts-current are opened with merchants or other parties who may prefer, depositing, endorsing and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously convened under conditions established for such class of operations.

4th Money is received in account current bearing interest from day of deposit which is accumulated in favor of the parties every three months, the depositors being allowed to retire at any time by means of cheques part or the full amount at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred doubloons or one hundred thousand dollars currency, for which case 48 hours previous notice is required to be given at the Treasury of the Bank.

5th Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rio, Rosario, Sta. Fé, Salto, Oriente, Paysandú, Rio Janeiro and other places in the Brazils, England and France, as also on other places of which notices will be given hereafter.

6th Finally the Bank, undertakes & executes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations.

The establishment is always open from 9 A. M. till 4 P. M.

Buenos Ayres, Oct. 29, 1862.

P. P. Maua & Co.,

WILLIAM LESLIE.

### IRELAND.

Drafts payable at any of the undermentioned branches of the

NATIONAL BANK

Can be obtained from

WALKLYN AND CO.,

No. 98 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

### London, Buenos Ayres and River Plate Bank

(Limited)

60 CALLE DE LA PIEDAD, S. C.

Capital £1,000,000 Sterling.

The rates of Interest from 1st January, 1861 will further notice, will be as follows, for both Specie and Consignments:

G. WILKS,  
D. J. x. No. 7 Calle Mayo.

Allowed on Minimum Credit balance

during the month ... 6p. S

Charged ... 12p. S

Fixed Deposites.

For Sixty days ... 7p. S

" Ninety days ... 8p. S

On Deposits subject to Thirty days notice of withdrawal, interest will be allowed at the rate of one per cent. per annum more than the rate for Ninety day Fixed Deposites, rising and falling therewith, the Bank notifying any change in the rate by advertisement in the usual papers.

From 1st January 1861 till further announcement the rate for this class of Deposits will be 9 per cent per annum.

Bs. As., 31st December, 1863.

J. H. GREEN,  
Manager.

128 QUEEN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL - £1,000,000.

Office Office,

QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS

LIVERPOOL.

Agents for Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and the River Plate,

Barbour, Barclay, and Co.

CALLE CHACABUCO, 13.

Sep. 20.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

1 Old Broad-street, and 16 Pall-mall

LONDON.

INSTITUTED 1853.

For Insuring Houses and other Buildings, Stock, Merchandise, Manufactures, Farming Tools, Ships, Vessels, Harbors, Dock, and the Caravans of such Trade.

Ship Building and Dispatching, Barge and other Vessels, Caravans, Carts, and Goods on board such Vessels, Insurance of Goods in Land, and in Foreign Countries, free Loss or Damage by Fire.

Subscribed and Invested Capital - £1,000,000.

Directors.

Thomas Augustus Gibbs, Esq., Chairman.

Robert C. Hollis, Esq., Vice-Chairman.

John H. B. Holme, Esq.

Charles C. L. Jones, Esq.

Henry C. L. Jones, Esq.

John G. L. Jones, Esq.

Henry J. Jackson, Esq.

George Field, Esq.

John Smith, Esq., M. P.

George Hibbert, Esq.

Samuel Hibbert, Esq.

John Butler, Esq.

AGENTS IN BUENOS AIRES,

Messrs. JOHN BEST and BROS.

92 RIVADAVIA.

BRITON and MEDICAL GENERAL (Incorporated with the Unity General.)

Life Assurance Association chief offices West Strand London w. c., Capital 3,000,000 £ sterling. Proposals for life assurance are received and immediate payment paid to this sum. A prospectus of rates and other particulars will be furnished on application to the company's agent in this city.

George Wilks

-7 Calle Mayo 7-

Good News.

The celebrated South Down Sheep Wash, on Sale at Barry and Walker's.

The only safe and reliable cure for the Scab in Sheep.

South Down Sheep Wash,

Wholesale and Retail,

CALLE DEFENSA, No. 97.

Oliver S. Bowes, Agent.

o 25x.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned respectfully requests all Parties indebted to him to call and pay their accounts without delay, either at his house or at Mr. Twyford's Store, 102 Calle Piedad, who is duly authorized to collect same.

JAMES HASPINGS,

406 Calle Parque,

d 93, 1 m.

Abogado.

El Dr. Agustín Matienzo abogado su estudio en la calle de Vizcaya Nro. 04.

ENGLISH TAILOR,

39 - CALLE DEFENSA - 39

George Ellis, in returning thanks to his friends, both in town and camp, for their liberal support, begs to notify them that he has just received a new stock of goods direct from England. Cloth and Tweeds of the very best description.

Garments made to order on the shortest notice, and at the most reasonable terms.

Apply as above.

N 17, m.

Camp for 8 doctos.

To be given in exchange for 4,000

fin sheep a splendid tract of camp,

situate on the best, permanent, arroyo of

the province; it is about two leagues

long, and within 6 or 8 hours journey

by steamer from this city. The present state of the camp could not be more

suitable for sheep, and the freight of

wool is 12 reals to 82 mrs. per arroba,

the land being only 4 leagues from the

river Paraná.

Apply between the hours of 8 and 12

A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M. at 174 Calle

Piedra.

Also an estancia to rent, with 12

pistas, including ranchos, corrales, galpones, and permanent water, alfalfa-fields &c.

Apply as above.

N 17, m.

### La Zingara.

All parties indebted for passage money to the above mentioned ship, are requested to call at my Office and pay their passage, within two months from this, otherwise a special order will be given by Government to the different Justices of Peace to remit into Buenos Ayres all defaulters.

G. WILKS,

D. J. x. No. 7 Calle Mayo.

### Change of Residence.

Benjamin Constant Dolmar respectfully informs his numerous customers and the public in general, that in future he will carry on his business as Tailor and Groomer, &c. at 43 calle Cangallo.

December 6th 1863.

DR. P. BOURSE,

American Surgeon Dentist,

No. 101 CALLE ITUZAINGO,

Montevideo.

Would respectfully advise his friends and the public that he continues the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, with a large collection of instruments, octaves, half dials and bottles.

J. H. PAUL, POTT, and CO.

10, CALLE CHACABUCO.

A. Z. x.

### A Quinta for Sale.

Situated on the road from the Equino Corredores to the Alsina bridge, and bordering on the land bought by the Municipality for the new Southern Corridor.

It contains about 64 squares of

land, and an azotea house with four rooms.

For further particulars apply at Calle Potosí No. 93, between three and four o'clock p.m.

12

JOHN G. KENSLY,

Public and Official Treasurer,

110 CALLE PARQUE.

### Argentino Sketches.

Just arrived, price \$1.40

South American Sketches,

on

A Visit to Rio Janeiro, the Organ Mountains, La Plata, and the Paraná.

By Thomas Woodhouse Hinckley, M.A., F.R.G.S., Author of "Summer

Months among the Aps."

nicely bound in cloth, with several fine

Colored Engravings, and Map of La Plata, and the River Plate, containing over 400 pages.

O. & H. McKEEY,

English Book Store, 248 S. MARTIN.

### Creditos contra la Nacion.

En las bajas de Concordia, Salta y Payson han encuadradas por el v. por "Gullagony" al 7 de Octubre pasado para esta destino las que, como es de su autoridad pública han sido sustraídas o estropeadas, siendo bajo certificado del Comisario de Contradicción de la deuda flotante de la Confederación Argentina, endosada en blanco con

monograma:

N. 185 del 16 de Mayo por sm-

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE STANDARD.

\$30 PER MONTH.

ADVERTISEMENTS:  
Not exceeding six lines inserted three times for 25.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

"Alii soli audiens nil veri non audirem dñe." —Cicero.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 8, 1861.

ARRIVAL OF THE KEPLER.

7 D<sup>o</sup> Letter from London. The steamer 'Kepler' arrived in Montevideo on Tuesday, the 5th inst., bringing us dates from London to the 1st, and Lisbon the 6th December. The English Consuls had suffered a serious decline, closing on the 1st Dec. at 9 p. m. The Bank of England had raised the rate of interest to seven per cent.

Great fears were entertained in England of a general European war.

From the United States we learn that Burnside had been again attacked by the Southerners, but that owing to timely assistance received from Meade he was saved.

Charleston had not surrendered, but was in flames in several parts, and could hold out no longer.

Leo had left the Río de la Plata.

"The Russian fleet had left New York to winter in Washington."

All the French and English Consuls it was rumoured had been expelled by Jeff. Davis.

The Alabama had lost several of her crew at the Cape of Good Hope through desertion, and had left for the Indian Ocean.

The atrocities of the Russians still continued in Poland, and all Europe was alarmed at the massacre and sacking of the Count Zamoriski's palaces.

All the money markets in Europe were raising their rates of interest.

Gold still kept flowing out of the banks of England and France.

Money was getting very tight in both in London and Paris.

It was rumoured in London that private advice spoke of a great battle in Tennessee, in which the Northerns would triumph.

Lord Elgin is dangerously ill.

France is about to come in the market for a loan.

THE CHILIAN SACRIFICE.

On last Sunday we published all the information we possessed respecting the awful catastrophe which occurred on the 8th December in the church of Compañía in Santiago, the capital of Chile. Since then however, we have gathered further particulars, which serve but to increase the horrors attending this unprecedented tragedy.

One clergyman alone, of all that belonged to the church, D. Juan de Dios Díaz, worked heaven and earth to save the multitude, but there is a very strong feeling against all the other clergymen, first for filling the church to such an extent with tapers and lights, leaving only one means of exit for the multitude; secondly for closing the vestry door, when possibly had it been open many lives might have been saved. But these we regret to say are not the only charges against the clergymen. Possibly in the hurry of the moment they forgot their first and only duty, we will not take on ourselves to say, but people would have been better satisfied had these clergymen, through whose culpable negligence the catastrophe is mainly owing, been more occupied in saving the lives of their fellow beings than the ornaments of the altar.

If we are to believe the accounts in the Chilian newspapers, silver candlesticks were saved by the dozen, while the loveliest girls in Santiago were being roasted to death in hundreds in the

We restrain at present from making any remarks on the conduct of the Franciscan friars or even the authorities, until we hear further details.

It is said that the walls of the church were to be demolished, and a public park should where the church stood, but we think that the inhabitants would pay a higher tribute of respect to the memory of the burnt citizens by making a cemetery instead of a pleasure garden in a melancholy site. We extract the following items from the Chilian papers.

The cause of this dreadful accident was the imprudent profusion of lights, our doors only being left open, and the temple actually crowded to suffocation. Such a proceeding was not only imprudent but criminal.

Fifty graves were opened to enclose the remains of the frightful catastrophe. Uncertainty, doubt, and despair was painted on every countenance; their mournful lamentations filled the air.

and the whole city was overwhelmed in despair. A hundred and seventy carts were loaded with dead bodies, and passed not fifty yards from the church, where, notwithstanding, the bells kept on ringing, and the doors open, covered with light, as if still further to provoke Divine anger.

None of the clergy perished in the awful conflagration of the 8th of December, nor were they seen to offer either spiritual or corporal relief, and alas! in that hour of grief and pain, who had further to provoke Divine anger.

The untiring efforts of one curate, Don Juan de Dios Díaz, were noticed by everybody, but where are his companions? The furniture belonging to the vestry was saved, also many ornaments of not much importance, in fact nothing in the sacristy was burnt, and in saving such things the doors were blocked up, thereby preventing the escape of many a poor victim.

Great blame is attached to the clergy, who are charged with occupying themselves in saving the ornaments of the church, and not the people. Surely the apostles of Christ would not close the doors of the vestry against those unhappy victims, thereby preventing their escape from so dreadful an end, but the vestry door was closed, and closed we have no reason to doubt by those employed in the sacristy. The doors were burst down, which could not have been the case unless they were closed.

A gentleman sixty years of age, standing near the church door during the conflagration, noticed a young girl pitifully imploring help, which moved him so that he rushed through the flames and taking her in his arms placed her on the mass of dead bodies, which piled up the door. She managed to save herself, but the poor old man, tired with the exertion, perished, victim to his humane action. It is surprising how generous and heroic were some, and vile and stupid others; for in the midst of all this consternation there were those who thought more of saving their miserable "escas, lenzos and ejes" than their fellow beings, who cities would rend the hardest heart.

One man perceiving that if the pile of dead bodies which obstructed the door could be removed there might be some chance of saving many, got a horse and lass, and actually lassoed some 60 corpses, by which means ten young girls were saved, but unfortunately he lassoed some half dozen of corpses at a time the lasso cut; the press from within continued, and each moment the pile increased. Alas! there was no longer any hope, and the noble fellow who had worked so hard with his lasso fell flat on the ground from sheer exhaustion.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

'Kerryman' has at last arrived; he stops, we believe, at the Hotel de Province. We refer our readers to his description of the defences of Paysandú, written half joke whole earnest. His particulars concerning the poncho row are slightly imaginative.

The meeting of the Club del Pueblo on Wednesday was a complete triumph for the 'Cecido' party. The Victoria Theatre was crowded; some of the richest merchants, both native and foreign, attended. A minute of the proceedings will be found in another column.

We published in Wednesday's paper the agreement entered into by the wool brokers concerning the licencia question. We think it right, however, to remark that it has come to our knowledge that the exporters of wool have to pay even a higher rate than the producers or sheep farmers. The rate allowed at home, we are told, is three per cent., which makes about 27 pounds per hale, whilst the farmer for the same quantity of wool has only to pay 14 pounds. If such is the case, we really think that our friends the farmers have little cause to complain.

The greatest scandal of the day is the Captain of the Port at Colonia, who will not even allow the 'Standard' on shore. We could comprehend his hostility to the Spanish papers published in this city, but it is really monstrous that an impudent official should take upon himself the responsibility of refusing to admit a paper which, since Flores pushed off from the Gas-house, has been the steady tried friend of the Government of the country, on principle. If there was more respect paid to the laws of the land and the Government which rule, by these officials, we would have less revolutions. We call upon Pres. Berro to see to this stupid employment. Our subscribers complain they receive no 'Standards' on account of this Oriental Goth.

By a private special despatch received from Paraná, per Pavon, on Wednesday, we learn that Berro arrived there on the 4th inst., and that the judge ordered him under arrest, assigning to him the city of Paraná as a prison. Berro, we understand, is prepared to prove that, although it was a blosoming to get rid of such a fellow as Birinchin, yet that he had nothing whatsoever to do with it, and consequently cannot be punished.

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We hear that Mr. Thornton will shortly go down to Montevideo in person. We suppose that his trip will have something to do with the Oriental question. The losses suffered by Englishmen during the Flores' revolution have been so truly stupendous that we feel indeed thankful to our Minister for exerting himself in the matter. Heaven grant that he may succeed in putting down this revolution. If it is allowed to last much longer, every foreigner in that country will be beggared.

The Municipal elections are over in the camp. We publish in another column the names of the members elected in the principal partidos of the camp.

Santa Fe—Irishmen pooh pooh the idea of going to such a place, but let them bear in mind that hundreds are at present crossing the Arroyo Media, and that this year they can rent a puesta out there for less than half what they will have to pay next year. The camps are like a meadow up there, cheap and well watered. A farmer can drive his flock or flocks from Luxan out there without ever having to cross a larger river than that of Luxan or Arecces. The few who went out there, last year have made 80 per cent. out of their capital this year. We advise our friends who are paying high rents not to lose sight of the present opportunity. Millions are to be made by a little courage and enterprise; thousands are to be lost by remaining dormant. From Chitronnus there is a regular stampede this year. Every farmer, whose sheep are in a condition to be removed, are driven to the north. In the direction of the Bragado it is perfectly incredible the number of farmers who are squatting down there. Only last week we hear of one man who drove out seven flocks from the Leones, where, we regret to hear, the camp is at present very bad. We advise our subscribers to strike up towards Santa Fe. There are no Indians there, the camps are good and cheap, and every way adapted for sheep.

CLUB DEL PUEBLO.

Tremendous Concurrence.

TWO THOUSAND PERSONS PRESENT.

On Wednesday the friends of the National Government and the opponents of the 'Tribuna,' 'Nacional,' and civil war, assembled at the Victoria Theatre, as General Hornos, the President of the club, had convened a meeting for 11 o'clock sharp.

It was remarked the great number of leading merchants who were present; scarcely an individual attended the meeting who had no large and important interests at stake in the country.

General Hornos took the chair.

The Secretary proceeded to give account of the works of the committee; in every partido in the camp all the wealthy and respectable portion of the society had readily responded to the call, and enlisted themselves under the banner of the Club del Pueblo. The secretary stated that in many parts where the committee had not sent circulars the people themselves had spontaneously sent in their adhesion to the club. The Secretary concluded, calling for a vote of thanks for our friends in the camp. Tremendous applause, prolonged for several minutes, in which shouts were made for a live Crudo to come forward and show himself.

It is rumoured that Flores is about

to establish a saladero in the Rincon de Gelliñas, on the Uruguay.

r. Albert Jackson, who was drowned the other day whilst bathing, was greatly esteemed by all who knew him. He was buried on the 4th inst., his remains being followed to the cemetery by all the leading foreigners and natives in Montevideo. Several orations were made over his tomb by friends of the deceased young man, who is sincerely and deservedly regretted.

During the year 1860 only 21 new houses were built in Montevideo.

The steamer 'Gualeguay' is at present anchored before the saladero of Sor. Sacarino Ríos, who is her owner. Aguirre, it is said, has raised a loan in Buenos Ayres at 50 per cent., discount, the amount of the loan not to be paid in money, but in goods, such as pantaloons, boots, &c. Flores, it is said, agrees to refund in frutos del País.

Col. Don Pantaleón Pérez, Minister of War, has left for the army, to inspect it.

The creditors of Messrs. Greenway, Gordon, and Co., are notified to call for the last dividend.

Verment, because we should then approve of their work.

public documents are now largely to allow of the double purpose of the work of those who sought to make basis for the social edifice, was wrenching from its adversaries, who declared that they accepted it as a sacrifice, and because they were driven to it by the threat of a 'political crisis.' These precedents will suffice to guarantee the loyalty of our declaration, but to strengthen it more, I declare solemnly, in the name of the committee, and in my own,

that we do not toil, nor will not labour, in the elections, for the federalisation of Buenos Ayres. (Loud cheering followed this speech, amidst which the patriotic and talented Sr. Gutierrez resumed his seat.)

The Secretary immediately rose, and said that he approved of the sentiments of the Vice-President, which were the truthful interpretation of the object of the meeting, but that it was necessary that those words should be something more than a speech and a cheer, and proposed that the club should name a commission to immediately make out a declaration equivalent to the words of the speech.

The President was then authorized to name the Commission, and which was composed of Messrs. Lecanda, Avella, Paz, Molina, Chaissang, and Gutierrez, who shortly afterwards returned with the following proclamation:

"Paysandú is at present garrisoned by about one thousand soldiers. Two hundred resolute men could hold it against Flores, if he even had ten thousand men. The greater part of the garrison is composed of jerked beef, peons, who know as much about a Minie rifle, as they do of making a watch. These men have inherited all the courage of their Oriental ancestors (which is not saying too much for them), but suddenly forgot the necessity of collecting these bones, and shipping them to Buenos Ayres; but the Cheifain replied 'let us wait until we have more.' Unconscious of the high price of bone ash in the Mount, the legions advanced in silence, until they arrived at the Yaguarete race course; here they halted, but suddenly 'Mesopotamia' Martinez missed his poncho. Had the Flores' flag been lost, a greater row could not have been created. The army was about to enter the jaws of a defile, when the prized garment was lost. Flores tried in vain to settle the dispute, & La Napoleon, by tearing off his own poncho, and presenting it to the owner of the lost garment. Search was made, and as they tell me I had the appearance of a suspicious character, they immediately took me before the commander, and most ignorantly searched me through and through. Neither you, Mr. Standard, nor your readers, will blame me much, when when I tell you that with the little bit of a stick I had I made both Flores and his men feel the want of a poncho. As they were in search of a garment, I thought it would be a favour to give them a good dressing. I gave Mr. Flores a *leotea* shield-shaped entertainment, and I taught him to believe that though he may persecute Berro, he is no match for the

KERRYMAN.

gladly caught hold of by the ship cap-

tains, or some of your 'gentlemanly'

ship brokers. The limbs of cows, the

heads of novillos, the heads of bul-

locks, lay scattered over the plain.

What a sight! Those who had sur-

vived the massacre, were to be found

peaceably mingling with the robes of

Mr. Wendel Spatter, or William

Mooney. Silent and pensive, Flores

led the van, little thinking that only a

few yards behind him was your friend

Kerryman. An indigenous mulatto

suggested to the Commander-in-Chief

the necessity of collecting these bones,

and shipping them to Buenos Ayres;

but the Cheifain replied 'let us wait

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**THE INSURANCE COMPANY**

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Job Ink for Machine or Press Is., Is. 3d. and Is. 6d. per lb.  
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Bookwork Ink Is., 1d. 2d. and Is., 6d. do do  
Superior Ink Is., 3d. 4d. and 4d. do do  
Woodcut Ink Is., and 7d. 9d. do do  
Red Ultramarine, Dark Blue, and other colors Is., 4s., 4s., 5s., 6d., and 10s.  
Varnish Is., 1s., and 2s. per gallon.

Export Orders will receive the most prompt attention, with a careful adaption of the Ink to climate.

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Farm Boilers,**

Plain and Ornamental Iron Work,  
Grates, Chimney Pieces, &c.

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ETNA FOUNDRY.**

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Sole Manufacturers of Watson's Patent Close and Open Fire Kitchen Ranges, American Cooking and Heating Stoves, American Portable Farm Boilers, Steam Cooking Apparatus, Gill Air-Warmers, Hot Air and Gas Stoves, Register Grates,

**Ornamental Iron Chimney Pieces.**  
Stable Fittings, Hot Water, Rain Water, and other Pipes, Pumps, Boilers, Pots, Dutch and Camp Ovens, Cart and Dray Bushes, Gates, Railings, and every description of Plain and Ornamental Castings, and Iron Work, suitable for Merchants, Ironmongers, Plumbers, &c. either in the Colonial or Foreign Markets.

**MONEY ORDERS.**

Deposits also granted by the undersigned, payable on demand at any of the 52 branches of the

**NATIONAL BANK.**

Deposits also granted on  
Messrs. Prentiss, Grote & Co., Bankers

London, And on J. Barker & Co., Bankers

LIVERPOOL.

Timely application should be made at the office of Mr. Wilson Jacobs, Exchange Broker, No 65 calle San Martin (opposite the Bourse).

THOMAS B. HALL.

**SCREW AND PADDLE  
STEAMERS, &c.**

**G H HARRINGTON & CO.**

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27 LEADENHALL STREET,  
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**ETCHFORD'S WAX VESTAS.**

Etchford & Co. hold themselves  
responsible for the quality of their Wax  
Vestas, and having recently built up a  
factory especially adapted to this  
particular manufacture they can bestow pro-  
tection on all the details which render  
their Vestas the best in the market. Our  
Manufacturers, therefore, when ordering Wax  
Matches should be particular in requesting  
Etchford's make, as others are often  
substituted.

Old's, Lurex, Ethereal Green, London.

**STEAMBOAT AGENCY  
NACIONAL DILIGENCIAS  
AND GENERAL COMMISSIONS**

**WM. BLATTI and CO.**  
**30 CANGALLO 30**

**FOR MONTEVIDEO.**  
Taking Passengers and Goods, the Na-  
tional Steamer

**LIBERTAD,**

Captain Michelini.

Leaves every Tuesday, Thursday, and  
Saturday, at 5 p.m., and Montevideo every  
Monday, Wednesday, and Friday.

**FOR CONCORDIA,**

Calling at Fay Bentons and Concepcion,  
the National Steamer

**SALTO,**

Captain F. Villazón.

Leaves every Tuesday at 9 a.m., and  
returns every Friday. Leaves for Con-  
cordia every Saturday, and returns every  
Monday.

**FOR ROSARIO,**

Calling at Zárate, Buenos Aires, San Pedro  
Obligado, La Plata, and San Nicolas  
Voyage by the Paraná do Iba Pámanis,  
taking Cargo and Passengers, the National  
Steamer

**PAVO,**

Captain Pérez.

Leaves every Thursday and Sunday at  
12 Noon, and returns every Wednesday  
and Saturday.

**FOR GUALEGUAY,**

The National Steamer

**LOLORCITAS,**

Captain D. Linklater.

Leaves the "Bueno de las Nuevas Vueltas"  
every Friday after the arrival of the Pavon,  
and returns each Tuesday, by which the  
Passengers leave here every Thursday  
and return every Wednesday.

**FOR THE PAGANA,**

3 Santa Fe, and later via Porte, the Mail  
Steamer

**ESPIGADOR,**

Leaves Rosario each Friday, two hours  
after a visit of the Pavon, and returns every  
Tuesday in time to board over Espejador  
going to the Pavon, which leaves for  
Buenos Ayres.

**FOR CORRIENTES,**

Calling at Paraná, La Paz, Casilda, La  
Espinilla, La Cañada, the British Steamer  
EMERALDA,

Leaves Rosario in combination with the  
Pavon, on Tuesday, December 12, and  
returns on Friday, January 16.

**FREIGHTS:**

To Montevideo (callo) 8 patagonas

Zarate do 4 "

San Pedro do 8 "

Obligado do 10 "

San Nicolas do 12 "

Rosario do 16 "

San Lorenzo do 18 "

Bella Vista do 20 "

Santa Fé do 24 "

Porádo do 32 "

La Paz do 32 "

La Equina do 36 "

Goya do 40 "

Bella Vista do 44 "

Empedrado do 48 "

Corrientes do 52 "

Gualeguaychú 11 "

Concepcion 13 "

Concordia 17 "

Deck Half-price.

To Montevideo, per ton 4 dollars

Rosario 6 "

San Nicolas 6 "

Paraná " "

La Paz 10 "

Bella Vista 10 "

La Equina 10 "

Goya 12 "

Bella Vista 12 "

The Uruguay Peats 10 "

For Bahía Blanca & Patagonia.

**THE CORRIENTES.**

Will leave on the 12th December,  
o'clock.

Fares—Cabin 600 do's., Deck 320 do's.,  
Freight 240 do's. per ton and 6 p $\frac{1}{2}$ . Gold  
1. Silver 4 p $\frac{1}{2}$ .

No passengers allowed on any of  
the steamer without tickets.

**NUEVAS**

**Mezqueras Nacionales.**

Office Removed to

223—CALLE VICTORIA--223

caves for Pillar, every day

" Capilla del Señor, every day.

" San Antonio de Areco, all  
uneven days.

" Zarate, all uneven days.

" Baradero, 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21,  
23, 29.

Returns from Pillar, every day.

" Capilla, every day.

" San Antonio, all uneven days.

" Zarate, all uneven days.

" Baradero, 2, 6, 10, 14, 18,  
22, 26, 30.

Conductors and Owners:

MERLIN and MESQUITA.

**NORTHERN MAIL**

**OPENING OF THE SATURDAY MAIL**

**WEEK DAYS**

**LEAVES.**

	MON.	TUE.	WED.	THU.	FRI.	SAT.	SUN.
From 2d May	6 37	10 16	1 26	5			
" 6th Return	6 47	10 10	1 40	5 10			
" 10th	7 1	12 8	2 40	5 20			
" 14th	7 13	11 45	2 15	5 45			
" 18th	7 35	12 4	4 1	5 16			

**RETURNS.**

	MON.	TUE.	WED.	THU.	FRI.	SAT.	SUN.
From San Telmo	6	11	2	10			
" Los Olivos	6 15	12 18	2 15	1 15			
" Belgrano	6 49	11 36	3 32	3 41			
" del Belgrano	7 12	10 10	3 12	3 11			
" 26 May	7 13	12 10	3 13	3 12			

The trains both going and coming stop at Ituzaingó and Piatino.

724 Administration.

**STRENGTH AND DURABILITY**

**THE NEW CAMP RAZ**