

The Standard

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5 P. M. and inserted at moderate

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are requested to pay the same to the undersigned, before the first Jany-

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Tca Wine and Spirits.

The Subscriber begs leave to inform his Friends and the Public that he has an excellent assortment of the abo ve articles. He can particularly recom-need his table Wine both Red and White. He has likewise a general assort ment of Grocery and Spirits of the vert best quality and most moderate

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> Veinte cinco de Mayo. 60

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Apply at this Office.

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Mesers Meeks & Ke'soy have just received from N: w York a mechine for making tockve pictures at a time. All persons wishing visiting eards will be supplied by the do en at a moderate price, also photegraphs for letters, altimus, &c. Persons sending pictures by the Packet are requested to leave their orders a few deys previous.

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ANGLO FRENCH SEMINARY 131 Potosí 331

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References, Rev. Mr. N. Goodfellow; James G beon; W. Temperly G. and H. M'Kern.

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A sueste of land in the department of Sordano, Banda Oriental, distant about seven leagues from Mercedes, with excellent pasturage and web watered; suitable for sleep farming Enquire at Hughes Brothers, calle San Martin No. 154.

Mistoria general

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on sale,

Callo Defensa No. 23. .
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Wine Vaults & C. five house. For Sale.

One of the best known establishments, stin ted in the centro of the town is effect for sate. It may be had with or without complete stock and furniture, including excellent wines, pickles, preserves See. The propriete sells the place, as he can no larger attend to the business. Apply 77 calle Peru.

Mensagerias Argentinas For Pilar, Capilla det Sen r, Sac Antoniosle arceo, and Arrecifes. Leaves Buenes Aires on the 1, 11 & 21, Agency 189 Rivadavia o 587 Pinza de Lores Conductor and Propriet r

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Grocery and General Provision Store.

78-CALLE DEFENSA-78 H. M. Mors former preprietor of the above establishment begs to inform the Public of Buenos Ayres that he has disposed of the same to Mr. Richard Hastings.

The undersigned recommences ha siness in the above establishment with times in the above establishment with the determination to spare neither pains nor attention to eatisfy those who may f.v.r him with their patronage and hopes by a carrful reflection of Stock and the speedy execution of orders to merit a continuance of the support which was enjoyed by his tredicessor. support which redecessor.

Richard Hastings. Orders from the Country executed with precision and despatch.

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INICIADORES

Central Administration—San Mar-n, 81—Paza Lorea, 26— Calle las Piedras, 84

Villa de Lujan, San Andres de Gi-les, San Antonio de Arc., Fortic y Salto3, 5, 7, 9 11, 13, 15 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29,

Arrecifes, 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, Pergamino, y Rojas. 2, 6, 10, 14, 1, 22, 26, 30.

Mercedes, Bragado, Chivilcoy, 5, 9 15, 19, 25, 29. Navairo 1 3, 5, 7, 9, 11.



MENSAJERIAS

DEL

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+1@331+ CORREOS DEL ESTADO.

General Administration calle de la Piedras 81, Agency c..llo Rivada-

Piedras S1, Agency callo Rivadavia 8.
Chascomus y Dolores 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 28, 30.
Lagma de los Padres, por Kaquel Santa Elma, Pofia San antonio Bulido Miranda, Duramo, Arroyo Grando, Naranjoe, Vivoratá, Laguna Colmena, Ballenera, goloro-rina, San Martin y Moro—Metinez de Iloz, 2, 12 y 23
Carrero del Moro, por Kaque', Santa Ecno, Las Armas, Pozo del Fuego, Loma Vecde, Carralan nes, Arroy, Grande, 25 de Mayo, Bravo 6 Pamanosa, B anque da de Herrera, Cerrito de Pautino, San Agustín, Malacaia 6 Fiorida, Frimavera y Moro, 6, 16, 26
Tandil por Dolores, Posta de Gauna, San Miguel, Pugolo Mievo, Cinco Lomis Loma Negal, Longa Partida, San José Cármen de Langnyú, Canaces y y Tamili 1, 15
Tandil por Dolores, Posta de Gauna, San Miguel, Batalla, Navas, Quintores, Tonthio, Chelforó, Canales: Vizcacheras de Caoli, Reconquista, Miguens y Tandil, 8, 24.
Tandil por el Azul, 15, 52, 20.

Tandil por el Azul, 15, 22, 29. San Vicente y Ranchos 4, 12, 20, Azul, 2,

Caffuelus, Morte y las Flores, 2, 4, 8, 12, 14, 18, 22, 24, 28. Lobos y-25 do Mayo, 8, 18, 28. Labor, every Tuesday Thursday, &

Magdalena, 9, 19 29.

aturday.

La Invariable Porteña.

For Caffaulas, Monte, las Flores Office calla Rivatavia, 443; leaves we on the 2d, 12th and 22d. Returns to Buenos Ayres 6th, 16th

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For Viila de Lujan, San Andres de Giles, Fortin de Areco, Salto. Rojas,

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Leaves on the 5th, 20th, 25th, and
30th, each month; returning of on the
5th, 10th, 15th, 20th, 25th, & 30th,
587, plaza de Lorea, tienda de D. Benoti Santiago.

Nicasio M. Ramires. Marcos Sangueneti

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General Administration, calle Potosi,

No. 143. CORREOS DEL ESTADO

Chasconna y Dolores 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 16, 11, 12, 14 15, 16, 18, 20, 21, y 22, 24, 25, 26, 28, 50
Lagona do los Padres, Bal'enera, S in Martin 6 Maria, 2, 12 y 22, Carradanquen, 26 de Maya, Brava, Mahacara y More, 6, 16 y 26.

Navas, Chelforú, Bi c cheras y Ro-onquista 8, 24. C neo Lomas, L-mi Negra, Loras Partisa, Carman de Lancueyú, 1, 15,

Tandil y Dolores 1, 8, 15, 24. Tandil directum nte 2 y 17.

CARRERA DEL MORO. Juccai, Care que, Alpinar da Cas-tão, Eeperanza de Iraola, Pulperia Quevido, Arroy Chico, Racon de Ba-andrix, Invierno, Tamanguchú, Racon dei Moro y Martinez de Hoz Los Empresarios Tosres, Begeira y Co.

MENSIGERIAS Españain v Americana Ge erat Administraton—Petsi 146. Chase-enne, 1 4, 7, 9, 11, 14, 17, 19, 21, 24, 27, y 30. Dolores, 4, 7, 9, 14, 17, 19, 21, 24,

27, 29. TERMS OF PRICES Ch scomms ... \$ 100
Dolores ... 150
Frei ht arrobes ... 20

Iniciadores Diligencias This new and commodium into makes three journeys weekly to Lobost baving. Buenos Aires on Tuesdays Thursdays and Star-lays—Agency ast Phaza Lorea, (in the calle Rivada—in A

FOR ANTWERP. The fine A I. Dutchs chooner Economic, has all her dead weight on-gaged, and will have immodiate despath. For freight &c. apply to her consigners, Messrs. Augeth Ferher & Co. or to

Henry J. Powell & Co. Brokers.

FOR VALPARAISO DIRECT. Tho A. I British barque Ann Nel

The A. I british parque Ann Ares son, only takes part cargo, has splen did accommed tion for cabin & steer age pas engers, and will have quick despatch. For particulars &c. apply to Henry J. l'owell & O.

FOR LONDON

The first class British barqua War-rior Queen, Captain Warren, 297 tous burthen, will be ready to receive carge in few days. For feeight &c. apply to

Henry J. Powell & Co: Ship Bok ra

Change of Premises.

The Britis't Library has been re-opened in the new premises Calle Do-fensa No. 5 (third door from the Pla-za) on Friday 11th Inst.

In the Partido of Quilmes about 5 Leagues from town 500 to 600 fine medico Sheep-Apply at Calle Cha-cabuco no. 287.

Hotel and Restaurant BLEEBLES.

Proprietor E. Vignolles, Chacabuco

This house offers every convenience for persons coming from the country, to remain some days in town. Its situation, fronting the old market is very central. Every attention is paid to the guests, and the charges are mederate.

sp25 2p.

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CALLE DEFENSA NO.23, 25, &, 27,

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Buenos Aires October a4th 1g81. II. M. Moss & Co.

NOTICE. The undersigned begs to in-form his friends and the public, that he has just received a new and select stock of summer clothing, shirts, vests, pantaloons, hats, &c. to be disposed of at low

11. M & Co. Moss.

For Callao direct. The five f st-sailing, first class Anceican Chipper Frigate "Mary Goods:" 717 Tons. Capt Gilvery, only takes part of her orgo, his splendid accommodations for Cabin & stoorage passengers. For further particulars &c apply to her consignous Messes Sumple Drysdale & Co. or to.

Henry J Powell & Co. Ship Brokers

50 Ca'le 25 de Mayo

A lotter to Mr. Patrick Smyth, from finds in New York, the latter has been jested in New York city May 26th; it should have arrived here during the months of July or August, any pers in he sing the said letter will favour the owner by le ving it at the Vi torial lote 105 calle San Martin or the late of Chan Patricia Bookey. Lost. at the store of Don Patricio Bookey

Capital investment

The following highly valuable properties are at present offered for sale, the terms and d tails of which may be learned on application at the office of Mr. Patrick Browns No. 64 calle Potent, or of Mr. John Hughes, broker, at the Bolsa

at the Bolea

1st. -15 000 fine mestize sheep, in
the P. tide of Arreeries on the land
known as Fontesnelsas, which will be
ueld before or after shearing as best
suits intoning purchasers. If so desired, these sheep may be left on their
present gracing.

present grazing.

2d — A potrero, composed of 25 cuadras square of predictive land, signatured in the calle sole at Berraces, below the Convilescencia: it is subdivided into 20 lots with the incessary structs be ading to each it the case it were destined for building purposes; the plan may be consulted at Mr. Browne's office.

8d.— The well known saludero of Browne's collect.

8d.— The well known saludero of Browne's tanding on this side of Barraces bridge, comprising all the premises requisite for this branch of builness, and increaver amply furnished with vats, instructed, in technicry, cylinders, corrils and other appurtenances, reasy to working on the purchase of same.

4th.— A tract of alfufarce, b. un—

4th. — A tract of alfufures, b. un-ded on one angle by the Barracis bridge, fronting the calle R at on one side and the calle Solv on another. This ground is high and mapted for building.

5th. - A corration, very large; North of the above Establi hmont,

of the above Establi hment,

Git — A lovely country-house and
furm, on the coast of San Isidro, above
the barranea, weing the squares nearor than the village. It confains to
evadras square, with a large modern
residence forming 4 fronts. Thate are
14 apartments with out-effices, coachhouse, stable, hen-roost, algibe, pigeonhouse. The pasture-lands attached
are extensive, and there are excellent
fruit-trees, besides a gardenni cly lait
oat with flowers of value. For families
desirous to live in the country, the
residence affords all the conveniences
imaginable.

For further positically apply at

For further pritical ri arp'y at



Our Public opinion.

Varium et mutabile sempe .. What Virgil said of woman may, with much aptitude, be taken as a definition of that most dangerous and fickle element called, by statesmen the roz populi, and by us, the political weather-cock. School-boys tell us that Manlius after saving Rome was hurled from the Tarpeian rock; Socrates once the pride of Athen, was poisoned in'a bowl'of grnel, Miltiades was atfirst worshipped and then imprisoned by his countrymen, the Gracchi were betrayed by the same populace that exalted them, Cesar was slain by those who offered him the diadem, Bolivar was banished by the country which bailed him a Liberator, and now the titular Washington of South America experiences alternately the ups and downs of popular favor and displeasure.

Justo José de Urquiza on falling out with Rosas fell into the good graces of the 14 provinces of the Plate; but, his bed of roses was soon transformed into a wet blanket in which he has ever since been tossed unmercifully by one or both of the contending parties. Two years ago he was our ong-bear, six months later our distinguished guest, six weeks ago our sworn enemy, and to-day he is something undefinable between a patriot and a tyrant, a hero and a conspirator. Of late it was customary to advertise him in the "Tribuna," about to commence business in Southampton as a vendor of fishing tackle, [with a hook]. He was promised a free passage to Europe; and threatened with confiscation. Now, by a strange fantasy, the popular odium is directed against the unfortunate Derqui who was always supposed to be an automaton of Urquiza's, and therefore nowise responsible for his acts. Since the battle of Pavon, the latter has gained wonderfully in our good graces, controverting the old principle that success makes the hero. Our indulgent townsmen manifest an inclination to believe that the automaton is blameable for the faux pus, and that the machinery became quite unmanageable in the juggler's hands. ·

Again Christian charity would go for nought if a relenting public did not east the cloak of forgiveness over past peccadilloes; and, as the repentant thief was promised Paradise, so, there is a vague hint that the great caudillo may yet gain our love and es-

Hence it is that rumor assigns Urquiza the role of Pacificator General: he is to assist Mitre in the organization of the so-oft organized Republic, which, being newly white-washed, as expected to present a more respectable appearance. All late transgressions are to be put on the scape-goat Derqui; and as Napolcon boasted that, when his victories were forgotten, he should go down to posterity with the Imperial Code in his hand, so, we have no doubt, Don Justo will be content to postpone the memories of Cazeros and Cepeda, ordering his apotheosis (after Verazzi's picture) with the Constitution in the foregre und.

In the know who plays second fiddle, but, so long as Mitre and Urquiza are of the performers, much harmony will re-

Many believe that Urquiza is now so broken down that he is harmless. but were this even certain, he is still powerful enough to do great good, and much as we abhor political contradictions and inconsistency, we cannot fail to recognise in the backsliding of Urquiza by offering his services to Mitre, a strong guarantee for ultimate and lasting peace.

Our army in the Field.

Toujours en avant. While our Goneral is bivouncking with his army in Rosario and the outskirts, the onward march of Buenos Ayres is evident from the reports of skirmishing between ad-

THE WILKLY STANDARD: Carcarand. No great active operations looking at each other near Diama have yet followed in the wake of Rosario, but, we may rest assured that Mitre finds more obstacles in diplomatic and political managuvres than could be offered by Virasoro's legions. Some say that a peace is imminent, others that Urquiza sent Don Juan C. Ocampo to offer Mitre his alliance if he went no farther north. Now, both stories are highly probable, and although our General could easily dash across the Parana, this would be effectually preventing all hope of truce, and defying Urquiza on his own ground. Our press is pleased to designate him the Entre-Rian tiger, and we know how dangerous it is to beard a tiger in his lair. Chasing Derqui or his satellites is mere fox-hunting compared to a li e-or-death struggle with the Captain General, and as prudence is the best part of valor, Mitre would seem rash to invade Entre-Rios without being sure of getting 'back safely, or turning up better than Hornos' at-

A diversion on Cordoba and the North would be a much more feasible excursion; and there are no reasons to believe that the redoubtable Saa, adventurous Alcorta or peregrine Olmos could withst and Mitre's inroad. Unfeeling critics will assert that our troops are dallying in Rosario from an inherent love of dancing and idleness; but, the sequel will shew that there is a drag on our Generals, chariot, which does not permit him at once to cross the Rubicon, or try a joust with the grand caudillo. Meantime the number of the enemy that is every day crowding in, to lay their submission at Mitre's feet, increases, to such a degree that they are now estimated in 1400 of all ranks. Pascual Resas is anxiously expected, as a rumor gains ground that our General is disposed to restore him as Governor of Santa Fe, although several ultramontanes are opposed to this instance of rewarding treachery. Saa passed through San Geronimo, on his way to San Luis, bringing large droves of horned cattle, and horses, which were stopped by an official of Derqui's named Corting, who complains of the great have committed by the deserters : the booty was, however, released at Saa's intimation, and led westward. Virasoro has been guilty of robbing the mail a la Jack Shepherd, but, the papers of the interior, which have escaped, present a strange proof of their blissful ignorance of affairs in general. They speak of the victory of Pavon in which our commander was wounded and taken prisoner, probably supposing that Rosario has captured Mitre; not Mitre, Rosario.

Another banner has been added to our trophies by a soldier of Nelson's artillery who had wrapped it round his body for concealment, and gave it up in grateful return for the kind treatment shewn him. The pro. tem. Governor of San Luis accuses his townsmen of treason in abandoning their beloved hero Juan Saa on the field of his prowess and conquest. It would seem we have not yet appreciated the magnitude of the hegira subsequent to Pavon. Not alone Puntanos and Cordovese, Entre-Rians and Correntines took to their heels, but even the President's example had effect on the Customs-clerks of Rosario, who with the adage "devil take the hindmost" loft Mitre nothing but old books and disordered accounts. It was proposed to make it a free port, but, as yet no alteration has occurred. The "Patrie" an off-shoot of our Tribuna, affords the inhabitants a literary variety long unknown there. Gen. Na zar is commander of the garrison, his post in the artillery being assigned to Col. Vedia.

In our chambers, mirabile dic'u! the obituary, last No. bill for giving medals to our soldiers of Payon has been thrown out, and another conferring the rank of Brig. Gen. on Mitro is postponed. No doubt our statesmen pre becoming economical, and as the Chascomus railway is fairly getting up steam, money is more wan ted for locomotives than for the toys of a "bubble reputation."

Rear-admiral Muratori has written a canced guards, under Col. Sandes, nice manifesto to this city, promising and the debris of Derqui's forces at the great things; but, as the two fleets are

to hurt one-another by a broadside. Even our active Minister of Marine, Gen Gelly cannot bring them to an action : of course they are said to obey orders herein, but, why the duce won't both let us see what they're made of.

The pacification of our province may be now called complete, many of our Irish farmers having already commenced shearing. As our patron, Saint Martin's day is coming round (Nov. 11th) there is a notion that it will bring us peace, as in 1859, though, let | zuela. us hope, for a more perennial duration.

Latest Intelligence.

Derqui is said to be en route for Cordova, as a revolution is expected in Paraná. He applied to Governor Rolon of Corrientes for a subsidy of 2,000 men, but, by Urquiza's direction this was refused. In this strange turn affairs are taking, the President will find it difficult to remain anywhere; his remaining troops are represented as totally demoralised, descriing and disbanding in all dire tions. Gen. Echague has resigned the portfolio of war, as he probably functed his occupation gone. Francia, Lopez-Jordan, Fontes and other magnates had left Derqui in his hour of utmost need, retiring to Paraná. Our lute Cordoban captives with ex-Governor Peña are goue to dispute the title of Olmos in their city.

Virasoro's army is said to number about one hundred men; and a handful of troops left by Derqui at Gorondona we e living by pillage. Pascual Rosas is supposed to be at Santa Fé. The National Treasury is no longer worth robbing, and affairs at Parana are evidently at sixes and sevens,

Montevideo.

On the 17th there was a review of the garrison; some 850 men defiled at the Government House in good order, but there is an evident falling off in artillery. The Commission for sending articles to the London Exhibition issued a notice calling on intending exhibitors to hand in their various products. In the "Nacion" we read of a lawsuit at Santiago in Chile, between Sr. Rodriguez and Don Vicuña McKenna the celebrated historian of O'Higgins, in which the latter was

LOCAL EVENTS.

Newspaper postage.—A law is about to be passed charging postage on newspapers. As our circulation in the camp is equal to that of all our colleagues together, we must feel this measure heavily, yet, if some method, of delivering the papers regularly, were guaranteed, we should not think ourselves aggreeved.

XSteamer "Asuncion."—This vessel was lately knocked down by auction at a sacrifice; Mr. John Marshall of Barracas purchasing her in the sum of 40,000 \$ mte.

Excursion trip .- The "Mississippi" left, on sunday, for Rosario, with over 400 passengers, who are gone to see our army. She will probably return to-morrow.

French "buffos"-It is unders tood that in gratitude to the import nt services of M de Chaillu, we are to have a gorrilla performance; and from our oan ideas of the company, we anticipate a happy rendering of so patriotic an enterprise.

Friends will accept this -. is nderstood as an invitation to the funeral; but, surely the Com. Times never meant us to go to the Island of Arran, as appears in Mr. Pardane's

Artesian Well.-Wanted a very long bore to find out whether there is any chance of water, or in what year of grace we are likely to have it.

English packet.—The Mersey goes out on Saturday, and the supplemental mail probably on Tuesday 29th by which latter date our next issue will be ready.

Barbarity .- The "Tribuna" and "Revista" are showing up each other

to public amusement on a reciprocal, and that all the mercantile body of charge of making wrong figures. As this city did business with him as the question is reduced to zero, we such. advise our amiable brethren of the quill to leave off plucking eac's other; otherwise the public may be shocked by the exposé, and "tar-and-feather them" for decency.

Our letter box .- A correspondent styled John Bright enquires of any of our readers "why Prince Albert never wears cleek-trousers." He might as well ask us why the Prince is a Field-marshal. We really can't imagine why. Ask Don Pepe de la Ca-

M

Deaths

On the 14th inst. At Capilla del Schor, Mr. Bernard Keegan of apoplexy, in the 40th year of his age. Deceased was a native of the Co. Westmeath.

On Thursday, 17th Oct Benjamin Appleyard Esq aged 55 late of Yorkshire, and one of our oldest and most respected British residents.

In this city, on Saturday last, of heart-disease, Mr. William Lenuon wool-broker. aged 54. During years passed in this country, he had gained the esteem of all who knew him. We understand he was from Westmeath. Ireland,

Buenos Ayres Oct. 22d 1861. To the Editor of the Weekly Standard.

The Editors of the "Commercial Times" have recently adopted a system of attacking the Catholic religion and its Ministry in so violent a manner as to cause the friends of rational freedom to dread its consequences.

Neither the head of the Catholic church, nor any Bishop or priest, however respectable, can escape the virulence or sneers of the "Commercial Times"; they are exciting the worst passions of the human heart without having received the least provocation from Catholics.

I defy them to name one Catholic, native or foreigner, who on any occasion says one word against the different Protestant sects in this City.

I suppose there are one hundred thousand Catholics in this City and between four and five thousand Protestants, and yet we never hear one of the former say one word against the religion of the latter: why then try to insult the religious feelings of the people who admit us to become citizens and grant us every religious tole-

I strongly advise these Gentlemen ot to trespass too much on the patience of a generous and religious people, for, should any bad consequences follow, they will only have to the principles of constitutional law. plame themselves who have lit the

I am, Sir, Your Obdt. Servt. Daniel O'Hara.

To the Commercial Public.

Having already published some douments relative to the fuits instituted by several Mercantile firms against the house of Dickson and Co., it may be useful to make known the sentence lately pron court by the Supreme Tribunal of Justice. This decision establishes certain fixed principles highly interesting to the mercantile community. Against it Messrs. Dickson & Co. have appealed to the Civil Court.

Drabble bros. V. Dickson & Co.

Whereas: 1s ly .- The present suit cannot be ruled according to the Code of Commerce promulgated after the acts which involve the rights at issue; for, although article 1751 enacts that all cases pending, are subjected to this law, saving any provision to the contrary, such provision is espressly made in article 3, in accordance with

the principles of constitutional law. 2dly .- By the facts adduced in evidence, it appears, that Don Carlos Gloede, m nager of the house of Dickson & Co., was the only represen tative of said firm in Bucnos Ayres.

3dry .- Don Carlos Gleede recommended Kasten & Co., and Don Sylvestre Lacusse that Drubble Bros might trust them with the goods, as is admitted by respondents, who pretend that Gloede gave his personal esponsibility.

4thly.-Being proved that the accounts and transfers of goods in deposit, sold by Drabble, were accepted in Dickson's house under their name and said transfers were subscquently altered in same house.

5thly.-By the declarations of Don Maximo Marmol and Don Manuel Ocampo folios 66 and 67, and ratified in 79 & 107 it is the usage among merchents in this city, to consider responsible the house that recommends a purchaser and that receives the account in its own name, and the commercial custom ought to serve as a rule for decision of such cases, according to the principles of mercantile jurisprudence, and as laid down by ordinance of Bilbao, cap. 9.

6thly.—The manager of a house, who possesses the powers to carry on its transactions, having executed commercial acts within the routine of its business, binds it even in acts beyoud the limit of his instructions, in conformity with the common law recognised by arricles 136 and 143 of the Code of Commerce.

7thly .- The fact of introducing and guaranteeing purchasers who do not belong to this city, is a transact on that seems to have been always done and recognised by the House of Dickson & Co., as well as by most others of this place as appears by the deela rations of folios 109 and 110.

Sthly .- T. c house of Barber & Co has not produced any proof to establish the hability of Dickson & Co.

On these grounds we confirm the de sision appealed from, of folio 240, as far as it releases the present respondents from the demand of Messrs. Bather & Co.-And we reverse it, relative to Drabble Bros, declaring, hereby, that the firm of Dickson & Co. is bound to satisfy the account contained in folio 3, with interest from the time said sum became due. And that it be fufilled within ten days and when costs are paid let it be returned.

11. John Laing & Co. V. Dickson & Co.

Whereas: 1stly .- The present suit cannot be ruled according to the Code of Commerce promulgated after the acts which involve the rights at issue; for, although article 1751 enacts that all cases pending, are subjected to this law, saving any provision to the contrary, such provision is espressly made in article 3, in accordance with

2dly .- By the facts adduced in evidence, it appears, that Don Carlos Gloede, manager of the house of Dickson & Co., was the only representative of said firm in Buenos Ayres, and that all the mercantile body of this city did business with him as

3dly .- Don Carlos Gloede recommended Kasten & Co., and Don Sylvestre Lacasso that J. Laing & Co. might trust them with the goods, as is admitted by respondents who pretend that Gloedo gave his personal respon

4thly .- It is proved that in Dickon's house, the account was admitted in their own name, as well as the three transfers, of folios 23 and 24, being proved that in two of them, the name of said firm was altered and the other presented at the Custom-House for the despatch of the goods menticned therein, as belonging to Dickson and Co.; all three having as they had. the same origin, that is the sale mado to the parties recommended by

5thly .- By the declarations of Don Luis Frias folio 41, Don-Maximo Marmol folio 41, Don Domingo Mendoza folio 42 and Don Manuel Ocampo folio 52 and Don Jaime Llavallol folio 54, it is the usage among. Merchants in this City to consider responsible the house that recommends a purchaser and that receives the

account in its own name and the commercial custom ought to serve as a rule for decision of such cases, according to the principles of mercantile urisprudence and as laid down by the ordinance of Bilbao Cap. 8.

6thly. -The manager of a house, who possesses the powers to carry on its transactions; having executed commercial acts within the routine of its business, bind, it even in acts beyond the limit of his instructions, in conformity with the common law recognised by articles 1: 6 and 143 of the Code of Commerce.

7thly .- The fact of introducing and guaranteeing purchasers who do not belong to this city, is a transaction that seems to have been always done and recognised by the House of Dickson & Co. as well as by most others of this place as appears by the declarations of folios 109 and 110.

On these grounds we hereby reverse the decision appealed from, folio of 120, and declare that the firm of Dickson & Co. is bound o satisfy the balance of accoun in folio 1 with interest from the day said sum became due. To be fulfilled within ten days from this date, and costs being satisfied let it be returned.
Here are the five Rubrics.

Modern Rome.

Historians have remarked that the decline of Rome dates from the establishment of Christianity; but, while it is certainly true that paganism was co-existent with the Empire, it is not fair to conclude that the conversion of that city was a misfortune or that the Papacy was its evil genius. Qui o the contrary, Rome has witnessed the fall of every great city of antiquity, or the middle ages, Palmyra, Carthage, A hens, Lacedamon, Ravenna, Pisa, Tibur: These have filled the earth with their fame, and are now reduced to obscure villages or unpeopled ruins, while Rome is still a centre of attraction, the titular capital of Italy, and even in its modern guiso one of the most splendid courts in Europe.

In architecture, Paris itself mus yield the palm to the E'ernal city. No street in the universe, from Broadway to the Lung Arno, from the water Den Linden to the Chiaia an rival the Corso with its double line of palaces, terminating in the Piazza del Populo justly esteemed the grandest entrance to any capital in Europe. Our colleague of the Commercial Times has clearly never been in Rome, when he speaks of houses tumbling down, and a decrease of population. That the city affords extra accommodation appears from the fact that uo to 80,000 foreigners find lodging overy Lent to witness the ceremonies of Holy Week. Some of the poorer classes are indifferently housed, and where is the toan in Europe in which this is not thocaso; but we om safely affirm hat the Palazzi Doria, Braschi, Pamphili, Borgheso, &c., &c., would be judged a splendid residence for even the mea: fastidious editor, or magniloquent adventurer. Our American friends brag. with some reason, of New York and its good supply of water, but by a late calculation it is found that Romo is far beyond every town on the globe in this respect, and four times superior to Paris or London. If we look to the supply of provision, we find he market abundantly stocked, particularly with fruits, fowl and vegetables at a lower price than sceptics could imagine, or economists devise. Philosophers may growl at priestly rule and Papal despotism, but, be it noted that in Romo no one dies of hunger. That there are abuses in the farming of taxes, and government monopolies we frankly admit, but, we aro not sure that Italians are suited for constitutional rights, and this is

for constitutional rights, and this is beside the question. In the ordinary conveniencers of life, Rome is not deficient. There was at first some opposition to gas, for such is the fate of all inventions. The good citizens of Dublin were said to be crazy, when they first proposed to adapt gas for lighting the streets, and tried the experiment in a by-lane off Capel St. This Irish invention, to which the world is so much it debted, is in full use in Rome. Moreover the sanitary state of the city is excellent. We have already enumerated the milways and tele-



raph. The police are generally a rigilant body, and private assassina ion is confined to the friends of Ita than Liberty of the Orsini school. The public morality, though far from perfect, will stand comparison witi. other Italian cities. Convents and churches are perhaps rather numerous yet this may be expected in a clerical regime. Monuments of public charity such as hospitals, asylums and poor-schools are more numerous in me than in Dublin, tho' the latter city is twice the size, and one of the nost benevolent cities in Europe. Tata Gioranni is an excellent institution for the care and education of little houseless children. The Orfanelli contains about 300 youths, some of whom are foundlings, others the sous of poor tradesmen, who receive not only a trade, but often a capital to commence life. The University so famed throughout Christendom is pen to all, dispensing the higher anches of a brilliant education to thousands of students, gratis. To the youth, not alone of Italy, but of the world, Rome offers a classic hospitality, laying wide her treasures of art and literature, without distinction of race, rank or religion. To a for eigner visiting London, it is permitted as a special favor to inspect the Queen's stables; and in the polite aris not the all-powerful passport can unlock the salors of the Tuileies when the Emperor is at home; ut, for the much-abused Pius the inth, there is no greater pleasure an to receive and welcome in the atican the poor traveller of science r unfriended scholar, to whom is escuted the grandest field for study hat ancient or modern ages have ver eheld.

The civil war in America.

The Africa arrived here last night. ler dates are down to the 14th, being our days later than the last arrival The intelligence she brings is imortant. I send you files of papers, ogether with the annexed selections. he new York Herald of the 14th ous summarises the latest intellinces:-The most important news om the seat of war which we have record to-day comes from Missouri, here the gallant General Lyon has een contending in the south-western brtion of that state with an immense orce of the rebels, and this nows, we egret to say, tells of the death of General Lyon and the retreat of his rmy. It will be remembered that on hursday last General Lyon had a ight with his brave guard and that the rebels under Ben. McCulloch Dug Spring, near Springfield, where endeavoured to draw the latter out his shelter in the woods. I apars from official intelligence received y Major General Fremont, at St. is, from one of General Lyon's ids, that the fight was renewed on Saturday morning at half-past six clock-three columns of the Union rees, respectively commanded by neral Lyon, General Siegel, and ajor Sturgis, numbering in all eight and men, being engaged on one , and a body of rebels under Gen. Cultoch and General Price, numing twenty-three thousand, on the The battle took place at Davis' ek, about nine miles south east of ld. Against this is serior force, which was composed regiments from Louisiana, Missispi, Tennessee, Arkansas, and Texhe troops of General Lyon were Il able to maintain their ground, d pressed the enemy back to their pment, on Wilson's Creek, nich General Siegel actually occud for the night; but fearing a flank rement of the rebels, he withdrew small force. General Lyon was lled while charging at the head of s column. The engagement was a rere one. Eight hundred of the uion troops are reported killed and unded. The loss of the rebels was MacCulloch and General Price. Il the tents and waggons of the rels were lost. General Siegel effec-To refreat to Spring field in good

brought back as a trophy the horse and sword of Ben. M'Culloch, together with 25,000 dols. in specie from the Springfield bank. At last report there was no appearance of a pursuit on Siegel's refreating columis, and his army was considered safe. The report of the rebel less has been confirmed by the statement of prisopers taken, and their numbers have been ascertained by the muster rolls found on the field. A despatch confiming the account of the battle and the death of General Lyon was received at the War Department yester day from General Fremont. We have nothing of importance to report of military movements at Washington. The Navy Department appears to be stirring itself a little at last. Or ders were issued yesterday for the construction of five out of twelve of the new steam gunboats authorised by Congress. Two of them are to be built at the Kittery yard in Maine; one at Charletown, Mass: one at Brooklyn, and one at Philadelphia. The other seven are to be built by contract outside of the navy yards. Proposals for two iron-clad steamers were ilso issued yesterday, to be constructed by contract. We give a full account to-day of the whereabouts of the rebel privateer Sumter. It appears that she arrived at Curacoa or the 17th of July, but her flag not having been recognised at the fort there, she was not permitted to enter; but upon Lieutenant Semmes, her commander, sending a boat ashore and representing her position to the Governor as a war vessel of the confederate States he was permitted to enter and refit. She went to sea on the 24th ult; steering to the eastward. There were one hundred and fifty men on the Sumter. The vessel took no provisions on board at Curacoa, one of the officers stating that they had taken enough out of one of the last prizes to keep the crew for some weeks. She was armed with four thirty-two and t .o sixty-four pounders. Those officers who had been in the United States Navy word their old uniform, with the United States Navy button. The general feeling among the merchants at the port was against admitting the privateer. There was a Dutch man-ofwar in the harbour, and the officers refused to associate with the officers of the privateer, and went on shore without their uniforms while the Sumter was in the harbour. These facts we learn from Captain Boreham of the brig Sea Foam, which arrived at this port yes ordy from Curacoa. St. Louis, Mo; Tuesday, August

only one gun behind him on the field

He captured ninety prisoners, and

13 P. M .- Rumours are current on the street, in which some reliance is pla ced, that General Lyon's command in the southwest has been totally routed by the rebels. General Lyon himself was killed, and General Siegel was in full retreat with the remnant of the Federal forces. This information is said to have been recoived by Secessionists last evening. The messenger who brought the news killed four horses between Springfield and Rolla in his haste to outstrip the goverument messenger. Great auxiety is felt by the Union men here, and most serious apprehensious are indulged in for the safety of our army.

VARIETIES.

A Peep into the Office of the Londo. Times."-A French tourist, who has visited the office of the Thunderer, furnishes some interesting items respecting the internal economy of that ast establishment that we have not before seen mentioned. Adjoining the editorial room-which is large well-lighted, and fitted up with desks comprising every convenience for writing—is a dining-room for editors, and tle archive room, where are stored ry heavy, and it is said to include all the files of the "Times" since its foundation. Next to the archive-room are the proof-readers' rooms, where are hundreds of dictionaries and encyclopædias in all languages and reder, and from there fell back on lating to all subjects. A dozen proof-

Rolla, the terminus of the south-west readers are employed during the day, isation of railway facilities will alone ceeded in capturing him. He is unbranch of the Pacific Railroad, leaving and another dozen during the night. They have an eating-room adjoining that where they work, and their meals are provided at the expense of the establishment. The administration of the Times has nothing to do with the subscription to the paper. Smith, the paper, of which he takes thirty t ousand daily. The remainder are bought ky one hundred and seventy news-dealers, who pay in advance. The paper is sold to them less than cost, the proprietors looking to the allvertisements for remuneration. The wear and tear produced by the perpetual motion which reigns in this immense es ablishment are so great-that it is necessary to rebuild and strengthen once every two years the lower storeys of the building.

-A letter from Beyrout, in the "Patrie," states that the French squadron on the coast of Syria is very active, constantly cruising on the coast to show the French flag to the natives. The Admiral himself sets and judge of everything that is going satisfy himself of the s ate of Palestine, which he found completely tranquil. During the Admiral's excursion his flag-ship, the Bretagne, remained in sight of Caiffa, and was an object of admiration to the population.

GOATS AT MALTA. - Early overy morning one hears the tinkling of very small bells. These are those of the goats which are driven in flocks throughout the streets. Go wherever one will in the town there are goats met with; sometimes in large droves of thirty or forty, but generally in small companies. They are driven from house to house, and milked at the doors. Scarcely any cows' milk is to be had in Malta. Sometimes a number of sheep are mingled with the flocks of goats. These animals though usually driven in front of their owners, are often seen following them, as in oriental lands, and in accordance wi h the pastoral allusions in the Bible.

TRADE WITH AMERICA.—The effects of the events in America upon the trade of this country everybody must have expected to be great; but we rather think that the most dismal forebodings fall far short of the facts, as we find them in a statement obligingly furnished from the Customhouse at Liverpool. The following figures show the declared value of British goods exported from Liverpool to the United States in the months of May, June, and July, 1860 and

Taking the three months together n each year, we have the following results :---

1860 £4,959,023 1860

Decrease £4,053,873

In other words, the exports to America from Liverpool have decreased more than four-fifths. As 1860 was an average year for exports, and as there is nothing exceptional in the case of Liverpool, beyond the fact that it is the chief seat of the American export trade, it will probably be found that the decrease in our whole American trade is in a similar proportion.-

Scotsman.

A SOUTHERN COMPLIMENT TO THE 69ти Intsu.—No Southerner but feels that the sixty-ninth maintained the old reputation of Irish valour, on the wrong side through misguidance, and not through treachery to the old cause ; and not one of us but feels that the day must come when a true understanding of the principle at issue will range their fearless hearts in line with their brethren of the South. All honour to the sixty-ninth, even in its error .- Memphis (Tenn) Argus.

The Oil-wells of North Imerica. Numerous letters c nfirm the great value of the oil-springs lately discovered in the United States and Canada. The question as to the duration of their yield remains to be set led, but it seems probable that, owing to the extent of the regions in which but all their efforts proved fruitless Turkmen, who first discovered it, they are found, the supply will last many years, and that a proper organ-

be needed to cause the production to be among the most important in modern commerce. In the United States the principal deposits are understood to be close to a station on a new rail way-the Atlantic and Great Western -which will render their conveyance of the Strand, sees to the mailing of to New York comparatively inexpensive. In Canada they are about twelve miles from the Wyoming Station o the Great Western of Canada Railway, and some arrangements will be necessary for the transit over that distance, the existing roads being of the worst description. At the site of the principal wells the ground was two years ago covered by an almost unbroken forest. Now there is a resident and constantly-increasing popul lation of upwards of five hundred. During the last winter the coaches took an average of fifty people daily to the spot from Wyoming, and many bought land and remained. There are several inns filled to overfloxing. Two good hotels are in course of erection. Houses and shanties are rising an example, being eager to see all, on all sides, and the grea est activity is everywhere apparent. At present on. He recently went to Nazareth there are about one hundred wells in and the Sea of Tiberias in order to full operation, all yielding oil. The land is held in large blocks, the owner leasing acres and half acres for ni cty-nine years. The terms usually are 300 dollars for the privilege and one-third of the oil drawn from the wells. The wells are sunk and cribbed to a depth of from 40 to 60 feet till the rock is reached. In many cases surface-oil is found before reach ing the rock, but it is of rather inferior quality and doubtful yield. After arriving at the rock, the eells through the earth being from 4 to 7 feet square, t ev drill to a death of from 40 to 70 feet, between which distances oil is almost sure to be discovered. Wooden tanks, varying from 500 to 2000 gallons capacity, are constructed close to each well. The oil is pumped into these, and afterwards drawn off into barrels to be sent to market. A moderate average yield for all the wells now in operation (one hundred) is fifteen barrels or 600 gallons per Story of a Madman .- A Mullingar

correspondent of the "Irish Times" states that, some time ago Captain Sydney Smyth, who had been confined in a lunatic asylum, set fire to the residence of his brother, Captain Robert Smy:h, of Portlick Castle, Westsmeath. The building was totally destroyed, the motive of the maniae being revenge for some fancied grievance. The correspondent adds; "Immediately after t e destruction of the building, the lunatic fixed his residence in an elevated part of the ruins where he has act ally remained since the 21st of July, successfully opposing all the attempts made to capture him. Armed with a sword, of which he had managed to possess himself, and furnished with a formidable supply of stones and missiles of every description, which he had ready to hurl on any hostild-intruder, he succeeded for more than a month in defying the power of the civil authorities, who have been unremitting in their endeavors to effect his arrest which it was found impossible to do without a certain loss of life. The only persons he allowed to approach him were two men belonging to the veyed to him. It was proposed to render him insensible by mixing opiates with his drink, and then securing him; but the attempt was not more successful than several other stratagems which resulted also in failure. At one time he seems to have entertained the intention of escaping, and making his way to his former re sidence; but the constabulary tool such effectual measures as to frustrate his object, withdrawing the boats from the neighbourhood and guarding the roads-in fact, subjecting him to a regular siege. The number of police engaged in watching him on one oc casion amounted to thirty, accompanied by the county inspec or, a subinspectos, and resident magistrate: until ene day last week, when sub-

questionably insane, and porsists in his threats of further vengeance against his brother."

GARIBALDI AND THE AMERICAN WAR .- The New York Herald makes the following statement :- "The offer made by Garibaldi to our government of historvices has been accepted, and he is to receive the rank of Major-General in our army. His name and presence will be of immense value to the Union cause. They will prove to the English and French governments that it has the sympathy of the friends of human freedom throughout the favour of the South will expose then to a severe retribution at their hands."

ENORMOUS NEW GUN .- Mr. Clay of the Mersey Steel and Iron Works is engaged in the manufacture of one of his guns of enormous siz? and power. The design and destination o the gun is not allowed to transpire but it is supposed to be made fo experimental purposes for a foreign government, to test the resistence of battery plates. It is said that the gui is to throw a shot of 500lb., and & a will be ready for trial in two or three eeks. The monster gun made at these works, and which was lately tested again at Porsmouth, carries a shot o

280lb. THE QUEEN AND MR. DARGAN .-It used to be mentioned as a characteristic of "the Georges" that they never forgot old acquaintances, and on Thursday evening Queen Victoria proved her true blood by a worthy instance. No sooner had she set foot within the terminus at Westland row, than she singled out Mr. Dargan from the group of gentlemen awaiting her arrival, and kindly greeted him expre sing a hope that all went well with him and his. In this graceful recognition her Majesty was followed by the Prince Consort, who warmly expressed to Mr. Dargan his admiration of the scenery of Killarney, and the gratification his excursion had afforded him .- Mail.

AN AMERICAN FARM .- The largest farm in Illinois is that of Isaac Funk, who resides at Bloomington, Mc Lean County. The total number of scree occupied and owned by him is 39,900 one farm of 27,000 acres, fields containing, respectively, 8,000,3,900 and 1,000 acres. By his great crop of corn, all of which he consumes at home, he is thus able to marke: about 70,000 dols. worth of cattle a year at New York. His stock on haud of horses, mules, hogs and fat cattle, is

said to be worth 1,000,000 dollars. COAL .- The earliest mention of coal is said to be in 1245, but it was probably known for the purposes of trade long before. The citizens of London used it in the reign of Edward I.; every ship load that passed under the arches of old London Bridge, paid a toll of sixpence to the corporation. The middle classes were the first to appreciate its value, but the nobility, whose mansions were in the pleasant suburds of Holborn and the Strand, regarded it as a nuisance, and complained loudly of the smoke. In 1306 Commission of Inquiry was instituted, and followed by a proclamation forbidding the use of sea, coal within the city of London. The effect of this prohibitory measure was but temporary. Fifty pounds were paid from the Exchequer in 130S to several, "wood merchants" for providing coal and wood for the coronation of Fdward II. The price of coal in the reign of Edward III. was six shillings and fourpence of chaldron.-Our English Home.

EXPORTATION OF COTTON FROM LI-VERPOOL, TO NEW YORK.—Last week no less than 15,000 bales of Surat cotton were sent from Liverpool to North America, ria New York. Such an occurrence, is we believe, unprecedented.

-The Russian journals announthat a remarkable geological phenomenon has just occurred in the Caspian Sea, an island having risen from the waters near Bahu, on the western coast. The captain of the schooner states that, except the upper crust inspector Kirkland and his party suc- | the soil of this new Island was quite

moist and very warm, which shows thet it was of very recent formation. It is eighteen feet above the level of the water, and twelve miles from the

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All with 5 p.8	Brazil	Havana	U. States		Spain		Autwerp	Havre	Marseilles	The Channel .	London-	Liverpool	
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mage except to France which is 10 p. S.			:				30 %	40 f.	45 €	40 %	35 s.		ton weight
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ARRIVALS AND IMPORTS.

October 19. From London, Aug. 3, Eng. barquo Patriotess" to Getting, with 1200 barrels beer, 35 tons coal and hard-

From Hamburg, July 25, Euglish barque "Asia" to Hartonfols, with hardware, liquors and 16,000 pieces lumber.

From Montevideo, American stea. "Mississippi" with S1 passengers and cargo.

From Sevsport, July 26, American brig "Waccaman," to O'shee, with 171,000 feet lumber.

From Rio Jaueiro, Oct. 8, British steam-packet "Morsey," with general cargo and 2S passengers.

From Havanna, Jan. 15, Spanish goletta "Paco" to Lopez, with 160 pipes caña and 7 boxes-cigara. 19.

From Montevideo, American stead 'Mississippi," with 135 passengers, 8 sheep and 31 boxes eggs.

From Montevideo, Brazilian stea "Marquez de Oliuda."

SAILINGS AND EXPORTS.

Cctober 13. England, British schooner "Nun-

Cadiz, Spanish barque "Victorina." England, Brit. bg. "Flying Cloud." Patagones, Italian schooner "Nue-

14. . . . Rio Janeiro, French mail steamer

Saintonge," with mails and passon-Antwerp, Belgian b.g "Do Ruyter."

Montovideo, American stea. "Mis-

issippi" with passengers. 17. New York, American ship "Benjamin Aymar" in ballast.

Eusenada, British steamer "Espi-Up the River, Dutch brig "Joan

Jacob"in ballast. Up the River, American brig "Ada" n ballast.

Foreign ports, British bark "Adenture" in ballast.

Asuncion, Puraguayan sica. "Salto de Guayra."

Havre, French ship "Racine," Foreign Ports, Bremen bk. "Orion" n ballast.

Foreign Ports, British bark "Liiope" in ballast. Spain, Spanish brig "Nuevo Mar-

tin.' N. York, American ship "Borgamin Aymar."

Montovideo, British war steamer Oberon."

19. Uruguay, British brig " Wilton Wood."



MISOELLANEOUS.

A VISIT TO PARIS.

The "Pays" has the following cutions story:-As a polico patrol nights back going its rounds in the neighbourhood of the Panthéon is found a man, attired in a most extraordinary way, lying on a stone beach at a porte cochère. His hair had been covered with some clammy substance, over which copper filings had been sprink'ed, so that it was stiff and brilliant; feathers had been stuck in it, to form a sort of diademy his face was daubed with paint of different colours; he had on a necklace formed of corks cut round, and covered with gilt paper; his shirt was worn over his clothce, and was ornamented with prabesques in red paint; his tronsers were raised so as to leave his legs bare, and his legs, as also his neck and hands, were painted of a checolate colour. Near him was a bundle containing his stockings, cravat, waistcoat, &c. He was fast asleep, and, on b ing wakened, manifisted the greatest astonishment at finding himself in such a place and in such a guise. Being ta ken to the rearest guard-house, and questioned, he stated that he was a well-to-do farmer in the department of the Aisne, and had long been tormented with a desire to see Paris. Having collected a sum of money, he had come to the capital for the Emperor's fête, and remained there ever since. The day before he was found so strangely accoutred he went to the Jardin des Plantes, and sat down on a bench to rest himself. Shortly after a young man of gentlemanly appearance, who was reading a book, seated himself by his side. They got into conversation, and he related to the young man what he had seen in Paris, but expressed great regret that he had not been able to fall in with the Siamsee Ambassadore. How lucky it it that we have met! cried the young man. The Ambaesadors are this very evening to visit a naval surgeon of my acquaintance, who cured their Queen of the wheeping cough; and if you like I will take you to his house! The farmer at first hesiteted to accept the stranger's offer, but the latter pressed him so courteously that he consented. An appointment to meet in the evening in the Place du l'antheon, was made, and both the farmer and the young man were puncual. The latter led the countryman up and down soveral obscure streets, and then entered a house in which there was no concierge. In one apartment to which he was introduced the farmer found covoral young men drinking and smoking, and ho was induced to drink with them. After a while he was shown through a hole in a door several persons, male and female, dressed in st:ango costumes, and was told that they were the ambassadors and their wives, but that he could not be edmitted to thom unless he would consent to have certain changes made in his dress. He at first refused, but at last, after being well plied with wine, submitted. His toilette having been completed, he was then introduced to the ambassadors. They courteously entered into a conversation with him through an interpreter, and then insisted that he should partake of their refreshments. What he ate, he said, was very strange, and what he drank still more so. At last the ambassadors notified that they were so pleased with him that they would decorate him with the Order of the White Elephant; but they said that, in accordance with the custem of the country, he must first chase one of them down stairs and succeed in catching him. He made no objection, and one of the ambaseadors rushed down stairs, and the farmer pursued. But on reaching the bottom, the outer door was suddenly opened, and he was pushed out; the door was then closed on him, and a moment after a bundle containing the articles of dress he had taken off was dropped from a window. Ho knocked loudly at the door, but received no tigue and the fumes of drink, he sat down to rest. He soon fell asleep, and semained sleeping until found by the police. After he had told this eingular story he was made to count his money. He said that not a sou had is a matter of interest which we owe

been taken from him. It was thus to ourceives. Great Britain, u ... u clear that he had only been made the victim of a practical houx, and ft is thought lik ly that the perpetrat ra of

THE QUEEN'S VISIT TO IRELAND.

A Reyal visit-any, rather, a visit from Queen Victoria-had certainly b come due to Ireland. She has, it is true, been there before, but hurriedly and informally. She has greated her Irish subjects lovingly, but on'y, as it were, in passing. Her permanent residence is in England; her place of annual retreat when she would divest herse'f of State formalities is in Scotland. Ireland, hitherto, has seemed to be excluded from the a-lvantages and gratification attendant on the periodical presence of the Court. In that country loyalty to the Severeign has had but few opportunities of expressing itself in its personal form, and we all know that it is in this form that it is most satisfied to express itself. There is beside; in the Emerald Isle, as elsewhere, a sensitive regard for race, and a jealous' attachment to country, which causes the Irish people, even if they do not resent, to feel painfully anything which seems like the withholding of that attention to which they justly deem themselves entitled; and it has, doubtless, been a matter of mortifying regret to a somewhat susceptible nation that, wh tever may have been the cause, Ireland has not enjoyed the same share of distinction the Sovereign can confer which has fallen to the lot of her British sisters. We are glad, very glad, that her claim to Royal regard has this year secured recognition, and that the visit of her part of her dominions.

But, besides this, one can hardly tr vel in Ireland just now w thout being struck with the signs everywhere apparent that, as a nation, she is herself recovering from a weary age | Patriorch of Venice and the Archbiof sorest trial ending in a terrible ca: lamity. Grievous oppression has left the foregoing list .- Weekly Register. behind it too many traces of the suffering it inflicted to fail in attracting notice even from the careless. It is impossible to go far in eny direction without coming across unequivocal and mournful proofs that the Irish people have not long escaped from a heavy yoke: and on the very surface of the soil, and in the habits of the people, the traveller will read, in char acters he can hardly misinterpret, a long history of wors impatiently endured. Indeed, it is but a few years ago that the wail of Ireland was one of unutterable despondency; and when famine and fever followed the track of political and social miseries, and swept off by death, or disposeed by emigration, countless swarms of her inhabitante, it seemed doubtful whether she could recover her energies within the already half-spent century, oven under the most judiciously indulgent treatment. Of all this there are yet, as we have said, distinctly visible remains Our fair but careworn sister has not wholly put as do her mourning attire. It is light and almost cheerful in comparison with what it once was, but it serves to remind one that she has not long omerged from the lowest depths

There are few Englishmen, if any at least of the most crdinary culture by whom the Queen's visit to Ireland is not viewed with sati faction. They are pleased with it, both for her aske and for the sake of the people of the western island. They see in it an aptitude to allay some of the prejudice and irritation which even now separate to some extent Celt from Saxon, Roman Catholic from Protestant. They regard it hopefully as a kind of ceremonious and formal inauguration of the better era already initiated by Divine Providence, and secured by wise and liberal legislation. To strengthen roply. He therefore went away, and hin every way possible the ties of siswalked about until, overcome with fa- terhood between the two nations long united under the same Crown, and new for upwards of half a contury united under the same Legislature and Government, is not only a duty which we recognise as owing to Ireland, but

tionably, is chargeable with, and, of late, we are happy to add, has become conscious of, a long course of harsh treatment towards the people of the Green Isle. We are their debtors, if only in compensation for the bitter and unrelenting policy with which we so persistently torm nted them, and we are the more inclined in c ns quence to take with forbearance our share of the inconveniences which are the natural fruit of our oppressive car. er. But, thank Heaven, the malignant spirit has gone out of us. We desire nothing more than a real prion on equal terms. We rejoice in Irelanti's prosperity as we do in our own. We gradge her nothing which may help to develop her mognificent resources. We are grateful for everything which brings us into more active intercourse and closer intimacy. We have inarned

fore, while with heartfelt loyalty we pray "God speed her Majesty in her visit to Ire and," we pray not less cordially "God bless the people among whom sho has gone." Itt. L. News. NEW CARDINALS-DR. CULLEN.-Our Roman correspondent gives us some interesting information with respect to the expected nominations to the vacant Hats to be made in the Consistory to be held next month. The

by painful experience that no part of

the body politic can suffer without en-

tailing suffering on the whole-that

no part can flourish w thout imparting

to the whole additional vitality. There-

now cardinals are fully expected to be -the Most R v Dr. Cullan, Archbi- CLASS. thop of Dublin and Apostoric Delegate; the Archbishop of Chambery; Mon signer Bedini, formerly Secretary of Propaganta and now Archbishop of Majesty has taken place under cir- Viterbo; Monsignor Sacconi, Aposto-comstances which will suggest to her lie Nuncio at Paris; the Dean of the Hibernian subjects that she takes a Rota, the Secretary of the Sacred Condeep and spontaneous interest in that gregation, and Father Panebianco, a learned Franciscan. These appointments our correspondent (who is always well-informed in these matters) looks upon as sottled. He adds that it is not, however, improbable that the

shop of Saragossa may be added to

11: de Setiembro Market Dry cow hisles, narrow Hides of all stakes Perada 125 to 185 — 105 to 120 — 80 to 90 Calf skins 80 to 90 28 for 30 Hides of colts Sheep skins unweshed d.z+n 45 to 50 70 to 90 Do mixed 100 to 150 4 to 41 95 to 100 Notris Horse hairNorth Do. south hit to 110 40 to 45 75 to 80 Tallow pure Creole wool washed Do. unweshed 40 to · 45 Do. mixed 50 to 70 50 to 70 brig 80 to 100 barque 40 to 60 barque 22 to 24 barque 25 to 26 barque 803 to 900 frigue Fine meetiza wool Lambs do-Ostrich feathers' loose. ъ. Do. woren thorsand 800 to 900 300 to 400 fanega 260 to 270 Inferior do. Wheat superior 220 to 230 Do inferior 150 to 180 125 to 130 80 to 100

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Bank receives mic. at 69 advances mic. st ees inje, st 88 specie at 128 Money market-specie-14 to 13 pe ını c.

Current Price of Cattle Good horned cattle for saladerd \$ 200 to 220 Do mata içlo, picked bul 250 -- 280 locks Do Cowa picked 250 ---Three year old mules 15 - - 20 85 - 90 Ordinary mestiza .-Sheep 30 Fine do.

Consulate of the



UNITED STATES

OF AMERICA.

The Consulate of the United States of America has been removed to Cattle Parque N. = 28. · 09. 3p.

For Liverpool direct. To sail in, about 10 days the fine first Class clipper British Barque

"ISTRIA" of 500 tons burden, Capt. in Thomas

This vessel has excellent accomme dations for cabin and steerage passengers, and presents a fire opportunity for families withing to return to Eu-

For further particulars apply to the Captain No. 140 Calle Reconquista or to

Henry A. Green & Co. Ship Brokers &c. Caile Reconquista 83.

Education.

Mr. D. F. Sauvein offere his sorvi ar. Dr. Sawein currents servi-ces as Teacher in English, French, Ger-man, Latin & Greek. For further particulars apply at the English 8 mi-nary Suipacha 20, or at the Anglo-French Seminary Potori 331.

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Henry Machell.

Your father is dead and you will hear something greatly to your advantage on applying to your brother the Rev. R. B. Machell the Vieur of ha Rev. R. B. Muchell the Vicar of Ba frow, Lincolnehire, or to Thomas Shepherd Esn. Breefly Yorkshire En-gland or to Zimmerman, Fairs deco. Montevideo or Busines Aires.

Buenos Aires Cricket Club. NOTICE.

From the date bereof this Club will meet I r practice on the overlygs Tue-day and Friday, at 4 o'cl. ck. J. H. Roston-Hen: Sec-Buenoa Aires October 3J, 1861.

Thomas Bicker's. Retail-Prices.

Sugar best dry refined 233, do-Havana 24 and 28. Tea from 10 to 308, Salt Butter 88 Splitpeas 28, Sagn 28 Oatmeal 38, Starch 238 Com Sta-ch 48, Flour of Rice 48 Currants 48 Dried Aprles 38, do Pueses 38, on Cherrics 25 English Fo its 78 bottle, Mushro on Ketchup 48, English Mus-turd 58, Stearin candles 648, Matches 158 guest. Every article of the school tet a d most genning quality. 77—UERU—

To le said.

At 50 per cont, the out lying suisecriptions due to the paper in the country districts. The defaulters for the whole p rod are 80 in tumber, those for the 2nd quarter 230, and at her persons well off and able to pay. For details apply to the unfortunce Editor.

English Grocer Store

59. AND GI CALLE DEVENSA,

CORNER OF POTO I.

The subscriber has opened the above as a grocery store the stock include loss, sugar, while, spirite and other necessaries for family use in towa an country, of the heat questities, all purchased and selected with the greater care.

Particular attention will be given the cultivation of a family trade, are orders from the country carefully, as tended to.

Robert Uris

Tanning Trade.

Wanted two workmen who understand something of carrying or taning ig They will be liker lly paid they are proficient in dressing fin leather, or in any other 'opartment o tle trade. Apply at Mr. Bookey! Calle V. mozuein 149.

English Governess

An Ergish lady for many year resident in the city, seeks pupils of teacher age to when she could impar the radiments of an Eng ish and Spanish education . Apply 137 cal e Sar

On Sale

Martin.

Rock Salt for Sheep A. M Mose

Cale Det ma No. 9

SHIPPING LIST. See arrivals.

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