

# The Standard

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# THE WEEKLY STANDARD

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR MICHAEL G. MURRAY 137 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

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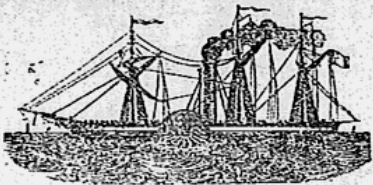
ADVERTISEMENTS { Received at the office up to Tuesday  
5. P. M. and inserted at moder-  
ate rates.

Published every Wednesday evening at P. Gautier's Printing Office, calle Defensa No. 91, where Advertisements and Communications will be received.

August 14, 1963.

BUENOS AIRES.

No. 16



## SALTO COMPANY RIVER STEAM-BOATS

For the **URUGUAY**  
ORIENTAL STEAMER  
**MONTVIDEO**

Captain — LINO BELBEY.

This fine vessel makes a weekly trip.

LEAVING	RETURNING
Montevideo on Fridays at 4 p. m.	From Salto on Tuesdays at 7 a. m.
Buenos Ayres Saturdays 10 a. m.	" Concordia " 7 1/2 a. m.
Higueritas " 4 p. m.	" Paysandú " 1 p. m.
Fray Bentos " 9 a. m.	" Concepcion " 4 p. m.
Concepcion Sundays 6 a. m.	" Fray Bentos " 9 p. m.
Paysandú " 8 a. m.	" Higueritas Wednesday 2 a. m.
	" Buenos Ayres " 4 p. m.

### FARES

	CABIN	Deck
Higueritas	6 pts.	3 pts.
Fray Bentos	10	5
Concepcion	14	7
Paysandú	16	8
Concordia & Salto	20	10
Montevideo	8	4

Parcels for Montevideo until 2 P. M. and letters till 3 P. M. on Wednesday.  
For further particulars apply at the office  
Henry Dowse. N.º 1 calle de Cuyo.

## FOR GUALEGUAY

Taking passengers, cargo &c, the Steamer

**Gualeguay**

(Rio Bermejo.)

Captain—ADOLFO THOUVENIN

Will leave this port on the 2nd July

FARES.

Cabin—16 patacons. Deck—8. Cargo per ton—6.

Correspondence received at the office up to 9 A. M. on the day of sailing.  
Parcels, up to 8 P. M. of the day before. For further particulars apply to  
Luis Cerro, Colon 41 Plaza 25 de Mayo

## FOR SALE.

The American Steamer "ASUNCION" lying in the Riachuelo opposite the Barraca de Ataya, is offered for private sale: her engines are in excellent order, and she is well suited to the transport of sheep to the Banda Oriental, being capable of taking 1,000 or 1,200 head each trip. The ASUNCION is of 120 tons, and with cargo, draws 3 1/2 to 4 feet of water: her two engines are each 30 horse-power.  
For further particulars, apply to  
Henry Dowse N.º 1 calle de Cuyo.

### To the Public.

For sale at N. 154 calle Victoria, in liquidation of the affairs of the late Da. Rosa Amer Italian milliner, a wardrobe, with glass front and counter. Also the interest in the premises which comprise 8 rooms, and some out offices, subject to a low rent.

Apply at the watchmakers, next door, No. 150.

Mr. Quadra Native of Germany.

Any one knowing the address of the above named is requested to forward it to the British Hotel calle 25 de Mayo.

### Notice.

The following letters to be found at No. 48 calle Reconquista.

Thomas Butt posted in Australia  
Mathew Cahil  
James Russell  
Thomas Dover  
James Barber from England  
George M. Olenahan  
Mr. Rount  
Patrick Galway

### Notice.

Messrs Maximo Landivar and Julio Laurent intimate to their friends and the public that they have opened an agency for affairs of town and country, at No. 13 calle Maypú.



## FOR COLONIA.

THE WELL KNOWN PILOT BOAT

**ESTRELLA.**

Will sail from this port every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at nine a. m. returning every MONDAY and THURSDAY—For further particulars apply at the Whale Boat Office. — Paseo de Julio No. 35.

LUIS MAO LEAN.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE		DEPARTURE OF THE TRAINS.		RETURN.	
TODAY DAYS.		STATIONS.		STATIONS.	
1st.	2d.	1st.	2d.	1st.	2d.
Parque...	7 am.	Parque...	7 am.	Parque...	7 am.
11 Sept.	7 10	11 Sept.	7 10	11 Sept.	7 10
Almagro...	7 15	Almagro...	7 15	Almagro...	7 15
11 Sept.	7 15	11 Sept.	7 15	11 Sept.	7 15
Caballito...	7 20	Caballito...	7 20	Caballito...	7 20
11 Sept.	7 20	11 Sept.	7 20	11 Sept.	7 20
Flores...	7 25	Flores...	7 25	Flores...	7 25
11 Sept.	7 25	11 Sept.	7 25	11 Sept.	7 25
S. Martín...	7 30	S. Martín...	7 30	S. Martín...	7 30
11 Sept.	7 30	11 Sept.	7 30	11 Sept.	7 30
Morón...	7 35	Morón...	7 35	Morón...	7 35
11 Sept.	7 35	11 Sept.	7 35	11 Sept.	7 35
Merlo...	7 40	Merlo...	7 40	Merlo...	7 40
11 Sept.	7 40	11 Sept.	7 40	11 Sept.	7 40
Moreno...	7 45	Moreno...	7 45	Moreno...	7 45
11 Sept.	7 45	11 Sept.	7 45	11 Sept.	7 45



**MENSAJERIAS**

DEL

**COMERCIO**

**CORREOS DEL ESTADO.**

General Administration calle de las Piedras 81, Agencia calle de Rivadavia, 8.

Chascomus y Dolores 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 28, 30.

Laguna de los Padres, por Kaquel, Santa Elena, Porfia, San Antonio Bellido, Miranda, Darazno, Arroyo Grande, Naranjos, Vivotatá, Laguna Colmena, Ballenera, Golondrina, San Martín y Moro—Martínez de Hoz, 2, 12 y 22.

Carrero del Moro, por Kaquel, Santa Elena, Las Armas, Pozo del Fuego, Loma Verde, Carralauquen, Arroyo Grandé, 25 de Mayo, Brava ó Pananoso, Blanqueada do Herrera, Cerrito do Paulino, San Agustín, Malacara ó Florida, Primavera y Moro. 6, 10, 20.

Tandil por Dolores, Posta de Gauna, San Miguel, Pueblo Nuevo, Cinco Lomas, Loma Negra, Loma Partida, San José, Cármen de Languiyú, Canelas y Tandil, 1, 15.

Tandil por Dolores, Posta de Gauna, San Miguel, Batalla, Navas, Quinteros, Toribio, Chelínó, Canales: Vicecheros de Cueli, Reconquista, Miguona y Tandil, 8, 24.

Tandil por el Azul, 15, 22, 29.

San Vicente y Ranchos, 4, 12, 20, 27.

Azul, 2.

Cafuelas, Monto y las Flores, 2, 4, 8, 12, 14, 18, 22, 24, 28.

Lobos y 25 de Mayo, 8, 18, 23.

Lobos, every Tuesday Thursday, & Saturday.

Magdalena, 9, 19, 29.

### FOR ROSARIO

Touching at San Fernando, Zárate, Baradero, San Pedro, Obligado & San Nicolás.

THE NEW STEAMER

**DOLORCITAS**

Captain—DAVID BRUCE.

Will leave for the above mentioned ports every Tuesday at 10 O'clock a. m. and return every Saturday at the same hour.

### TERMS OF PASSAGES.

	CABIN	DECK.
Rosario.....	\$ 350	\$ 120
San Nicolás....	250	90
Obligado.....	250	90
San Pedro.....	250	90
Baradero.....	200	90
Zárate.....	150	80
San Fernando.	30	

For further particulars apply at the office:

DEBNAI Y CARREGA  
Reconquista 69.

### MENSAJERIAS

**INICIADORES.**

Central Administration—San Martín, 81—Plaza Lorea, 20—Calle las Piedras, 84

Villa de Luján, San Andrés de Giles, San Antonio de Arica, Fortín y Salto 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30.

Arrocifes, 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 36, 40.

Purganino, y Rojas: 2, 6, 10, 14, 18, 22, 26, 30.

Pilar, Capilla del Señor 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30.

Mercedes, and Chivilcoy, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29.

Mercedes, Bragado, Chivilcoy, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, 29.

Navarro 2º 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30.

### NUEVAS PENINSULARES

General Administration, calle Potosí, No. 146.

### CORREOS DEL ESTADO.

Chascomus y Dolores 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 28, 30.

Laguna de los Padres, Ballenera, San Martín u Moro, 2, 12 y 22.

Carralauquen, 20 de Mayo, Brava Malacara y Moro, 6, 16 y 20.

Navas, Chelínó, Discacheros y Reconquista 8, 24.

Cinco Lomas, Loma Negra, Loma Partida, Cármen de Languiyú, 1, 15.

Tandil y Dolores 1, 8, 15, 24.

Tandil directamente 2 y 17.

### CARRERA DEL MORO.

Juncal, Oncigve, Alpínar de Castaño, Esperanza de Iraola, Pulperín Quevido, Arroyo Chico, Rincon de Bonadix, Invierno, Tamaguché, Rincon del Moro y Martínez de Aoz.

Los Empresarios  
Torres, Bodega y Ca.

### MENSAJERIAS

**ESPAÑOLA Y AMERICANA**

General Administration—Piedras, 80.

Chascomus, 1, 4, 7, 9, 11, 14, 17, 19, 21, 24, 27 y 30.

Dolores, 1, 4, 7, 9, 11, 14, 17, 21, 24, 27, 30.

### TERMS OF PRICES.

Chascomus.....\$ 100  
Dolores.....150  
Freight arbores.....20  
Money.....1 1/4 %

Los Empresarios  
Torres, Oseorio y Ca.



## THE WEEKLY STANDARD.

### The Clock controversy.

The all-absorbing topic of the day is neither peace nor differential duties. By common consent every eye is turned on the Cabildo clock, not to see the time of day, but to criticise the ominous inscription "Jaeggli y Diavet, Buenos Ayres." As usual there are two sides to the question, but looking at the clock on every side, it is found fault with. We fancy this is premature. It is manifestly unjust to condemn without a trial, and as the virtue of a clock is to keep time we withhold our sentence until we have a test of its working qualities. Even supposing it is a "mala cara" we are not so Indian in our tastes as to refuse either a horse or a clock if it be a good goer. Some there are, it is true, who judge of everything by appearances, but this is proverbially foolish. The "cronista" of the Tribuna would, perhaps, prefer a nicely bound edition of "Ali Baba" or his own *hechos locales* to a dusty Shakspeare or moth-eaten Cicero; but thank heaven we are not of his mind. We accept nothing at first-bush, but rather estimate everything by its contents. The "cronista" may possess some advantages as to appearance: he may be a very handsome walking encyclopedia, nicely bound in black cloth; he may understand clock-making better than Sam Slick. But if there is appeal from his mandate, we would invoke the common sense of our readers to reverse so arbitrary a fiat.

The "Tribuna" at first asserted that it was indecent to have any private name on a public monument, but when it was told that this indecency was prevalent in Europe, and that even Mr. Spurgeon received £50 to put up a clock with the maker's name in his tabernacle, they changed their tone, and maintained that it was a standing lie, to write "Jaeggli and Diavet, Buenos Ayres" when these gentlemen did not make the clock. As well might they object that Malcom and Allinson have no right to put their mark on the *quadrapeds* coming from their establishment, since they are not manufactured in this city. As well might we deny that "D. Saturnino Cordoba" is editor of the Tribuna, or Lucien printer of the books bearing his mark.

A man's mark does not always denote his property, for we put our names on Pagares that belong to other people, and the baker marks the bread intended for public consumption. This is even required by law for good faith, and in the respectable firm already named we have the security of a good clock intended (like the bread) for public use, though, not like it, to be broken for the caprice of penny-a-liners.

If the cronista of the Tribuna could trace gypsy lineage, we should reckon him rightful heir-at-law of King Rhadames who erected the pyramids. For in his case the architect Cheops was afraid to put his own name on the structure, and it was not until the lapse of ages had worn away the superficial inscription of royalty that the name of "Cheops" was found graven in the immortal stone. So may it now be if the Monogram of our cronista take the place of Jaeggli and Diavet whose names shall be commemorated with the Cabildo Clock, long after the Tribuna and its scribblers shall have passed into their primitive nothingness.

### Life and Fire Insurance.

Nothing can be more prudent than to make a provision for future exigencies, by laying up for tomorrow a small part of our daily gains. How many do we see however, who toil and economize in order to provide for their families, and are suddenly cut off leaving their business-accounts complicated and their children penniless. No doubt the inventor of life-insurance has merited the blessings of numberless widows and orphans, who but for these institutions must have fallen from comfort to misery, and who have received an easy opulence in return for the yearly stipend of a few shillings. We do not mean to recite the dry preamble of an Insurance prospectus in pointing out the peculiar benefit which must result to fathers of families from such enterprises. Nor is it useless to single men, since a Policy is always of value, and may even be reckoned a negotiable item in the money market; without taking into account the idea of bequest. Such is the value set on Insurances in Dublin, that few men can marry unless the Policy form a part of the Marriage settlement.

Moreover the Life-policy is scarcely inferior in advantages to that against fire, a calamity that has often reduced the thriving trader to the condition of a houseless mendicant. We have long wondered why our home companies did not compete with the Spanish "Tutelar" or "Porvenir"; and we think the Northern Company deserves here something more than a "local event" to call the attention of our countrymen to a system of domestic economy that has met with universal success in the United Kingdom and is doubly necessary in countries where life and property are held by a less stable tenure.

### Genuine Philanthropy.

We are not all agreed on the excellence of a life of celibacy, neither do we attach more sanctity to convent-walls than to the domestic hearth. We are even inclined to accuse some nuns of a selfishness which makes them useless to their fellow-beings, and unserviceable members of society. It is not therefore from any blind admiration of conventual institutions that we feel bound to offer a passing tribute of praise to the good Sisters of Mercy of our Irish convent.

The philosopher and the philanthropist must alike confess how deeply we are indebted to those excellent ladies who devote a portion of their lives to the pious education of youth, and consecrate the remainder to the care of the sick, the protection of orphans and destitute females, and to meditation and prayer. In the modest edifice of the calle Tucuman, retiring from the eyes of the busy world, we possess a community of Irish ladies who reflect honor upon their native country, and render incalculable services. Here are found some 70 girls the daughters of our Irish estancieros who receive an education befitting the highest rank: here too are 100 poor children trained up in habits of obedience and order calculated to make them worthy specimens of conventual discipline. Nor does the work of mercy end with mere instruction, for some poor fatherless outcasts depend on the sisters for food and raiment; and servants out of employment find a safe and tender refuge in the House of Mercy.

We can only add that if all religious sisters devoted as much time and energies to their fellow-beings, the enemies of monasticism should render the same tribute to convents in general as the Irish nuns now call for at our hands.

### The Argentine War.

Every cloud has a silver lining. A few days ago everyone reckoned the probabilities of an immediate war; now the general idea is peace, and it seems but a question of time as to the final arrangement. Of course there is much mystification, and many are still unwilling to believe the pacific intelligence which, they say, is too good to be true. Our local press is also in the dark, and as they have nothing tangible to combat, they occupy themselves with the supposed conditions of treaty. Rumor assigns the following items:

1st.—Buenos Ayres shall pay to Paraná two millions of paper dollars per month, during the term of five years, making a sum of 120 millions.

2d.—Buenos Ayres shall enjoy a virtual independence, and, in return for the monthly subsidy, shall be free from differential duties.

3d.—At the expiration of five years she shall be at full liberty to elect Deputies and join in the Argentine Republic; or, if more pleasing, separate wholly from the sister-provinces.

These are not very hard terms, and better than we expected Urquiza would consent to; yet the war-party puts them down as disgraceful to this city, viewing the subsidy as a bribe to the cupidity of our neighbors. Surely Buenos Ayres does not expect to be freed from the disagreeable impost, and give nothing in return. Moreover if Portenos profess so much contempt for the provincials, and desire independence, they effectually gain their point. But some people are difficult to satisfy and we really believe the "Nacional" and "Tribuna" would grumble at whatever favors or concessions the provincial bug-bears could devise.

The long-expected conference between Urquiza, Derqui and Mitre took place on board the "Oberon" at Las Piedras; the only witnesses were the foreign ministers, and as nothing positive has transpired, we are at liberty to conjecture. Some say that the discussion was rather animated and that the three Masonic brethren pitched into one-another so heartily that they all seemed considerably riled. It is more probable that they came to an understanding, for Derqui at once set out for Paraná dropping Urquiza at Gorodona. One of the President's first acts was to send away two of his ministers, Gonzalez and Echagüe. As the sovereign congress was over-zealous in preaching the crusade against Buenos Ayres, Derqui is said to have curbed their indiscreet patriotism, and afforded motive for parliamentary polemics.

No doubt Urquiza has given the cue to the President's movements, and, as it was rightly judged the Captain General was not inclined for war, the minor dignitaries bent implicitly to his nod. With respect to the "Corrientes" steamer which Urquiza seized while carrying the Yankee flag, it appears the authorities of Paraná hesitated to break the consular protection improperly given her by the U. S. consul at Asuncion. On her capture at Rosario, she was delivered up to Captain Macomb of the Pulaski who hauled down the stars and stripes, while an officer of Urquiza's hoisted the Argentine flag at her mast-head.

The two special envoys Don B. Garcia and Don L. Torres respectively sent by Paraná and Buenos Ayres to canvass Lopez' alliance, returned in the Salto de Guayrá with, no doubt, equal success, and similar ideas of Paraguayan policy. Sr. Obligado likewise arrived from San Nicolas last Wednesday, his return was the signal for all kinds of strange reports; and, when compared with Mitre's march to Rojas, was deemed an omen of hostilities. Riestra our Finance minister left on Friday for headquarters, and as considerable activity prevailed at the Parque, conflicting opinions were rife until the news by the Dolores confirmed the peace rumor. This had a marked effect on doubloons; and we should be confident that peace was a *fait accompli* were it not for the redoubled progress at the fortifications,

and the forced marches of several battalions to headquarters. Don Juan Chassaign, one of the heroes of the Marcos Paz expedition, having escaped from Cordova, passed safely through Rosario, and is now at Rojas. One of the latest arrivals is Captain Pezzutti Pilloni, a Sardinian officer of Magenta and Solferino celebrity, who has offered his services to Mitre, like his countrymen of the Legion Libertad. The latter appear now in full Garibaldi rig, and however objectionable their conduct in enlisting, look as soldier-like as if they formed part of the brave Marsala adventurers.

Our government has seized an English vessel, laden with coal, near Martin Garcia, and as France and England have agreed that this is not a contraband of war, we anticipate this Province has found a mare's nest. However as the Rosario fleet is reported short of coal, the capture may hobble Urquiza even more than the captors. The Argentine camp has been joined by a volunteer of the Bishop of Beauvais' school, in the person of Father Marin; and the Uruguay journalists clamor so loudly for war, that it would seem fighting now-a-days is not only the profession of soldiers, but the amusement of adventurers and prosy declaimers. On our side Don Octavio Gonzalez of the Policia who has had some experience in levying 208 for galloping over the police regulations, has marched to the defence of our Lares and Penates; but we sincerely hope that we shall soon have the pleasure of announcing that these fiery patriots have returned to their pensive haunts when they no longer stand in need of such Davids to defend them.

## SOUTH AMERICA.

### Paraguay.

In the "Semanario of Asuncion," Aug 3rd we read of the reception by President Lopez of the Argentine Ambassador, and also of the Buenos Ayrean envoy. Don Baldomero Garcia had a state audience in which he explained the object of his mission, indulging in useless regrets for the present *casus belli*, and reminding Lopez of the friendly services he rendered both parties in November, 69. In reply to his assurance of the wish to strengthen family ties with Paraguay, the President returned much common-place politeness which meant little more than that he was glad to see him. As to our special commissioner it may be doubted whether any political importance can be attached to the fact that his was a private interview, and we may suppose that Don Carlos Antonio Lopez has wisely resolved not to be fool in the middle, but rather dedicate himself to the development of Paraguay, for which Sor Garcia passed him a well-merited encomium. The railway was still progressing; but it is remarkable that except the import and export returns, we find not a single item in the state-journal, relative to the topics or movements incident at Asuncion.

### Banda Oriental.

President Berro expressed his sincere condolence with the cabinet of St James, on the death of H. R. H. the Duchess of Kent, conveyed to him in an encyclical letter from the English court. The affair of an ultimatum on the part of the English and French agents was contradicted as the republic professes readiness to pay the 4 millions stipulated, but demands long credit, to which the foreign duns seem unwilling. It is probable they will soon come to an arrangement. Meantime some of the Blancos endeavor to induce Berro to side with Urquiza, but the former persists in a sincere neutrality. Signor

Antonini, Oriental consul-general in Sardinia has been replaced by Doctor Bottini. A splendid banner will be presented to the troops by the President, at his own private expense, on the national anniversary of August 25th. The recent gale caused some damage to the shipping: H. B. M. S. "Spy" ran foul of a Spanish war-vessel, the "Gravina." The "Anne Nelson" was driven on shore, as also the "Sublime;" the former is from Liverpool, the latter a Brazilian brig.

### Chilo.

The elections for President have passed off quietly. In the districts of Valparaiso, Quillota and Casa Blanca, a great majority was secured for Don José Joaquin Perez, who has been elected for ten years. In a letter from Valparaiso to the Dublin Freeman it is stated that very large sums were contributed to the sufferers of Mendoza, particularly by the English community.

## LOCAL EVENTS.

**American Minister.**—We cordially salute the Hon. Robert Palmer, who arrived last week, as Representative of the United States, and hope his advent may be an augury of peace.

**Holiday.**—Tomorrow being the Assumption of the B. Virgin is a strict church festival.

**Conversion.**—On Sunday in the church of La Merced the interesting ceremony of baptizing a Jew, took place. The neophyte is a Mr. Rosanz. His lordship the Bishop officiated, Sor. Llarallot was sponsor, and a select congregation witnessed the holy rite.

**French Packet.**—The Saintonge goes out this evening and the mail-bag is closed at the French Consulate by noon.

**Magnani bonum.**—After four months' circulation, we have resolved to enlarge "the Standard;" in accordance with a generally expressed wish. New edition on September 1st.

**Look out for squalls.**—Ship-captains are hereby advised that Santa Rosa intends, this year, paying them an early visit, and expects to find everything ship-shape.

**Soft soap.**—The "Tribuna" keeps a quantity of this article on hands for ministerial subjects; and says it is quite equal to the most improved "blarney."

**Important news.**—By passengers lately arrived from Rosario we learn that the prevailing conviction there is: if war does not break out, we may be sure of peace.

**Safe arrival.**—The Captain and mate of the American ship "Lancashire" about whom some fears were entertained have happily reached "terra firma."

**9 years old.**—On last Wednesday our veteran colleague the "Tribuna" completed his ninth year, counting at present 4,000 subscribers. This is a proof of popularity, and however humble our tribute of congratulation, we wish him many happy returns of the day.

**Curiosities of Literature.**—Some of the sign-boards of our city are amusing. We have the central druggist who does not believe in extreme cases; the tailoring-shop of Noah, who, as we read, had to borrow a cloak from his grandson; and the *cigueria* of the three Graces; whom poets have never painted with a pipe in their mouths.

**The Lucky Number.**—As was the great prize, 500 doubloons, of the Montevideo lottery has fallen in this city. Strange to say, the municipality set their face against these windfalls of fortune, by prohibiting them. They say with Virgil *Tunc Danaos et dona*



ferentes: though we should never look a gift horse in the mouth.

**Post for the million.**—It never rains but it pours: no sooner has Mr. Posadas provided us a post office in the Capitanía than Messrs Bernal y Carregain offer to receive papers and letters.

**Viva Sauze.**—While political partisans shout Viva Mitre or Viva Falano, we say "Viva Sauze," the friend of progress. His *Diligences* are decidedly the most regular, and have recently come from San Nicolas in the same time as a special courier—*toujours en avant*.

**Sabbath day.**—As the observance of Sunday, at least outwardly, has been hitherto edifying in this city, we were surprised to see a man publicly pruning the trees of the Plaza on last Sunday, when said individual should have been at Mass.

**Select Stanzas.**—For some time past the poetical tendencies of our National Guards have been evaporating, on the subject of warm trousers and overcoats. Hercules once turned weaver, and we, fancy our civil soldiers should not make bad clothiers, if they spin hose as well as they do verses.

**Corps de ballet.**—All who love the poetry of motion should go see the Thierry company tripping it lightly on the Colon boards. The Italian artistes made their debut here on Sunday night last before an admiring circle: their next appearance is fixed for the evening of the 18th (Sunday.)

**Steam transit.**—The "Salto de Guayra" arrived from Paraguay on Sunday, and returns on Friday next. The "Mississippi" goes to Montevideo on Thursday. The "Doloritas" left for Rosario yesterday morning, and the "Montevideo" for the ports of the Uruguay.

**Relief Committee.**—The idea initiated by Sor Albarracín of providing for the maintenance of the families left destitute by the march of our National Guards has been taken up; a committee has been formed of Messrs Vivar, Roque Perez, Albarellos, Brown and Billingham. The Vincent de Paul society has also promised assistance.

**English Cricket Club.**—The annual meeting was held on July 31st and the following officers elected: President Frank Parish Esq. Vice. J. C. Simpson Esq. Treasurer Mr. E. Darbyshire: Secretary Mr. J. H. Rostrom. X

#### Correspondence.

Villa Lujan, August 5 1861.

To the Editor of the *Weekly Standard*.

Dear Sir.

Thanks to Divine Providence the severe frost we have been visited with during the past month is for the present ended, and in its stead we are enjoying mild salubrious weather with light showers at intervals, which produces a most desired effect; the camp is now beginning to assume its former verdant appearance, and places that a few days ago presented the most dreary omens now wear a more cheering aspect, and our Irish folks are throwing off that look of sadness which was so prevalent amongst them for the last few months, owing to anticipations of a bad winter.

A great portion of those who deemed it prudent to clear out early in the season with their flocks are now returning to their former places, and it is satisfactory to know that their losses have been trifling.

There have been a great many sales of capons made about here within the last month, for army consumption, the prices realized being from forty five to forty eight dollars, cash, which must be considered a very fine price, as the animals are not chosen with the same

accuracy that our *receros* are accustomed to do, therefore all parties seem satisfied with that figure.

The scab has made rather an early appearance this season in our flocks, which if not punctually attended to will cause a deficiency of at least twenty per cent in wool.

The authorities such as *alcaldes*, *tenientes*, &c. are busily employed about here gathering up horses for government purposes; for the present they act very considerably with us, by leaving us a few, though it is to be feared that this mode of taking them is only feeding us with false fancies, as the remainder will probably soon follow.

Thus when the lion quits his fell repast Next prowls the wolf, the filthy *Kakal*, [last

Flesh, limbs, and blood, the former [make their own  
The last poor brute securely gnaws the [bone

All our young portenios have marched from this quarter; you may travel for days through the camp without meeting a male individual except English; should the revolution continue up to shearing time we must depend solely on the exertions of the fair sex.

Yours, &c.

BERRO.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

**THE VINTAGES IN FRANCE.**—The *lune rousse*, says the *Semaphore* of Marseilles, has decidedly exercised a bad influence in most of the southern departments—particularly in those of the Gironde, the Rhone, the Isere, the Vaucluse, and the Gard. The vines have greatly suffered; in some places it is calculated that the yield of wine will present a deficit of one-half. The mulberry trees have also suffered. In the Haute Garonne the damage has not been so great as in other departments. In the immediate neighbourhood of Marseilles the fruit trees, and especially the peach and apricot, have suffered, but the vines do not appear to have sustained any injury.

**ELECTION RUMOURS.**—The government evidently anticipate a general election ere long, for they have lately been ticking off the constituencies they will "go in" for, and naming the gentlemen who will contest them. Mr. Lawson will stand for Wexford City, and Captain Esmond for Wexford County. Mr. M. Kenna will again attempt the borough of New Ross. By the way, our two local Liberal contemporaries have lately been vying with each other which of them shall most highly extol this gentleman, and do the most to bring his name favourably before the public. Mr. M. Kenna's influence would be a tower of strength to the government. With a good local political officer like the one at present at Ross, nearly all the small boroughs in Ireland would be secured to the Whigs. *Wexford Constitution*.

**LEATHER TRADE.**—The leather trade continues in the same quiet state which has characterised it; with little variation, for several months. The lowering of the rate of discount has had little influence in improving the demand or inducing buyers to relax their cautious policy; and, as might have been expected after the prevalence of so much dullness, prices have exhibited a slightly downward tendency. Tanners being now generally occupied with bark harvesting, supplies do not come forward so freely, and stocks have not materially increased. With the prospect of a prolonged contest in the States of America, which will have a serious influence on some branches of our home trade, there does not seem any certainty of a speedy improvement in the demand for leather, but the indispensable requirements of the country will doubtless prevent it becoming less active than at present; and it is not improbable that orders connected with accoutrements for the American forces may find their way to this country. The River Plate mail brings the news of an advance of about 5 per cent, on the price of salted ox and cow hides at Buenos Ayres, but the lower rates of exchange almost neutralise the advance, and were it otherwise, the movement would be regarded, in the present aspect of the trade, with indifference. Australian hides have declined slightly during the month, and market hides are also lower.—*Page and Welck's Monthly Circular*, London.

**VISIT OF VOLUNTEERS TO IRELAND.**—We hear that a great demonstration of the volunteers is to be made and that they are about crossing the channel armed *cap-a-pie*, and are to make a sojourn of two weeks—the Irish Channel, we mean; and the men who will form the expedition are the London Irish Corps. They have been invited over by the Lord Mayor of Dublin to a great feast, and will be *fed* by various public bodies and private persons; among their entertainers will be the Marquis of Donegal, who will board and lodge them for two days, finding them in fun and frolic—dancing, fighting, eating, and drinking to their heart's content. This campaign will be a memorable one, and the constitution of many a volunteer will be all the worse for wear. The affair is to cost the men nothing. Certainly, no hospitality is so thorough as the Irishman's.—*Court Journal*.

**THE CENSUS OF GLASGOW.**—The census returns of Glasgow and its suburbs have been made up, and the result is published. In the town itself the males are 189,220, the females 215,922, total 403,142. When the suburbs are added the total is 446,395. The increase of Glasgow proper in ten years is 86,257.

The marriage of the Princess Alice is not the first connexion contracted between the English royal family and the house of Hesse. An aunt of Queen Victoria, the Princess Elizabeth, daughter of George III., married the Landgrave of Hesse-Homburg, a petty state which, at the death of the reigning prince, will fall to Hesse Darmstadt; and as the Empress of Russia is the daughter of the late Louis II, Grand Duke of Hesse, this alliance will establish very intimate family relations between the courts of St. Petersburg and London.

The guarantee of the International Union of 1862 now exceeds 4,000,000.

Several seamen have deserted from British men-of-war in China to join the Taepings.

It is rumoured that M. de Lesseps has just returned from Egypt to Paris to raise further funds for the prosecution of the Suez Canal. According to some accounts about \$800,000. He has already been spent without adequate result, an expensive dyke on the Mediterranean side having been washed away.

The *Augsburgh Gazette* quotes a letter from Verona, in which it is stated that all probability of a war having disappeared for the present. General Benedek has taken leave of absence for six or eight weeks. Furloughs are freely granted at present to the Austrian soldiers in Venetia.

Dr. Mark, the well-known conductor of the troupe of "little men," is now incarcerated in Lancaster Castle for debt. His liabilities are said to reach 40,000l.

The Italian kingdom will be recognised by France. At the same time Victor Emmanuel undertakes to respect the present pontifical territory, and to prevent any invasion of it.

**AUSTRALIA.**—During the present year the amount of gold brought down from the principal gold fields by escort has been 443,956 ounces which, at 41. per ounce, gives the sum of 1,735,854l. against 435,240 ounces, value 1,740,954l. for the corresponding period of last year. The shipments so far, for this year, amount to 431,433 ounces, valued at 1,737,954l. against 434,594 ounces, valued at 1,735,575l. for the corresponding period of last year. Since our last summary, the quantity of gold brought down by escort amounted to 131,443 ounces, against 135,292 ounces for the corresponding period of last year, and as against 165,886 for the corresponding period of the year 1859.

The *Bendigo Advertiser* of the 16th inst. gives the following account of the discovery of another monster nugget:—"One of the largest pieces of gold that have yet been turned out of the ground on Bendigo was yesterday brought to light in a small gully called Dead Bullock Gully on the Kangaroo Flat side of Robinson Crusoe. The fortunate discoverer of the treasure are in this instance, as is generally the case, 'fossickers'; and where the nugget was found is in some old ground that has, no doubt, been turned over times innumerable within a few feet of the spot where the prize was lying hid. The exact weight of the nugget is 377 oz. 63 dwts. of as pure gold as ever came out of the ground. The finders are Mr. John Knott and his son; the latter, a lad, being the party who actually found it; which he did under rather peculiar circumstances. He was down below in the old hole putting a drive into an old pillar that had been left, when

he drove his pick into the mass of gold and partially discovered it. Under the excitement of the moment he cried out loudly, and his father who was on the top, immediately jumped down the hole, under the impression that his son had met with an accident, but fortunately found that he only required assistance in extricating the 'welcome stranger.'

**HER MAJESTY'S HEALTH.**—It is with much pleasure that I find myself enabled to state that the health of her Majesty has much improved since her retirement to the more bracing atmosphere surrounding the White Lodge. It is now thought that her Majesty's indisposition has assumed a milder form, and that her convalescence may be hoped for more speedily than was at first anticipated.—*Letter from London*.

—Among the King of Dahomey's army there is a troop called the Amazons Guards. The *West African Herald* thus describes them:—"The Amazon Guards, as they have sometimes been styled, are the most extraordinary troops that we have ever heard or read of. They are 3,000 in number, all females, and display such a degree of ferocious bloodthirstiness and hardihood as to bear a greater resemblance to a host of mad tigresses than to human creatures. They utterly despise death; they show no mercy to any living being in war; they are mad after blood, and seem not to know what fear means. They are, in fact, a troop of devils, so to speak, whose hideous wildness of manner, and the savage madness of whose demeanour in times of excitement is so appalling and inhuman, as to have led many welljudging persons to opine that these dreadful creatures are periodically subjected to the influence of some species of drug which has this effect. The dress of the Amazons consists of a pair of loose trousers, an upper garment covering the breast, and a cap. They are armed with a gun, knives, and daggers; some have blunderbusses, others long elephant guns, while the remainder carry the ordinary musket. In their military exercises they display good discipline, as well as wonderful dexterity and agility."

**WILD BEASTS IN INDIA.**—Everybody is aware that wild beasts abound in the jungles of the Punjab, but we suspect very few people entertain the remotest idea of the frightful number of human creatures, especially children, that are destroyed year after year by these animals. In the two past years no less than 299 children were killed, principally by wolves, as will be seen by the subjoined extract:—1859—Killed six men, one woman, and 467 children—474; injured, 33 men, three women, and 83 children—119; total, 153. 1860—Killed, 9 men, 4 women, and 432 children—445; injured, 24 men and 31 children—55; total, 500. The number of wild animals destroyed is not so considerable as one would expect, seeing that government has paid in two years, 14,336 rupees as rewards for the destruction of 4,225, which includes a large proportion of cubs. The total number of each description of animal killed stands thus:—In 1859: Tigers, 12; leopards, 192; bears, 187; wolves, 1,174; and hyenas, 2; total, 1,567. In 1860: Tigers, 25; leopards, 163; bears, 359; wolves, 2,050, and hyenas, 30; total, 2,655. The wolves, we understand do the greatest mischief. The wolf is probably the most cruel but most cowardly animal in existence, and a blundering stupid beast, devoid of the cunning which many wild animals display. He does not sneak up to his prey like the tiger or fox, or attempt to conceal himself up to the moment of his spring, but advances in the open, at a deliberate pace, until he arrives close to the object he has in view, when, if he experiences the least resistance—a blow on the head for instance, or a thump from a man's fist—

he will immediately show his teeth and snarl, but at the same time turn tail and be off without inflicting injury.—*Lahore Chronicle*.

—Chess amateurs will be glad to learn (says the *Athenaeum*) that the Prince de Polignac, brother of the celebrated mathematician, has discovered a new solution of Euler's famous problem of making the knight cover every square on the chessboard, returning to that from which it started.

"The Archduke Maximilian," says the *Independence*, "has written an account, in three volumes, of a voyage to Brazil. Only thirty copies have been printed, and circulate in the very highest circles. The work is said to display not only great talent, but much humour. It is dedicated to the Princess Charlotte, his wife."

The *Regno d'Italia* of Milan announces that several arrests have taken place at Pavia, Brescia, and Como, in consequence of the discovery by the police of an Austrian conspiracy. Important papers have been found and several persons implicated in the affair have absconded.

M. de Bussan the private secretary of Queen Amelie, was followed from London by a French police agent, and on his arrival in France was arrested, and all the documents relating to the trial taken from him. The police searched his apartments, took away his papers, and then set him at liberty.

—In the Court of Bankruptcy, London, on Wednesday, Mr. Edwin James filed a petition for arrangement with his creditors. He is described as late of Berkeley-square. Protection in the usual form was given, and the 5th June was appointed for settling liabilities, estimated at £90,000.

#### Death of a Distinguished Irishman.

General John Thomond O'Brien so well known for his military services in the war of South American independence died recently at Lisbon. This valiant soldier, like our immortal Sarsfield, was a man of commanding figure and a first rate cavalry officer. He it was who gained the battle of Chacabuco by a victorious charge of dragoons, and thus contributed to free this continent from the Spanish yoke. He served subsequently in a diplomatic character, and gained everywhere universal esteem. The Peruvian government granted him £50,000 for the purpose of bringing out some of his distressed countrymen to the scene of his achievements, but the jealousy of the English cabinet frustrated this enterprise. He was a consistent enemy of tyrants and went to Southampton with the express object of horsewhipping Rosas for the murder of Camilla O'Gorman. The destiny of Ireland's most distinguished sons seems to have ordained that he should die far from his native land. He has left a daughter who is married to a gentleman of Santiago, Chile. His memory shall be dear to Irishmen.

—We regret to learn the death of the wife of William Smith O'Brien the patriot-martyr of Ireland.

#### Exchange.

England — 64 sch.  
France — 81 fr.

#### The Northern Life and Fire Insurance Company.

CAPITAL £1,267,000.

This company gives policies on life and property at moderate rates. Persons residing in this country are not subject to the extra charges incident to tropical climates; and can provide for their families with the same ease and security as in England.

The Prospectus shall appear in our next number. For further particulars apply to Messrs. HENRY POWELL & Co., Agents for Buenos Ayres, calle Mayo.



### 11 de Setiembre Market

Dry cow hides, narrow	pesado	125 to 130
Hides of all stakes	—	105 to 110
Calf skins	—	80 to 90
Hides of colts	each	29 to 30
Sheep skins unwashed	dozen	40 to 50
Do mixed	—	60 to 70
Medina, fine	—	80 to 130
Nutria	lb	4 to 4 1/2
Horse hair North	arroba	95 to 100
Do. south	—	105 to 115
Tallow pure	—	45 to 50
Creola wool washed	—	75 to 80
Do. unwashed	—	40 to 45
Do. mixed	—	50 to 70
Fine mestiza wool	—	80 to 95
Lambs do.	—	40 to 50
Ostrich feathers loose.	lb.	23 to 24
Do. woven	—	26 to 27
Ox horns	thousand	600 to 900
Inferior do.	—	300 to 400
Wheat superior	fanega	270 to 280
Do. middling	—	260 to 270
Do. inferior	—	250 to 260
Indian corn	—	125 to 130
Barley	—	75 to 85

### Doublings.

Wednesday Aug. 7th	8390	893
Thursday " 8th	390	895
Friday " 9th	383 1/2	889
Saturday " 10th	384	387
Monday " 12th	381 1/2	382
Tuesday " 13th	379	351 1/2

Gas shares	77 1/2 p.s
Bolsa do.	7 to 10 p.s dees

### Interest.

Market rate of interest at 3 1/2	to 1 1/2 per month.
Bank receives mje. at 6 1/2 per an.	" " specie at 11 1/2 "
" advances mje. at 8 1/2 "	" " " " " " " " " "
" " specie at 12 1/2 "	" " " " " " " " " "

Money market—specie—1 1/2	to 1 1/2 per monthly.
Do. mje. 1	1 1/2

### Current Price of Cattle

Good horned cattle for saladeros	8	220 to 225
Do matadero, picked bullocks	250	—
Do Cows picked	220	— 250
Three year old mules	250	—
Asses	15	— 20
Fatixares	85	— 99
Ordinary mestiza.—		
Sheep	30	to 35
Fine do.	40	to 45

### To Subscribers.

We regret to state that it is impossible for us to enlarge the *Weekly Standard* at present. The first quarter is about to expire, and yet our country friends have not supported us as they ought. No less than ninety have not paid a dollar to lessen our expenses and, as we cannot give longer credit, their names shall be blotted out if we do not receive half a year's subscription from each, before next month.

Agents are requested to send in any sums on hand.

### Agencias.

Buenos Ayres.	Messrs. Mackerns.
Rosario.	Robert Taylor Esq.
Villa Mercedes	D. Silvestre Torrobas.
Lobos	Mr. Patk. O'Neill
Cañuelas	Mr. Griffin.
San Antonio	D. Leopoldo Taboada
Giles	D. J. Pichete.
Ranchos	Sr. L. Campero.
Barracas	Mr. George Noble.
Once Setiembre	Mr. M. Duggan.
Villa Lujan	Mr. Michael King.
Capilla del Señor	Doctor Priestley.
Pilar	Sr. Bollaschini.
Chascomus	Mr. James J. Graham
Paraná	Mr. Myers.
Montevideo	Messrs. Mackern Bros
Asuncion	Mr. Nesbitt.

### YOUR LIKENESS.

In photograph or ambrotype, taken with the most perfect fidelity by Charles Roever, Studio calle San Martin opposite the Roma Hotel. Frames and cases at cheap rates, and in every variety.

### Sheep for Banda Oriental.

An experienced sheep-farmer of Buenos Ayres offers to sell sheep by the cut or otherwise to any persons transporting flocks to the neighbouring Republic. He will also, if required, purchase on commission and ship any quantity in a given time.

Apply at this office—

### Notice.

All persons having claims against Mr. Alexander Fleming calle Defensa 91, are requested to present them account ir and persons indebted to same, are begged to settle such amounts with the undersigned.

James Hastings.  
102, calle Piedra.

### Coachman

A young man lately arrived seeks employment in an English family in the above capacity. Excellent testimonials can be produced. Apply at No. 48 calle Parque.

### GENUINE SILVER.

Mr. George Jeanes of 283 calle Buen Orden begs to acquaint his friends that he has on hand a great assortment of silver harness, domestic plate, jewellery &c. and solicits an inspection of the above articles which are offered at moderate prices.

### NOTICE.

The undersigned have formed a co-partnership under the firm of T. B. Coffin & Son for the purpose of continuing the business heretofore conducted under the individual name of T. B. Coffin.

Buenos Ayres July 1 1861.  
H. C. COFFIN. — T. B. COFFIN.

## NUOVAS

### MENSAJERIAS ARJENTINAS

Fr Villa de Lujan, San Andrés de Giles, Fortin de Areco, Salto, Rojas, Pergamino.

Leaves on the 5th, 10th, 20th, 25th, and 30th of each month; returning on the 5th, 10th, 15th, 20th, 25th and 30th do.

Office calle Rivadavia No. 189 and 587, plaza de Lorea, tienda de D. Bonoti Santiago

Nicasio M. Ramirez.  
Marcos Sanguinetti

### LA INVARIABLE PORTENA.

For Cañuelas, Monte Jas Flores. Office Calle Rivadavia, 443—Leaves on the 2nd, 12th and 22nd.

Returns to Buenos Aires 6th 10th and 26th.

Conductor  
MANUEL LUPO.

### KNIGHT & PARODY

SUCCESSORS TO G. TEMPERLEY

Calle Cangallo No. 80

DEPOSIT OF READY MADE CLOTHING.

### Winter Stock.

Macfarlane, buckinghams, raglans, caour, Garibaldi and a choice assortment of all winter clothing constantly on hand. They are composed of the very best materials and latest cut. Complete suits of mackintoshes, linen shirts, linen fronts do, colored shirts linen drawers and vests, silk drawers, flannel vests, and woollen drawers and vests, silk drawers and vests, warm comforters, dressing gowns of all descriptions: woollen, linen and cotton socks, winter gloves, umbrellas, walking sticks &c., &c.

The above will give an idea of the immense variety of all kind of clothing which we have on hands for gentlemen

and youths necessary for the present season. Terms moderate.

Also all kind of clothing made to order.

### Mrs. Byrne

Of No 53 calle Parque, informs her friends that she has no intention of leaving this city; and offers the same accommodation as heretofore to all who visit her boarding-house.

### On sale.

A suerto of land in the department of Soriano, Banda Oriental, distant about seven leagues from Mercedes, with excellent pasturage and well watered; suitable for sheep farming. Enquire at Hughes Brothers, calle San Martin No. 154.

### Iniciadores diligences.

This new and commodious line makes three journeys weekly to Lobos;

leaving Buenos Ayres on Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays.—Agency 581 Plaza Lorea, (in the calle Rivadavia).

### MORON

MESSRS. NUTTALL AND SMITH.

Have opened an establishment of grocery and inn, where persons from the country districts may procure stores at reasonable prices and find every accommodation when travelling.

### The Teeth.

Dr. Cornwall American Dentist calle Rivadavia No. 275, advises his friends and the public, that besides the usual operations of extracting, filling and inserting teeth on pivot and gold plate, he has introduced into his practice the new system lately brought by him from the United States of mounting teeth on vulcanized rubber, which in many cases possesses great advantages over every

other method, in point of cleanliness, ease and comfort by which they may be worn and mastication performed, and the perfection by which the features may be restored; not causing the least irritation in cases of the most sensible gums. J10 4p

### English Seminary.

This establishment offers every advantage to parents desirous of giving their children a superior education. The Rector, Mr. Nicholson, has had much experience in the systems of instruction pursued in England and the United States, and being assisted by competent masters, devotes himself to the care of boarders and day-scholars.—No. 20 calle Suipacha.

### EDUCATION.

Mr. M. G. Mulhall, late Professor of Languages in the Royal College of Carlow, Ireland, gives lessons in English, French, Italian, Spanish, Latin, Greek, Logic and Metaphysics at private residences, or in his chambers, No. 187 calle San Martin.

## SHIPPING LIST.

CLASS.	NAME.	TONS.	CAPTAIN.	ARRIVAL.	FROM.	CONSIGNEES.	DESTINATION.
English.							
barque	Belvedere	158	Wright	June 8	Liverpool	Hesse Brothers	New York
barque	Montezuma	235	Rouffignac	March 19	Liverpool	G. G. Brownell & Co.	New York
barque	John Bunyan	235	Wait	June 14	Liverpool	J. P. H. & Co.	Liverpool
barque	Avery	398	McKevitt	June 23	Liverpool	G. & Co.	Liverpool
barque	Edmund Preston	489	Crocombe	June 25	Liverpool	A. Barber & Co.	China
barque	Skinner of the Sea	254	Willis	June 27	Liverpool	D. O. Thompson & Co.	Valparaiso
barque	Onia	332	Narson	July 11	Glasgow	Franchetti & Co.	Liverpool
barque	Flying Cloud	221	Serge	July 18	Cardiff	R. Barclay	Liverpool
barque	Lacebire Witch	383	Halliday	July 18	Liverpool	Urquhart	Liverpool
barque	John Arthur	349	Anderson	July 18	Liverpool	L. & Co.	Without destination
barque	Helle Poules	324	B. & W.	July 18	Liverpool	Gas Company	Without destination
barque	Spartan	213	McCallick	July 12	New York	Nicholson Green	Liverpool
barque	Reform	467	Reform	July 29	Liverpool	Urquhart	Without destination
barque	Isola	310	Tavelier	July 31	Liverpool	Bromells	Unloading
frigate	Flora	440	Savage	August 7	Cardiff	Thompson	Unloading
Argentine.							
barque	Auna	210	Narra	July 23	Brasil	Pa. & Co.	Brasil
Austrian.							
barque	Matilde	465	Nikla	June 25	Liverpool	H. A. Groen & Co.	Antwerp
barque	Ejika	325	De Aujeine	June 23	Liverpool	G. & Co.	Without destination
barque	Stefano	317	Selovich	August 1	Liverpool	V. Casara	Unloading
Belgian.							
brig	Antwerp	223	Danting	July 5	Antwerp	Felze	Antwerp
brig	Do Ruyter	—	—	August 7	Antwerp	Felze	Unloading
Brazilian.							
barque	Teleraia	373	Faiz	June 30	Bahia	F. & Co.	Without destination
brig	Dous Amigos	156	Souza	July 30	Pernambuco	O'Shea	Unloading
brig	Calsona	212	Oliveira	July 30	Pernambuco	G. & Co.	Unloading
brig	Maria Rosa	126	Arango	August 6	Pernambuco	O'Shea	Unloading
Danish.							
brig	Aemel	284	Denesin	June 10	Liverpool	O'Beirne & Co.	Antwerp
Spanish.							
barque	Sirena	309	J. Amer	May 6	Tarragona	J. Llavallol & Sons	Cuba
brig	Cavilla	316	Savita	June 9	Habana	Urquhart	Without destination
brig	Esperanza	144	Ribera	June 10	Rio Janeiro	F. & Co.	Cuba
barque	Recurso 2o	254	Aguiar	April 26	Barcelona	Llavallol & Sons	Spain
brig	Yablo	216	Dout	June 19	Montevideo	Llavallol & Sons	Spain
brig	Dorota	208	Over	July 6	Montevideo	Zamora	Spain
barque	Victoria	273	Cadiz	July 23	Cadiz	Ser & Co.	Unloading
barque	Leonor	160	Blo	July 23	Montevideo	H. & Co.	Unloading
barque	Alenajera	136	Nillet	July 27	Montevideo	Llavallol	Unloading
brig	Virgen del Carmel	163	Artan	August 5	Barcelona	Llavallol	Unloading
French.							
barque	Bouffon	552	Varelin	June 24	Havre	J. B. Vigal	Havre
barque	Emilie	399	Chavillon	June 28	Cardiff	Urquhart	Without destination
ship	Pennard	527	Lahou	July 17	Havre	Urquhart	Without destination
barque	Marie	250	Houvi	July 23	Cadiz	Llavallol	Unloading
barque	Coromandel	271	Baier	July 28	Marseille	L. & Co.	Unloading
barque	St. Eloy	299	Entoul	August 5	Cadiz	V. & Co.	Unloading
frigate	Maucha	390	Buchon	August 7	Mauritius	Urquhart	Unloading
Dutch.							
brig	Rita	130	Meyer	June 18	Hamburg	R. & Co.	Antwerp
barque	D. T. Visser	305	Vander Linden	June 21	Rotterdam	H. & Co.	Antwerp
brig	Reinhoud	260	Muller	June 18	Amsterdam	Urquhart	Antwerp
barque	H. M. Elizabeth	310	Bonier	June 10	Liverpool	H. A. Groen & Co.	Antwerp
barque	Spes Nestr	130	Brakka	May 2	Hamburg	Rosenthal & Co.	Without destination
barque	William Edward	181	Von Vlk	June 27	Rotterdam	Arning & Hertz	Without destination
barque	Cent. Maria	124	Jony	June 29	St. Petersburg	J. & Co.	Without destination
brig	De Vrede	300	Nickus	July 1	Antwerp	Arning & Hertz	Antwerp
brig	Anne Catharina	168	Jansz	July 6	Amsterdam	Felze & Co.	Without destination
brig	Margaretha	174	Jongo	July 6	Antwerp	J. B. V. & Co.	Antwerp
brig	Elizabeth	130	Meel	July 11	Hamburg	Bio Brothers	Without destination
barque	Christian Jacquelina	—	—	July 31	Hamburg	—	Unloading
Hamburg.							
brig	Eibo	118	Getch	May 6	Altona	J. Rick & Co.	Foreign Ports
Mecklenburg.							
logger	A. von Frontkin	407	Von Frontkin	June 24	Bordeaux	Felze	Porto Alegre
Italian.							
brig	Defensor	218	Berardino	June 7	Guelaguaychid	Bernardo Delino	Genoa
brig	Hidra	189	Magliana	June 6	Genoa	Cap. & Flecker	Without destination
brig	Defensor	188	Rezzano	June 10	Genoa	Bernardo Delino	Laguna de los Padres
barque	Assunzione	254	Guastalino	June 12	Marselles	P. Nougier	Marselles
barque	Orasio	236	Ocasio	March 15	Glasgow	B. & Co.	England
brig	Giovanna	196	Galleano	June 17	Genoa	G. & Co.	Without destination
barque	Goffredo Mamelli	240	Duman	June 23	Genoa	Schiffino	Genoa
barque	Maria Eojenia	323	Parodi	July 6	Genoa	Bertarelli	Without destination
barque	Mariana	342	Salero	July 15	Genoa	Piggio	Without destination
barque	Enrico	238	Prad-gua	July 22	Genoa	Repetto	Unloading
barque	Victoria	273	Gracera	July 30	Genoa	D. & Co.	Unloading
barque	Principio	335	Gracera	July 30	Cadiz	Guil & Bertarelli	Unloading
frigate	Numa Pompilio	385	Morice	August 2	Cadiz	Guil & Bertarelli	Unloading
barque	Soprena	299	Casanova	August 1	Genoa	Bertarelli	Unloading
Norwegian.							
brig	Angusta	198	Grom	July 12	Tarragona	Arning & Futz	England
N. American.							
barque	Mary A. Jones	225	Lavender	June 29	Boston	Edwards	Without destination
barque	Fenny	372	Henrick	June 29	Liverpool	Gas Co.	Without destination
brig	Baltic	265	Reeper	July 18	Cardiff	Bier	Without destination
barque	Lexington	395	Wilkin	July 19	New York	Codin	Without destination
barque	Chevrolet	543	Anderson	July 18	New York	Armstrong	Without destination
barque	Zephyr	414	Small	July 22	Cadiz	O'Shea	Unloading
barque	Greenland	449	Menymon	August 3	New York	Arning y Huiz	Unloading
barque	T. D. Carver	413	Damon	August 6	New York	Coffin	Unloading
barque	Rebecca	300	Miehm	August 7	New York	Zimmermann	Unloading
Oriental.							
barque	Angelia	312	Silva	July 30	Rio Janeiro	Order	Unloading
Portuguese.							
brig schooner	San José	113	Petrinho	July 23	Bahia	Jordan, Krabbie	Unloading
Prussian.							
barque	Pius Regent	440	Fischer	July 17	Hamburg	Stock	Without destination