

The Standard

Ficha Bibliográfica

Título:	The Standard
Variante del Título:	The Standard and the River Plate News
Número de Edición:	706
Fecha de Publicación:	1864-05-25
Lengua:	Ingl&ecute;s
Creador:	Edward Mulhall y Michael Muhall
Tipo de Recurso:	Periódico

The Standard

AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

706—THIRD YEAR

BUENOS AYRES, W. DUESDAY, MAY 25, 1864

PRICE—TWO DOLLARS.

MAUA BANK
Calle Cangallo No. 101-103
Interest for the current month.
In ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE.
For balances in our favor 12p. 8
For balances in favor of customers 8p. 8
In ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAPER MONEY.
For balances in our favor 12p. 8
For balances in favor of customers 7p. 8
Deposits for a fixed term in specie or currency, at conventional interest.
Buenos Ayres, Nov. 1, 1863.
P. P. MAUA & Co.
William Leslie.

Mauna Bank.
Calle Cangallo Nos. 101 & 103.
The offices of this bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this bank.
1st Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.
2nd Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities approved of by the Manager.
3rd. Accounts-current are opened with merchants or other parties who may prefer, depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously convened under conditions established for such class of operations.
4th Money is received in account current bearing interest from day of deposit which is accumulated in favor of the parties every three months, the depositors being allowed to retire at any time by means of cheques part or the full amount at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred dollars currency, in which case 48 hours previous notice is required to be given at the Treasury of the Bank.
7th Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta. Fe, Salto Oriental, Paysandú, Rio Janeiro and other places in the Brazils, England and France, as also on other places of which notice will be given hereafter.
7th Finally the Bank, undertakes & executes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations.
The establishment is always open from 9 A. M. till 4 P. M.
Buenos Ayres, Oct 29 1862.
P. P. MAUA & Co.
WILLIAM LESLIE.

IRELAND.
Drafts payable at any of the undermentioned branches of the
NATIONAL BANK
Can be obtained from
WANKLYN AND CO.,
No. 98 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

Camp for 8 flocks.
To be given in exchange for 4,000 fine sheep a splendid tract of camp, situated on the best, permanent, arroyo of the province: it is about two leagues long, and within 6 or 8 hours journey by steamer, from this city. The present state of the camp could not be more suitable for sheep, and the freight of wool is 12 cents to \$2 m. per mrobo, the land being only 4 leagues from the river Paraná.
Apply between the hours of 8 and 10 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M. at 174 calle Pl. dras.
Also an estancia to rent, with 12 puestos, including ranchos, corrales, galpones, and permanent water, alfalfa fields &c.
Apply as above N 17, m.

London, Buenos Ayres and River Plate Bank
(Limited)
80 CALLE DE LA PIEDAD 80.
Capital £1,000,000 Sterling.
The rates of Interest from 1st January, 1864 until further notice, will be as follows, for both Specie and Currency:
In ACCOUNT CURRENT.
Allowed on Minimum Credit balance during the month 6p. 000
Charged 12p. 000
FIXED DEPOSITS.
For Sixty days 7p. 000
" Ninety days 8p. 000
On Deposits subject to Thirty days notice of withdrawal, interest will be allowed at the rate of one per cent per annum more than the rate for Ninety day Fixed Deposits, rising and falling therewith, the Bank notifying any change in the rate by advertisement in the usual papers.
From 1st January 1864 till further announcement the rate for this class of Deposits will be 9 per cent per annum.
B. A. S. 31st December, 1863.
J. H. GREEN, Manager.

THE QUEEN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL—£1,000,000.
Chief Office, QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS LIVERPOOL.
Agents for Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and the River Plate,
Zarbour, Barclay, and Co.
CALLE CHACABUCCO, 13.
Sept. 20.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
1 Old Broad-st. and 16 Pall-Mall LONDON.
INSTITUTED 1803.
For Insuring Houses and other Buildings, Goods, stores, Merchandise, Manufactures and Farming Stock, ships in Port, Harbour, or Block, and the Cargoes of such ships; also, Ship's Building and Repairing, and other works on Navigable Rivers and Canals, and Goods on Board such Vessels, throughout Great Britain and Ireland, and in Foreign Countries, from Loss or Damage by Fire.
Subscribed and Invested Capital—£1,000,000.
DIRECTORS.
Thomas Augustus Gibb, Esq., Chairman.
William H. Johnson, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
Robert C. L. Barton, Esq.
Aug. H. Montgomery, Esq.
Charles Currie, Esq.
Edward H. Chapman, Esq.
Geo. Henry Collyer, Esq.
Henry Davidson, Esq.
George Field, Esq.
Alfred Fraser, Esq.
George Herbert, Esq.
Samuel Hilditch, Esq.
EX-SUBSCRIBERS.
Thomas O. Barclay, Esq.
James C. O. Bell, Esq.
Geo. W. Colman, Esq.
James Brand, Esq.
Isaac Carr, Esq.
W. Barclay Hume, Esq.
EX-AUDITORS.
Charles Murray, Esq.
James Scott, Esq.
AGENTS IN BUENOS AYRES,
Messrs. JOHN BEST AND BROS.
92 RIVADAVIA.

Briton and Medical General
(Incorporated with the Unity General.)
Life Assurance association chief offices Westland London w.c. Capital 3,000,000-000 sterling. Proposals for life assurance are received and immediate attention paid to the same. A prospectus of rates and other particulars will be furnished on application to the company's agent in this city.
George Wilks
—7 Calle Mayo 7—

To Let.
To be let in Calle Belgrano, No. 69 and 71 a Store, connected with a house on the ground floor. It has five rooms and an algarbe, fit either for a deposit store, or for commercial offices. Rent moderate.
Apply at No. 27 Calle de Bolívar at any hour. a 26, 20 p

British Library Catalogue.
Price \$5.
On sale at this office, or at the Library. Each month we will publish a new edition containing list of new books received, as appendix. a x

This Day is published,
(Small Present Book for Little People)
A New History of England,
Or "R. A."
"Royal Arithmetic,"
In Verso
With a Diary, in English and Spanish, and a Dedication.
Edited and Enlarged by D. Chapman, Instructor in the English and Spanish Languages.
For Sale at Messrs. McKern's Book Store, Calle S. Martin; also at the Store of Sr. Don F. Diaz, Calle Bolívar, No. 42. Price \$5. Discount allowed to Masters and Managers of Schools, &c.
Apply to the Editor, Calle Perú, 102, m 4, 1 m

La Zingara.
All parties indebted for passage money to the above-mentioned ship, are requested to call at my Office and pay their passage. within two months from this, otherwise a special order will be given by Government to the different Justices of Peace to remit into Buenos Ayres all defaulters.
G. WILKS,
D. 3. x. No. 7 Calle Mayo.
NUÉVAS
Mensagerias Nacionales.
Office Removed to
223—CALLE VICTORIA—223
Leaves for Pilar every day
" Capilla del Señor every day.
" San Antonio de Areco, all eleven days.
" Zarate, all even days.
" Baradero, 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, 29.
Returns from Pilar, every day.
" Capilla, every day.
" San Antonio, all even days.
" Zarate, all eleven days.
" Baradero, 2, 6, 10, 14, 18, 22, 26, 30.
Conductors and Owners:
MERLIN AND MESQUITA.

LIFE ASSURANCE.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.
Established 1809.
Capital £2,000,000
The undersigned, Agents for this Company are now authorised to receive applications for Life Assurance, on the same terms as charged in the United Kingdom.
Prospectuses and all necessary information will be furnished on application
Bates Stokes & Co.
55—Maypu—55.
Fire Insurance Policies granted on almost every description of property at the "reduced tariff" rates. j 29 m.

FIRE.
COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.
19, CORNHILL, LONDON, E.C.
Capital, £2,500,000, fully subscribed.

DIRECTORS:
Chairman—Henry W. Peck, Esq., (Peck Brothers and Co.)
Deputy Chairman—Henry Trower, Esq. (Trowers and Lawson.)
John Boustead, Esq. (Price and Boustead)
George Thos Brooking, Esq., 1a, St. Helen's-place
Jeremiah Colman, Esq. (J and J Colman)
Charles Curling, Esq. (Charles Curling and Co)
Edwin Fox, Esq. (Halliday, Fox, and Co)
Nehemiah Griffiths, Esq. (N Griffiths Tate, and Fisher)
F Hanson, Esq. (S Hanson and Son)
F W Harris, Esq. (Dixon and Harris)
S Harrison, Esq. (Harrison and Crossfield)
D Hart, Esq. (Lemon, Hart, and Sons)
P Hicks, Esq. (T and F Hicks)
J Hodgson, Esq. (Grant, Hodgson & Co)
J G Home, Esq. (Gresham House)
S Humphrey, Jun., Esq. (of Hay's Wharf)
M Joshua, Esq. (Joshua Brothers & Co)
P Larkworthy, Esq. Managing Director of the Bank of New Zealand
William Lusk, Esq. (Eastcheap)
A Sim, Esq. (Churchill and Sim)
J Adam Smith Esq. (Smith, Wood & Co)
J R Thompson, Jun., Esq. (J R Thompson and Co)
John K Welch, Esq. (Orlando Jones and Co)
James P Woodhouse, Esq. (J and C Woodhouse)
Manager (Fire Department)—Henry Thompson.
Solicitors—Messrs. Thomas & Hollans.

AGENTS IN BUENOS AYRES:
BRANDT SOHN AND CO.
Who have instructions to effect Insurance against Fire on every description of Property, according to agreement.
Office—CALLE PIEDAD, 208.
J 16, 1 m

Colegio Anglo-Porteño,
205—MAIPU—205.
After the 1st of January 1864, only a limited number of pupils can be admitted into this school, and no boys beyond the age of 7 years. No pains or cost has been spared under the new regulations to render the system of tuition efficient and to enhance the comfort of scholars. The course of instruction comprises all the usual branches of a thorough English education. Further details will be furnished by the programmes of the establishment.
a 13 ANITA SMITH.

Unfailing Cure
for Scab and footrot in Sheep and every kind of diseases in horses and other animals.
Calvert's Phenyline and Terebane.
In addition to the satisfactory account we have received of the success of this specific from all parts of the camp, in its application to the cure of Sheep, we can say that it has been equally successful in healing scabs and other diseases in horses. In fact, it is a specific for all kinds of sickness in domestic animals.
Apply to HESS Brothers & Co. calle Rivadavia No. 234, or to WESTON & Co. Rocoba Vieja No 3

ALSO ON SALE
A few of Colliard and Collards celebrated pianofortes.
j 28 Apply as above.

Brazil and River Plate Mail.
And South American Mercantile Journal.
This paper, recently established in London, is published fortnightly for transmission by the English and French Mails, for Brazil and the River Plate, the 9th and 23rd of each month.
The 'Brazil and River Plate Mail' is especially dedicated to the important commercial interests connected with these parts of South America, and the promoters of this journal look hopefully for the support of all those interested in the prosperity of these countries.
Subscriptions and applications for Advertisements received in Montevideo, in the 'Sala de Comercio,' or at No. 36 Calle 23 de Mayo; in Buenos Ayres, at the 'Standard' Office.
Chas. Hermansdador,
Physician, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Estancia del Tatay, Carmen de Areco.

To English Travellers.
Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix, which is the largest and best Hotel in this city.
Charges are most moderate.
Wines superb
Table d'Hôte on European style.
Board, with room, gas-lights, and attendance, from 5s. to 10s. per day.
HOTEL DE LA PAIX,
(Corner of Calle Cangallo and Calle Reconquista.)
J 26.

To Estancieros in the Banda Oriental.
For Sale, a light Camp Waggon, four-wheeled, moveable top, strong springs, seats for four persons, pole, shafts and double or single harness. Entirely new, just received from the United States, and in good order.
Address Bate y Cia, Calle 25 Mayo, 369, Montevideo.
The Standard Printing Office.
All kinds of English Printing done here at reasonable charges: bill-heads, \$200 per thousand; 1; paperlets, \$160 per thousand; circulars or placards \$50 per hundred.
a x
To Ship Masters.
The Agent of the Board of Underwriters in New York is to be found at 180 Calle Tucuman, or at the Bolea. JOHN GREENWAY.
m 18, x

For Cañuelas, Monte, and Las Flores.
Mensagerias Nuevas de la Portena. Correo del Estado.
Office—Rivadavia 411 and 443.
From Buenos Ayres for Las Flores 2, 5, 8, 11, 14, 17, 20, 23, 26, 29 of each month.
From Flores for Buenos Ayres, 2, 5, 8, 11, 14, 17, 20, 23, 26, 29 of each month.
Luggage and encomiendas are received up till 4 p.m. of the day previous to starting.
MIGUEL M. LUPO.

Photographic & Solar Studio.
LUIGI BARTOLI takes Cartes-de-Visite, life size likenesses by camera solar, and landscapes, with photographic lens. He has also for sale the set of Inauguration pictures, and views of the public squares, &c., of Buenos Ayres. Please visit the studio.
78 Rocoba Nueva, Plaza Victoria.
a 8, 2 m

Argentine Diligences
187 CALLE RIVADAVIA, 187.
Leaves for Pilar, Capilla del Señor, San Antonio de Areco, and Arrecifes on the 1st, 5th, 11th, 15th, and 25th of each Month.
Leaves Arrecifes for Buenos Ayres, leaving by Bar Antonio de Areco, Capilla del Señor, and Pilar on the 1st, 5th, 11th, 15th, 21st, 25th, and 29th of each Month.
Leaves the Argentine Hotel for Rosario, Montevideo, and the Capilla del Señor, leaving by Pilar, on the 1st, 5th, 11th, 15th, 21st, 25th, and 29th of each Month.
Price of Passage and Luggage per Arr.
To Pilar ... 40 Cts. ... 10 Cts.
" Capilla del Señor ... 10 ... 15
" San Antonio de Areco ... 10 ... 20
" Arrecifes ... 300 ... 25
Conductors and Owners,
PAUL AND ROMULO DIAZ.

American Dentist,
DR. N. O. CORNWALL.
Calle Rivadavia, 275.
Artificial Teeth
Inserted in the neatest and most approved manner, so as to have a beautiful life-like appearance, cause no irritation in the mouth, and serve all the uses of the natural organs.
Tooth-ache promptly relieved and radically cured.
Teeth filled with gold or metallic cements, so as to last for years or for life. Tartar cleaned off teeth, and roots extracted, and all operations performed with the least possible pain.

JOHN KEMSLEY,
140—CALLE PARQUE—140.
Public and Official Translator,
Land Agent.
Orders from England promptly attended to. m 8 x
On sale the right to 3 3/4 leagues of Government land in the partido of Bragado, seven leagues from that town and a smaller quantity of land will be sold if so required.
Also three leagues in the partido Veinte y Cinco de Mayo.
6 p m 18.

Steam to Liverpool via Brazil
The British Steamer
"KEPLER,"
1449 tons register, Capt. John Carroll, Will be despatched from this port with Cargo and Passengers on the 28th of the present month for Liverpool, calling at Montevideo, Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, and Lisbon.
For engagements of Freight to the various ports apply to the agents.
Rates of Insurance on Cargo can be guaranteed if required.
Special forms of bill of lading will be supplied by the Agents.
PASSAGE MONEY.
(Including bedding, linen, and steward's fees, but excluding wines & spirits)
FIRST CABIN.
For Liverpool ... £40
" Rio de Janeiro ... 50 pats.
" Bahia ... 70 "
" Lisbon ... 150 "
SECOND CABIN.
Passengers providing their own bedding
For Liverpool ... £20
For further particulars apply to the agents,
Messrs. DARBYSHIRE & CO.,
Or to JOHN P. BOYD & CO., Calle San Martin, No. 66, m 19

Guaqueguaychu, Steam Navigation Company.
For Guaqueguaychu, Fray Bentos, and Higuera, The New National Steam-boat "E R A," First Trip.
This beautiful new Steamer will leave this for Guaqueguaychu on every Wednesday, at Three o'clock in the Afternoon, calling at the above mentioned Ports.
This is a most desirable conveyance for persons going to the first-mentioned destination, who are landed there without the inconvenience of being transhipped to other vessels in Fray Bentos.
FARES.
Cabin. Steerage.
Higuera ... \$0 ... \$3
Fray Bentos ... 8 ... 4
Guaqueguaychu ... 8 ... 4
Concepcion ... 10 ... 5
Paysandú ... 12 ... 6
Concordia ... 18 ... 9
Salto ... 18 ... 9
Parcels and Specie received in the Agency up to Two o'clock in the Afternoon of the day of sailing.
For further particulars apply at the Agency, Calle de Mayo, No. 1.
HENRY DOWSE.

Notice.
During the absence of Frederio Wanklyn, Mr. Alfred Lumb will take charge of the business of Wanklyn and Co., for which we have granted him full powers under date of 18th of the present month.
WANKLYN & CO.
B. Ayres, March 10, 1864.

English Painter and Paper-hanger.
Parties having such work to be done will please apply to the undersigned. If not at home, they are requested to leave their address on a slate hanging up near the door, when such orders will be immediately attended to.
ROBERT HANSON,
No. 370 Calle Piedad.
m 22 1 n

To Irishmen in Villa Luxan.
The undersigned requests that any fellow countryman who can afford reliable information respecting the property which the late Michael King died possessed of, will communicate same by letter directed to the undersigned at 148 Calle Europa.
CATHERINE KING.
a 28 1 m.

SUPPERS.
Of all the finest quality, either warm or cold, of every description, until 12 o'clock at night.
Dinners are supplied out.
Board, for breakfast and dinner, \$500 per month, at the
BRITISH HOTEL,
96—Piedad—96.
1m. A22

Public Notice.
The undersigned respectfully requests all parties indebted to him to call and pay their accounts without delay, either at his house or Mr. Twyford's store, 102 Calle Piedad, who is duly authorised to collect same.
JAMES HASTINGS,
466 Calle Parque.

Sherry, in Octaves,
Of superior quality.
Havana Cigars—genuine.
Brandy, in Cases, of the celebrated brand, 'Brandenburg feres.'
For Sale by
ZIMMERMANN, FAIRS, and CO.,
No. 7, Calle de Bolívar.
M1

Sheep for Sale
From two to three thousand fine sheep to be sold. Inquire at 184, Calle Parque; or at Mr. Gerald Dillon's, or Partido, Moron, three leagues from Moreno. X. A22

Notice.
The Partnership hitherto existing between the undersigned, under the firm of "Moss and Claypole," has been dissolved by mutual consent, under this date. Mr. William Claypole is entrusted with the general liquidation of the late firm.
Buenos Ayres, April 16, 1864.
H. M. MOSS.
m 4 WILLIAM CLAYPOLE.

In consequence of the preceding advertisement, the undersigned beg to inform the public that they have, under this date, formed a Partnership in the Grocery business, under the firm of "Claypole, Brothers," and will continue, as heretofore, paying the greatest attention to the orders received from their Town or Country Customers.
A first-rate assortment of Goods, Clothing, &c., always on hand, at very moderate rates.
Buenos Ayres, April 16, 1864.
PETER C. CLAYPOLE.
WILLIAM G. CLAYPOLE.

The undersigned, being duly authorized, respectfully requests all parties indebted to the late firm of Messrs. Moss and Claypole to call and pay their accounts, without delay, at Calle Defensa, No. 23.
Buenos Ayres, April 30, 1864.
WILLIAM G. CLAYPOLE.
Just Published, price \$10.
NEW TABLES OF EXCHANGE,
By M. G. Rom,
Containing the various rates of paper currency, patcons, doubloons, sovereigns, francs, condors, &c., and forming a complete ready-reckoner.
On Sale,
At Messrs. MACKERN'S,
24, Calle San Martin.

THE "STANDARD"

Sent to Subscribers in Europe by each fortnightly mail, with Packet Edition.

Weekly Standard, £1 per Annum.
Daily Standard, £2

AGENTS.
Mr. G. Street, 30 Cornhill, London.
Mr. J. C. Sharpe, Reuter's Telegram Office, Southampton.

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE STANDARD
\$30 PER MONTH.

ADVERTISEMENTS.
Not exceeding six lines inserted three times for \$5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.
No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

"Nil falsi pudam nil veri non audeam dicere."—Cicero.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 25, 1864.



THE QUEEN'S BIRTH-DAY

Whatever may be the differences of opinion which exist between the inhabitants of Great Britain and Ireland, on political questions, we believe we can at least say that the name and character of the exemplary lady, who occupies the throne of England, is revered and respected by all. Yesterday, yesterday was the Queen's Birth-day; join with us in congratulating her Majesty on the completion of her 46th year.

It is to be regretted, that amongst our countrymen there exists so little public spirit, and that the commemoration of this truly national festival is always in this country limited to some ten or twelve persons.

We had hoped that this year a sum would have been subscribed by the British public in Buenos Ayres sufficient to cover the expense of a sumptuous banquet in the Hotel de la Paix, or the saloons of Colon, but in this, it would seem, we were most egregiously mistaken, and the birth-day commemoration of the greatest and most beloved Sovereign on the face of the globe, is limited to a circle diminutive (as the sarcastic Lord Derby would say) as Earl Russell himself.

In this city, which possesses so many British merchants; in this country, which boasts of so many British subjects, it is a source of affliction that we should be all beggars upon the hospitality of the British Minister on so national an occasion.

In Rio Janeiro, in New York, in almost every part of the habitable globe, Englishmen, Irishmen, and Scotchmen, join together on this day to drink the health of our dear Queen; unfortunately, in Buenos Ayres we are deprived of this pleasure, either through the provident influence of red tape, or the want of public spirit amongst us. Nevertheless, we are all loyal subjects, and love Queen Victoria. Last night, there was not a house in town or camp where the day was remembered, that the old and favourite toast was not drunk—

"Upstanding, uncorrupted, sound, round, fat it was, there's a health to the Queen God bless her."



25th OF MAY, 1864.

This is the Fifty-fourth anniversary of the emancipation of the Argentine Republic from the Spanish yoke. Spain had achieved a brilliant conquest over the savage when her flags floated for the first time in the River Plate, but during her 250 years dominion a new race, whose rights could not be ignored, and whose collective genius and interest were more than paramount to that of a dozen or two of Cadiz merchants, had sprung up.

Since the consummation of their independence, Argentines have carried on a fratricidal war to decide the relative merits of one or other form of Republican Government, but during the last ten years a favourable change

has been felt. This change has been brought about by the slow but certain influence of foreign opinion.

In returning thanks to Providence for this salutary alteration in affairs, it is our duty, as the organ of foreign opinion, in the River Plate, to testify to the untiring labours and sound judgment of the true friend of the country, President Don Bartholomew Mitre.

We salute our adopted fellow countrymen with a heartfelt prayer for the prosperity of the nation, and join in with our colleagues in shouting—
"VIVA LA REPUBLICA ARGENTINA!"

REVIEW FOR EUROPE.

Since the sailing of the French packet we are happy to say the trivial differences which existed between the local politicians of Buenos Ayres and the National Government have been amicably settled; the last embers of discord have been extinguished; Congress has been inaugurated, and the President's speech on that important occasion has had the desired effect of restoring peace and harmony amongst us. Seldom indeed has so favorable an opportunity as the present been offered us for reviewing the real state of Argentine affairs. The Argentine Republic is making the most rapid strides in every branch of agricultural industry, confidence in the stability of President Mitre's Government has taken possession of us all; in the upper provinces, where formerly anarchy and civil war held such undisputed sway, we have it on the authority of a countryman who has just travelled through those districts that the greatest peace and order prevails—the law of the land is at last becoming supreme, and the vagrant gauchos who last year effected such depredations have either been caught and punished, or escaped into the neighbouring republic of Chile.

The gratifying news which the last packet brought us, respecting the complete success of the Argentine Central Railway, caused a spontaneous ebullition of joy throughout the nation. We are happy to say that all the persons who subscribed last year for shares, and who have been notified that a call has been made, have promptly paid up. Mr. Thomas Armstrong, who represents Mr. Wheelwright in Buenos Ayres, remits by this packet £12,500 to the Company in part payment of the first call on the shares held in this country. We cannot omit remarking the extreme liberality of both of our private banks in supporting this Railway Company. We understand that the Maua Bank has subscribed for 200 shares, and the London and River Plate Bank for 120. Institutions so ready to support kindred enterprises merit the best public support themselves. We do not think that we exaggerate when we say that the hopes of the nation are centred in the Argentine Central Railway, since by its realization we hope to introduce immigration on a large scale, and find a market for our millions of uncultivated lands. Several parties have sent out orders from England to invest in public lands. We regard such investments as the safest and most remunerative of the day, but we opine that the best way to secure good results is by the formation of joint stock companies on a sound basis, by a judicious arrangement with the National Government, which we are proud to say has always evinced the greatest willingness and disposition to foment such enterprises; an emigration land company would no doubt realize immense profits.

The works of the Salado Navigation Company are also progressing, and each day people are beginning to have greater faith in this enterprise. We notice the recent arrival of five hundred and thirty packages of machinery from England for this Company.

The trade of the interior is at present active; in the River districts our saladeros are hard at work, and in the other provinces the staple productions are so rapidly increasing that the day is not far distant when the River Plate markets will be supplied with indigenous wine, coffee and tobacco, besides having thousands of bales of the finest cotton in the world for export.

Let our foreign readers not for one

instant suppose that we are now painting too favorable a picture of these countries—by no means; beyond the reach of all human calculation is the future of the River Plate, provided peace is preserved, and civil war expatriated. Argentines are a kind, generous, warm-hearted people, hospitable to an extreme, but they have had to contend with the inevitable difficulties which beset a people when in the morning of their political existence; now however we hope they have passed that bitter ordeal, and the least sanguine cannot fail to perceive that at last the Argentine Republic is entering on the highway of national prosperity and greatness.

The sister republics of Peru and Chile have unfortunately had a difficulty with Spain, which at present assumes a rather threatening aspect, but our Government guided by the almost inspired advice of the revered Washington, has already proved its dislike to entangling alliances, and we have no doubt in the present question will persevere in the same policy which it adopted when solicited to join the league in favor of Mexico, more particularly as Peru and Chile combined are more than a match for Spain single handed.

In justice to the country of our adoption we must say that there is not a spot in North or South America, where Europeans are treated with more consideration than in the Argentine Republic. Owing to our antiquated police system there are no doubt robberies committed and crimes perpetrated, but a gigantic reform is about being introduced which will abrogate those evils unavoidable in a new country.

In Buenos Ayres, which is the capital of this republic, business is improving, trade brisk, and property rapidly increasing in value. Buenos Ayres is the empire city (as the Yankees would call it) of the River Plate. It is the emporium of civilization and progress. European customs have taken possession of the city; omnibuses, railways, tramways, run through our streets, and if we had a good police we might indeed say Buenos Ayres is more European than South America.

Congress is at present holding its session, and several schemes of interest to our friends at home, and of the greatest importance to this country, will shortly be introduced. The Southern Railway is progressing daily, some 1,000 navies are at work on the line. The earth works are being so rapidly completed that one would think we had a William Dargan amongst us. Mr. Rumball, the Company's engineer, has recently made a tour to Chascomus in company with two of the Directors and Mr. Thornton, the English minister. We understand that the line of road near Sanborombon will suffer a slight change from the route laid down, but the proposed alteration will prove highly beneficial for the Company.

The Northern Railway is doing a first rate business, and we doubt not will ultimately prove one of the most remunerative speculations in the River Plate.

The Western Railway, which belongs to the Government of Buenos Ayres, has been opened to a country town called the Villa Lujan, which is distant some 54 miles from Buenos Ayres. The works of the road will be continued to the town of Mercedes, which is 75 miles from this city.

The London & River Plate Bank, which is exclusively an English Company, and which owes its very existence to our untiring efforts, is very anxious to say, rapidly increasing in business. Mr. Green, the talented manager, by his extreme affability, is becoming daily more popular, and we are pleased to assure our foreign readers, many of whom are shareholders in this institution, that their interests are safe in his hands. The liberal manner in which this Bank came forward to support the National Government, and subsequently the Argentine Central Railway Co., has gained for it an immense popularity amongst the native merchants, who we are happy to say are now patronizing it.

The Maua Bank is still as prosperous as ever. The Savings Bank is rapidly increasing, and in the general banking department business has become so extensive that it will be necessary to get more commodious offices.

The retail trade of the city is peculiarly brisk, owing to this being the season of national festivities, when the people commemorate their independence. Balls, fetes, fireworks, and in fact every species of festivity now take place, as the 25th of May for Argentines is indeed the same as the 4th of July for North Americans.

On so solemn and so joyous an occasion, strangers as we are in this hospitable land, ours be the task to bear aloft the Argentine Standard, to assure our friends at home that here on this distant shore there is a welcome for all, that here in the River Plate life and liberty is safe, industry protected, and the teeming fertility of nature awaits but the hand of the emigrant to give one hundred fold.

The Argentine Government has no lecturers abroad to induce emigration, as Australia, no agents in every European port, as the United States, but the hour is fast approaching when it will become an acknowledged fact in Europe

that the provinces of La Plata offer more inducements and less risk to the honest hard working emigrant than all other countries on the habitable globe.

PARAGUAY

As people at home like to hear about their customers, and as Paraguay is one of England's best South American acquaintances, we purpose henceforth to give our foreign readers an epitome of Paraguayan news, per each English packet.

Paraguay, which is, beyond all question, the most agricultural country in South America, is progressing rapidly; the people are industrious, contented, and happy, under the mild and judicious government of President Lopez, which is characterized more by the virtues and blessings of a patriarchal, than with the questionable advantages of a republican form of government.

The tobacco crop, which after that of the yerba mate, is the great staple of the country, promises this year the most splendid yield. The crop is variously estimated at from 800,000 to 1,000,000 of robes (25lb. per). Every care has been taken by the Government in the sowing and classifying of it; and we have no doubt, that it will sell well in the London market.

The cotton crop, about which such exaggerated rumours have been spread, without being either so enormous, as was first thought, or so insignificant as has been since represented, will, we have not the slightest doubt, ascend to two or three thousand bales. The quality may be regarded as good, from the samples which we have on hand, something better than what is known as middling upland.

The railway, which reflects so much credit on our talented fellow-countrymen, Messrs. Barrell and Valpy, is now open to a picturesque town, called Guazubira, about 30 miles distant from the capital, but the earthworks are pushed on some 20 miles further out, and before many months are about, the trains will be running to Cerro Leon.

The new palace of the President, which is raising its head over the horizon, is an edifice which will testify to all who visit this distant land, what an English builder can effect even in the hidden recesses of South America. Mr. Taylor, the builder, whose fame is already established, by the magnificent railway station which adorns the capital of Paraguay, is the Sir Joseph Paxton of Asuncion; his workmen are for the most part Paraguayans. English upholsterers may anticipate a heavy order when this splendid palace is completed.

Mr. Whitehead, whose name is identified with all the steamboats, machinery, &c., of Paraguay, and who has converted the River Paraguay into another Clyde, has some five hundred men under his employ at the arsenal. He is at present building another splendid steamer.

In fact, we regret to say, that we have not now room to dilate upon the giant strides which this secluded country is making, under the auspicious rule of a sound, practical man, and aided by a legion of the best English mechanics and workmen.

Our European readers will pay no attention whatever to the rumours which are circulated, respecting impending difficulties between the Argentine Republic and Paraguay, since they are utterly without foundation. President Lopez is, no doubt, at present recruiting his army on a large scale, and has some 55,000 men under arms; but this step is merely taken, in order to allow the men who have already served their time to return to their homes. In a few months the army will be reduced to its usual numbers.

The Paraguayan Government sent some forty bales of the new tobacco crop has arrived in market, which was immediately disposed of at 24 silver reals for good leaf and 15 reals for inferior; the stock still on hand of the old crop is estimated at fifteen hundred bales, which is difficult of sale.

The Government of Paraguay probably offers less inducement to emigration than any other South American State, but there is no country in the world where foreigners are treated with greater restriction or more hospitality.

This packet will bring down some bales of Paraguayan cotton, which will be immediately shipped to England and Antwerp.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The Mercury leaves on Friday, and the intervening days being holidays, we publish our Packet edition to-day. We have to apologise to our public for having no paper yesterday, as our colleagues made Monday a holiday and we had to follow the same rule.

Mr. Wells's balloon ascent has been the great event of the day, and the

May festivals, have begun with unusual eclat. The rope dancers by day and fireworks by night attract immense crowds of people.

On Monday the first train left the Parque station for Lujan, at 8 a.m. and took our brother editor and a large number of excursionists. This new section is now open to public traffic.

There will be a Te-Deum at the Cathedral, and grand review in the Plaza to-day, in honor of the 54th anniversary of the revolution against Spain. The municipality gives a banquet on the occasion.

The distribution of premiums takes place to-morrow at Colon theatre: all the school children will attend en grande tenue, under the charge of the commission de Beneficencia.

The French Bouffes are in a fair way of making a fortune: their theatre was again crowded on Sunday night, and the performances were really excellent. Too much praise can not be given to MM. Palliere and Landois for their labors to make this a theatrical bijou, and Mme Pauline and M. D'hoté promise in a short time to shut up the Victoria.

The experienced Aeronaut, Mr. Wells, went up on the 23d, with a countryman of ours. The start was capital, and except a slight shower of sand on some of the public assembled at the Plaza, it was much admired. Mr. Wells stood outside the car waving the Argentine flag and our friend the American. The weather was beautiful and clear, with a very light breeze to the southwards which impelled the balloon to a height of about a league in the direction of Barracas. A crowd of horsemen immediately galloped off in that direction, but as soon as they got to the bridge a report was circulated that Mr. Wells was going to Chascomus, and they returned to town, not caring to take such a long ride. The balloon, however, descended without any difficulty at Sr. Obligado's place near the Tablado, on the Quilmes road, and Mr. Wells presented himself to the public at Colon Theatre on Monday night, where he was immensely applauded.

We regret to say that on Monday evening an English gentleman who had been out at the Lomas de Zamorra, amusing himself, was, when returning home, arrested by the country police, put in the stocks all night and brought up for trial the following morning. The charge against him it appears was that he had taken some improper liberties with a dusky young lady he met on the road. There not being the slightest particle of proof, however, to substantiate the charge, our countryman was set at liberty yesterday morning. It is really an abuse of authority to treat an unoffending stranger in such a manner, and we hope the Chief of Police will punish these chiripa policemen for subjecting this gentleman to such a miserable night's rest.

The British barque 'Nancy Riley,' we are happy to hear is all safe. A Dutch vessel arrived in port on Monday and the captain certified to having seen her in front of Patagones, all right.

During the present May festivals we have been greatly pleased to see an innovation loudly called for by the growing importance and cosmopolitanism of our society; we allude to the presence of a number of ladies in the pit of the theatre, once introduced, the custom can be kept up very well. Argentine society it appears to us has yet a very prevalent Spanish tone, as can be readily seen by the ungallant and inconvenient arrangement of the 'cazuela' and pits at the theatre, where ladies cannot go with their husbands, fathers, and brothers, their natural companions in such places of assembly. An attempt has been made already to banish those heavy iron-barred windows which give to our houses the appearance of fortresses; such windows were very convenient when Buenos Ayres consisted of twenty houses, and the Indian hunting grounds extended to San Jose de Flores, but now they are unnecessary, inelegant, expensive, and give an otherwise fine city the appearance of a large fortress of nearly 250,000 inhabitants.

We have most important news from the Pacific; it seems the Spanish squadron which came ostensibly for a surveying voyage of these countries has taken possession of the valuable Chincha Islands from the Peruvian Government; an express messenger arrived this week with the news; however the Spaniards it is known had sent already ten days previously an express with the information for Europe. A war with Peru is therefore inevitable, and we hear that the Archbishop of Lima and several other persons have subscribed already a few hundred thousand pounds for the war. It is not improbable that Chile and Bolivia may side with Peru in the present question, and then according to the most approved Buenos Ayres axiom, "El cañon tiene la palabra," and God help the just. An old Spanish song hath it:

Vinieron los Sarracenos,
Y nos molieron a palos,
Porque Dios proteja a los malos,
Cuando son mas que los buenos.

We hear that the police have at last made a descent upon a noted forger, captured the fellow in San Fernando whilst in the act of making his bogus bills, and took no less a sum than six hundred and ninety thousand dollars in one hundred dollar bills.

A Spanish captain has been arrested for having forged a check upon Maua. We are told that this is the same man who was reported to have brought a large quantity of brass sovereigns to this country. Two other Spanish captains have also been arrested on a charge of forging paper money.

On Monday the Provincial Chambers were at last opened, and the Governor's message, which we shall publish in a few days, read.

President Mitre, anxious to pay a compliment to Britishers, had a salute fired yesterday from the 11 Septiembre battery, it being the Queen's birthday.

The Progreso ball was very poorly attended. We are told that there were twenty gentlemen for the one lady present.

The procession usual on Corpus Christi has been postponed until 9th July.

A soldier of the 2nd of the line murdered his wife yesterday in a fit of jealousy; the poor woman was cut to pieces.

Yesterday evening, at about half-past four o'clock, the intrepid Mr. Wells made a second ascent, but as the weather was threatening, he took the precaution to have his balloon secured by a rope to a paradise tree; subsequently Mr. Bagley and his cousin, an accomplished young lady, ascended in like manner, and remained in the heavens for a few moments, right over our friend Mr. Cazon's office. The courageous young lady was greeted with the most deafening applause, and happily descended in safety: then it began to rain terribly, and our reporter went to dinner.

PROVINCIAL NEWS.

The 'Eco de Cordoba' of the 15th inst remarks how wonderfully improved the commerce is in Cordoba, that, in fact; business has become very brisk.

We sincerely hope this may continue and that all those who create disturbance may be quickly put down. The Governor has rewarded the services of the old patriot Manuel G. Pizarro with a splendid sword.

Dr. Pizarro has renounced the post of Chief editor of the city papers owing to his numerous other duties.

In San Juan things are looking bright and the mines afford the most sanguine hope. Each day that passes shows more evidently the great success that awaits these enterprises.

In Castaña important discoveries have been made in veins of new ore.

The mines in Tontal are extensive. The Huerta mines which have experienced such vicissitudes are on the eve of regaining their well deserved credit. On the last inst the Legislative Body met assisted by the Governor Santiago Lloveras who after taking his place in the Chambers gave full description in his speech of the state of that Province.

In Catamarca everything is quick and the Nacional inspector of mines has begun his official duties the authorities offering willingly all the aid in their power. The Tinogasta mines and new discoveries which have taken place in Belen and Lata have awakened intense interest in all the Province. Workmen are passing in from all parts and manifest themselves equal to penetrate even to the heart of the "Hollada" and "Condor Guasi."

One thousand eight hundred marks per box is the regular quantity brought from the Hollada in the middle of April. It is also to be remarked that the silver mines of "Condor Guasi" have the advantage of producing superior class of ore.

Respecting the San Juan mines we hear the most glowing accounts. Major Rickard after innumerable difficulties has at last succeeded in getting his machinery in working order, we are led to expect some silver from his company in a few weeks.

LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO

The Brazilian steamer 'Tovoro' arrived in port yesterday morning bringing dates from the sister city.

The 'Reforma Pacifica' states that the Brazilian officers; with the exception of General Ossorio, have refused to obey the Emperor's command to invade the Oriental Republic.

Flores, our colleague states, is carrying on the most splendid business in hides, and has an Italian shopkeeper of Tacuarembó carrying hides to the Rio Grande daily. Mr. Caño calls attention to this nefarious business, and demands why the foreign ostentatious remain so quiet losing their property.

Sr. Lamas it appears did not leave Buenos Ayres for Montevideo.

The River Uruguay still keeps falling; shortly the only steambot which can navigate it will be the Era.

The Government army under the command of Gen. Moreno is at pre-

English.					
CLASS.	NAME.	TONS.	CAPTAIN.	ARRIVAL.	CONSIGNEE.

Address "Aldion," care of Mr. Walcott, Bookseller, and Perrins, Worcester, England; Crooks and Mearns, 1 Westbourne-grove, London, W. and other Oilmen and Merchants, London. ESTABLISHED 1849.

"The Standard,"—Printed and Published every morning at the Standard Printing Office, No. 72 Calle Belgrano, by the Proprietors and Editors M. Q. & E. T. ALVARADO.