

## The Standard

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To Correspondents... No notice can be taken of anonymous communications... The Standard... Friday, April 15, 1864.

The Standard... ARRIVAL OF THE BRITISH PAKEET AMERICA.

The China brings letters and papers from New York to the 24th February. The following is a digest of their contents:— No important events are reported from the Army of the Potomac.

It rumored that General Lee is preparing to advance against General Meade, with a view of driving him back to the defenses of Washington.

A Knoxville despatch of February 21 states that Longstreet has broken up winter quarters, and that his army has appeared in force upon Strawberry Plains.

Official information from General Dodge states that the rebels, supposed to be Roddy's force, had attempted to cross the Tennessee River at three different points, but were driven back.

The Nashville correspondent of the New York World states positively that the rebels had cut off communication between Knoxville and Cumberland Gap.

Southern papers furnish information concerning the progress of General Sherman's expedition. An official despatch to the Confederate War Department states that General Sherman's forces arrived on the 18th inst. at Quitman, on the Mobile and Ohio railroad.

It was believed that he would appear before the defenses of Mobile by the 25th of February; and, as he had no siege guns with him, it is thought that he would assault the city simultaneously with a naval attack by Farragut.

Meridian was evacuated yesterday. The Government property was saved. Sherman's forces, about 35,000 strong, are advancing in close order, with Gen. S. D. Lee's cavalry harassing their flanks and picking up stragglers.

plis via Hermandos, and twelve regiments of cavalry advancing via Collierville.

The reported battle, near Brandon, and Sherman's capture of 2,000 prisoners, proves to be a canard.

Thus far only seven of the 100 Union officers who escaped from Richmond have reached the Federal lines in safety. Twenty-five are reported to have been recaptured by the rebels, leaving 27 yet to be heard from.

The approaching Presidential election absorbs a large share of public attention. Several conventions are about to take place. The Democrats at Chicago will, it is currently believed, nominate General McClellan, and the friends of Mr. Lincoln, Mr. Chase, and General Fremont are vigorously working for their respective interests.

The Emancipation Convention assembled at Louisville on the 22nd inst. During the session Senator Pomeroy of Kansas, introduced a circular favourable to the interests of Mr. Chase as a Presidential candidate.

FINANCIAL. New York, Feb. 23, p.m. The money market is daily growing easier, 6 per cent. is the current rate, and money is freely lent at 5 per cent. on Government and first-class securities.

The 'Richmond Examiner' of the 20th February says—The following despatch was received at the War Department last night:— Mobile, Feb. 9, 2 p.m.

Farragut has not renewed his attack on Grant's Pass. His fleet lies off the pass in the Sound. The weather is too bad for action. Sherman's corps is not advancing down the Mobile and Ohio road.

Paris, March 8. The 'Constitutionnel' of to-day, in an article signed by M. Limayrac, considers the assertions of the English journals respecting the establishment of the Holy Alliance to be at least exaggerated.

The writer dwells upon the diversity of interests between Austria, Prussia, and Russia, and concludes—'We do not say that this alliance does not, or will not exist, but we refuse to believe in its existence on the terms and conditions denominated by the English press.'

Paris, March 8. The 'Pays' of this evening announces that a strong body of Austrian troops has been despatched to Italy.

Cambria, March 8. The supplementary election to the Corps Legislatif took place to-day. M. Stievenaud, the Opposition candidate obtained 16 159 votes, and M. Boiteille, the Government candidate, 12,123 votes.

The Suez Canal Company. Paris, March 8. The Emperor has consented to arbitrate in certain questions pending with the Suez Canal Company, referred to him for settlement by the Viceroy of Egypt.

Turin, March 7 (Evening). The Italian Consul in Malta, who had been accused of some irregularities in signing the papers of an Italian ship, has been acquitted and set at liberty. A demonstration in his favour was made by the consular body and the inhabitants.

Altona, March 7 (Evening). Two officers and 20 Danish soldiers landed yesterday at the village of Heiligenhafen, in Holstein, for the purpose of reconnoitring.

Ministerial Crisis. Athens, March 5. A Ministerial crisis has taken place. M. Tringhitta has been appointed Minister of War; M. Petrosos Minister of Justice; and M. Roudris, Minister of Marine.

THE SLESWIG INVASION. No great change has taken place in the situation of the opposing forces at Duppel. The belief is that military operations will shortly be urged on with vigour. Denmark, moreover, expects that such will be the case, and the news received from Copenhagen gives reason to anticipate that M. Quade will be replaced by his predecessor, M. Hall, whose energetic character is thought better suited to the exigencies of the present situation.

A letter from Hensburg states that Prince Frederick Charles wishes to make an immediate assault on the Danes at Duppel, but the general-in-chief was unwilling to expose the Prussian army to a check, which would have been all the more annoying, as the Austrian soldiers have hitherto borne off the honors of the war.

According to the latest despatches the Prussians are not satisfied with strategy establishing themselves at Kölding, but are every day approaching nearer to Federicia. Their march is slow and methodical, but continuous. After having raised a great number of field works round Kölding, they have advanced towards the small towns of Braudeup, Treelow, and Hounberg, having had in each movement engagements with the Danish cavalry, which was forced, in spite of its courage, to fall back before an enemy superior in number, after, however, having caused the invaders considerable losses.

Marschal Wrangell writes under date of the 1st, that on the previous day a Danish schooner from the North came within range of the battery on the coast of Stenderup, from which twelve shots were fired at her. The schooner was at a distance of 3,400 paces, but the shot reached her and carried away her mast and bowsprit. She was compelled to take refuge in the 'Fiord of Gansborg.'

The Civil Commissioner lately declared that the prayer for the King of Denmark and his house should be omitted from the Church Services in Schleswig. This order, it now appears, places the Meovians at Christiansfeld, situated at the northern part of Schleswig, in a sad dilemma, and threatens the colony (in which the German party are in a minority) with a formal dissolution.

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first acts of his command will be to assume the offensive against the Prussians. General Garlach was born in Schleswig, which duchy has hitherto had the privilege of furnishing the most illustrious Danish officers. Generals Bellow and Krogh, who commanded at Federicia and Idstedt, were both Schleswigers.

THE WAR IN DENMARK. Hamburg, March 7. Letters received here from Copenhagen state that the civic artillerymen have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness, in case of need, to receive the guns of the forts which protect the town on the sea side. They are also to prepare to occupy the outer fort of the citadel, which commands the Sound in a northerly direction as far as Charlotten.

Berlin, March 7. The 'Neue Preussische (Kreuz) Zeitung' of this evening publishes the following from its Paris correspondent:— The negotiations for the Conference have been suspended, the Danish Cabinet having lately informed the French Government that Denmark has decided upon entering into no agreement the basis of which should be only personal union with the Duchies. Denmark would prefer to allow the Duchies to be forcibly torn from her, awaiting their reconquest from later events.

Stockholm, March 7. The Ministerial 'Sveföretning' asserts that Sweden is accelerating her armaments, as well as the concentration of troops.

Resolutiones summoning the Government to aid Denmark were adopted at a large popular meeting held here yesterday.

SAN NICOLAS, & SAN PEDRO. In reviewing these riverine partidos, we find the first to be by far the most important. San Nicolas having been raised to the rank of 'city,' there are distinct lists for the urban and rural districts. The former contains over 30 taxable houses, of which 33 are assessed over 810,000. Mr. Armstrong's mill is valued at half a million dollars, after which the houses of Figueroa and Mallon are most important. We see one Polish and several Italian names among the house-proprietors. The whole city is valued at 17 millions of dollars (about £12,000,000), as an instance of the enormous increase of taxation, the townfolk in 1863 paid more than the campaign and city together for the year before. The campaign of S. Nicolas covers 56 sq. leagues, and counts no fewer than 65 estancias, averaging a quarter of a league each. The only one exceeding a league is Acevedo's. We do not find a single Irish or English name in the register, although there are at least 200 of our countrymen here. There are 120 'charras,' covering about 2 sq. leagues, the largest of which is that of Pifuro, 1200 manzanas. The estancia land is valued at \$300,000, the charra at 2 1/2 million dollars, per sq. league; hence we find that nearly one-fourth of the Contribution is derived from tillage farms. The increase of taxation in the whole partido, last year, was 80 per cent.

San Pedro district occupies 36 sq. leagues distributed among 63 estancias. The principal are: Stegman 6; Llavanal 3; Castro, Luis Obligado, Gomez, and Pastor Obligado each 2; Leslie, Castro, and Cobo each 2 leagues. Our countrymen here though not owning much land are numerous, exceeding 500 in number. The land is valued as high as 450,000 dollars. The tax collectors were very successful, showing an increase of 200 per cent. (from 21,000 in 1862 to 63,000) last year. The 'city' of San Pedro cuts a poor figure, having only 56 taxable houses, only five of which are valued over 100,000 dollars. The best one belongs to D. Jose Mamberto. The entire house valuation is but one-fifth that of San Nicolas.

Biography of some Celebrated Argentines. Soforino Grosso, alias Tambucho; José Grosso, alias Tambucho. These two men, born of poor but dishonest parents, at an early age displayed a great affection for the church. As they increased in stature and understanding, this love for Mother Church resulted such a pitch of enthusiasm that they could not rest contented without having in their possession some of the goods belonging to her. They, accordingly, finding that there was no probability of their gaining their object in an honest manner, determined upon helping themselves; so, some three

years ago, they made an attack on the Sacristy of San Miguel Church, and sequestered some church property.

This act of playful devotion was not properly appreciated by the police authorities, who—thick-headed fellows!—sentenced our two heroes to serve for a short time as soldiers. This life not being sufficiently free for them, and seeing no chance of becoming general for more years than they cared to devote to the service of arms, they left the regiment without leave of absence. Some foul mouthed villians say that \$600 were paid to the Chief of the Battalion to wink at this unlicensed forlough, but we have been unable to find any truth in this assertion, which may not, however, be less true on that account. Such was the affection that the Commandante of the 1st Section bore to these men, that he cordially invited them to pass a short time in the Cuartel de Artilleria. This invitation they accepted, but again tiring of the 'dulce far niente' life of an Argentine soldier, they left their kind entertainers, and are now breathing the fresh air of the streets of Buenos Ayres.

One of their comrades, Don Pablo Vereta, alias Yanguetetti, who was requested by the authorities to join the army for five years, in consequence of his being under a cloud, caused by a little robbery, is also walking the streets of this city in perfect liberty.

No wonder that the Argentine army has gathered so few laurels of late, when we see three such talented men neglected by the state, and allowed to leave the army from a passing whim. Had these individuals only been coaxed into remaining soldiers, we might sleep more soundly at night, from the conviction that the frontiers were properly defended, and our goods and chattels safe from their pillaging fingers.

What a glorious system of government it is when we see three of the greatest men of the day walking amongst the quiet citizens in all the pride of innocence, unharmed, and no man watching them. Well might they exclaim (if they read the American newspapers), 'Wild we may be—so are our cattle. But we are the children of nature, and the children of freedom, and our boastful answer to the despot and tyrant is, that our bright home is in the setting sun.'

COLON THEATRE. The Stranger.

'Ever anxious to give honor where honor is due,' thus our columns are always at the disposal of our musical friends in noting everything calculated to forward the praiseworthy efforts of those who studiously cater for the public amusement. On many occasions we have taken peculiar pleasure in lauding the finer points of operatic ability which may have been presented to us, but we feel it would be an injustice to pass over the performance of the above favourite opera on Wednesday night as a mere local event.

The curtain rose at twenty minutes to nine, and those who had not seen this opera before were delighted at the beautiful scene which it at first presented. As we have already given our readers a sketch of this beautiful composition, we will merely say that its repetition last night was certainly the best performance we had here for some years. The music of the immortal Bellini requires no comments to place it still higher in the musical world; never will it descend from that lofty pinnacle where the grateful of all nations have placed it; and no less beautiful is the music of this opera than that of his other compositions—it is simply a collection of delicious morsels.

The singing last evening was remarkably good, and we say, without hesitation, that it is a long time since an audience has felt Colon better pleased. Brief recital quite at ease, and sang some of the most difficult parts with a sweetness and precision that drew down thunders of applause. Her singing, in being led away captive, and also at the closing scene, deserves special notice. Melio likewise sang remarkably well, and was rapturously applauded. There is a sweetness and fullness in her note which pleases the ear, and she evidently felt pleased at the marked applause with which she was called out in the third act. Srs. Lelmi and Celestini sang with their usual sweetness, and were well received; one or two of the duets were very good. On the whole, we have seldom witnessed a performance in Buenos Ayres, which gave such universal satisfaction. The house was a fair one; and we do not appeal in vain to our friends, when we say that the efforts of our enterprising lessee deserve to be appreciated.

EDITORIAL TABLE.

The news by the mail is important, but not so alarming as was anticipated. The Mersey had a very bad passage from Rio, and arrived in our roads yesterday morning; the weather was so unfavourable that the mail boat could not come on shore before eleven o'clock,

and this caused a delay at the post-office, letters not being delivered before 4.30 p.m.

We have to announce good news of the Cordoba Railway and Capital Companies. A friend has received private letters advising him that Mr. Wheelwright has succeeded in raising all the funds necessary for the Central Argentine; the enterprise has not been handed over to the Imperial Financial Company. The Buenos Ayres Bonded Wharf and Transit Company is quoted in the 'Times' Monetary report, March 9th, at a premium of 1/2 to 1 per cent., but in the 'Morning Herald' it is 1/2 per cent. discount to 1/2 premium.

We have no confirmation of the siege of Charleston being raised, as reported by the 'Panama Star,' although our dates are 11 days later (Feb. 21th.) There is, however, a report, by passengers of the Mersey, that a steamer had just arrived at Rio Janeiro with still later dates from N. York, announcing a great defeat sustained by the Northerners in Tennessee, after five days' hard fighting.

Another murder took place last night at the Cinco Esquinas. Some fellows got into the rear of a house, to steal the poultry, and when the owner came out he was immediately stabbed in the abdomen. Those of our colleagues who are opposed to police-reform, on the grounds that B. Ayres is a paradise, will wink at such trifles.

To-night the Opera Co. will give 'Il Barbiere,' and we expect a full house. On Sunday night the new opera La Straniera will be repeated.

An English gentleman of this city has sent us a communication respecting Mr. Flower's case, which we will publish to-morrow. He asks us to bring the circumstances again before the public, which we will do to the best of our power.

We have no news from Montevideo except a report of the British navy theatricals, in another column.

We have been favored with an interesting letter from Mr. Clifton Carne, Argentine Consul at Falmouth, which will appear to-morrow. There seems some chance of the loyal mail steamers being changed from Southampton to Falmouth.

The robbers, who attacked the Government-house, paid their 'devoir,' as we read in the 'Nacional,' to the Treasury department.

Some of our subscribers have called our attention to the trash published in the 'Tribuna,' under the form of 'Letters from a mother to her daughter.' The subject in question is about as interesting as Mr. Larroque's 'attention to the school-boys of Concepcion.'

By private letters we learn that one of our Argentine representatives at home intends paying us a visit by next packet.

Mr. James Oliver writes a letter in broken English to the 'Tribuna' delecting General Flores, and promising to get up a subscription among our readers for the rebels. Poor man! he is very unwise to meddle in the filibuster's affairs, and may send round the hat to every English-house in town, and get what is vulgarly termed 'monkey's allowance.'

Some kind friend in Paris has sent us a treatise on 'Diplomacia en Buenos Ayres,' which we will review to-morrow. We have also received 'Sir A. Cooper's Restorative,' published in London.

The mails being delivered late, we could not send round the 'Buenos Ayres and River Plate Mail' till this morning; the editor has re-produced an account of our interview with President Lopez.

Our supplements were delivered late yesterday. Those who may not have received, will please send to the office for same.

The Saintonge leaves Montevideo to-day.

AMATEUR THEATRICALS.

By the officers of H. B. M. S. Forte in aid of the British and Caridad hospitals, Montevideo.

11th April, 1864.

The performances commenced at 7.30 precisely, to, over then, a good house, which later in the evening became very crowded—in fact, hundreds of persons could not obtain seats.

After a short prologue by Mr. Johnson, the function commenced with Tom Taylor's comedy of 'Still Waters Run Deep,' and was carried through with great spirit and effect. The commencement of it was much interrupted by the ladies in the cork-loft (cazuela), but a short speech from Mr. Sisk, in English, and Mr. McCall in Spanish, put things in better train, and, with the exception of a shriek from an unfortunate baby who did not appreciate the proceedings, all went well. The acting of Mr. Johnson as 'Captain Hawksley' in this comedy was beyond all praise—the military officer, the languid swell, the clear-headed swindler, &c.—in fact, it was perfection in a amateur. Mr. Byng, as old 'Potter,' and Mr. P. P. Smith as 'Midway,' were very good, especially the former, a very difficult

character to carry through. The ladies were well sustained by Mrs. P. C. Smith and U. Castle, who were abundantly supplied with elegant and appropriate dresses by the fair ladies of Montevideo, for whose encouragement too much praise cannot be given.

The next piece performed was 'The Toodles,' a most amusing drama of domestic life. In this, Mr. Byng, as 'Mr. Toodles,' carried everything before him. Mr. Johnson had a difficult part to take, viz., that of 'George Acorn,' but carried it out successfully in the ladies' parts, 'Mrs. Toodles' and 'Mary Acorn,' were taken by Messrs. W. and U. Castle, who surmounted all the natural difficulties of the restraint of 'crinolines on their freedom of movement; and this piece, like the former, was well sustained throughout by all—perhaps the parts of the 'Attorney' and 'Penton' were rather over-acted.

The concluding piece, 'The Clock-maker's Hut,' was played through with so much fun and spirit that it really was worthy of the name of a screaming farce. The laughter at times was so loud that portions of sentences were lost, but the plot of the play continued; and 'Sally Smart,' the chief and best character, was a perfect Sally Smart.

The female characters throughout were particularly well got up, and Messrs. W. and B. Castle, as such were really attractive and pretty; but with all the deception of powder, &c., we could not but observe that 'Sally Smart' was compelled to sacrifice her whiskers for the occasion.

The comic duty of Messrs. Payne and Holloway drew well-merited applause but we fear the 'Dixie's land,' called in the Spanish hand-bills, 'La muy graciosa cancioneta comica,' was not fully appreciated.

The intervals between the pieces were rather too long, although well filled up with both vocal and instrumental music in which the officers, with the exception of the two boys before mentioned, bore no part. Every one was entertained with the singing of Señora Doña Isolina Casalla, who kindly volunteered her assistance on the occasion and her pretty and highly-trained voice, in 'Care compagne d' vol tenero amico,' from 'Sourambula,' and also in 'El bacio,' was perfection; and this young lady, together with Señora Inyes who finished touch on the piano, for one so young, astonished all, had in a great measure to answer, though having drawn such cheers from the house, for the lengthy but enchanting intervals.

The performances were not concluded until past one in the morning and most of the ladies, at great risk to their health, although with credit to themselves for the encouragement they gave, remained until the end. It was universally admitted that everything had surpassed all expectations, and that the 'farcion extraordinaria' was a perfect success; also that a substantial sum would accrue to the funds of the English and Caridad Hospitals.

And we are sure that all—both actors and hearers—must have felt on standing up to 'God save the Queen,' before departure, much pleasure and satisfaction from the night's entertainment.

A great number of naval officers, as may be supposed, were present, but as the dresses were so varied, we were unable to distinguish the number of English from foreign. We noticed also a good sprinkling of women and minnie-of the Forts, and were much pleased at their jolly appearance and irreproachable behaviour. The frigate's hand had hard work, and performed it creditably, and finished the night by paying a very proper compliment to Señora Casalla, by escorting that young lady home in her carriage, with the 'Grand March' of the Norfolk Artillery.

We find that the Triton, with the gallant admiral, succeeded in arriving in time at Montevideo to witness the theatricals. We have no doubt, this gave them great pleasure, as some of the officers, when at our office last week, expressed their sorrow at being away on the 7th, the day first named.

ARGENTINE NEWS. Buenos Ayres Bonded Wharf Co. On the 9th March the shares of this company were quoted at 1 p and 1 p premium. This is the scheme originated by Mr. Hopkins for the erection of stores near the Arroyo del Capitan at San Fernando.

Quotations of River Plate Stock. 7th March. Buenos Ayres 6 p Bonds } 91 to 93 Do £100 do } Do 2 p (deficit 3 p) } 36 to 38 Northern B. Ayrean Railway 103, 104 Great Southern Railway 1/2 disc. to par. London, Buenos Ayres and River Plate Bank £11 to £13 prem.

LOCAL EVENTS. Sunk.—The 'Nacional' says that since Friday last there has been sunk at the mouth of the Riachuelo a coasting pilot boat.

Indians.—The Comandantes of Frailte Muerto and Villa Nueva have notified the Government that the Indians have come on their posts. There has been also another invasion of these savages between Saladillo and Barrancas. Five men and five women have been killed by them; this took place on the night of the 3rd inst. and the same night the Indians retired, taking with them five captives and several troops of mares. The 'Reo' of Cordoba says that the Aborigines are gradually reclaiming the land occupied by the Christians.

Creeping up.—The thieves are making gigantic strides, and have advanced as far as the Plaza del Parque. We are in hopes that their brethren are creeping up from the south end of the city, so that when they meet in the neighbourhood of the Cason Hotel there will be a grand fight, in which we trust they'll all be killed off, and so save trouble.

Udumbarca.—The mines seem to be in a most flourishing condition, and the influx of miners increasing rapidly.

The Progress.—The office of this newspaper is on Friday to be removed to the printing office of Sr. Coni, 107 Calle Peru. The reason of this change is the smallness of the printing materials of its own and a wish to increase its columns.

Signs of the Times.—Every-day philosophers say the best way of gaining an insight into the customs and habits of a people is to read the public advertisements. Should such be the case, what conclusions must people form on the subject of Buenos Ayrean customs when they see advertised as part of the furniture of a dining-room two six-barrel revolvers and a headstall, and a dining table capable of accommodating sixteen guests, and yet only twelve credits in the room. We hope, for the credit of the city, that six-barrel revolvers are not part of the customary furnishing of a dining-room.

The Boticas.—The 'Nacion Argentina' has an article upon the nuisance of apothecaries' shops not being open at all hours of the night. It is a little too much to expect that the 'boticas' be open the whole night through; but this could be easily remedied by each 'botica' in the different parishes taking its turn in acting as 'night botica' for the week. In other places this is done, and the 'botica' for the week is advertised in the daily papers, and at the same time the 'serenos' are made aware of the fact, so that in case of any sudden illness during the night, the 'sereno' can at once direct people to the 'botica' which is open.

A new Phase in Elections.—The more we think of it, the more confused do we become on the subject of the qualifications required to be an elector in this Great Republic. Whether the qualification be, as we say in England, the ten-pound freehold, the educational vote, or the manhood suffrage, we have not the remotest idea; and we have only been plunged deeper into the slough of darkness by seeing a protest against the Carnuel elections, bearing the name of one individual who cannot write his own name. Surely, this must be a hoax.

of blessed ignorance with regard to the existence of either of the clubs, and that they would not care one straw were all the electors in Buenos Ayres in the Red Sea, and, horrible to relate! both the editors also. We expect to hear that there has been a run upon the newspaper which rectifies the mistake, so as to forward copies of it by the supplementary mail, and quiet the minds of Louis Napoleon and King Christian.

Dall at Moron.—This flourishing little town intends inaugurating its Municipal halls by a grand ball on Sunday next. Judging from the preparations making, it is going to be a most swell affair. Sr. Cataldi has gratuitously decorated the rooms with pictures.

Exports.—On the 12th instant, four vessels cleared out for foreign ports with the following cargoes:—279 bales wool, 6 bales horse hair, 22 bales sheepskins, 5,533 horse hides, 21,865 cow hides, 692 calf skins, 1 tiger skin, 178 barrels tallow, 83 barrels flour, 660 bags do., 35,000 shank bones.

The Southern Railway.—One of the agency office men in Buenos Ayres has just sent 180 pesos to these works, and given orders for more from the camp. There is no want of employment for able-bodied labourers in Buenos Ayres at the present day.

ON CHANGE. April 14. The packet news has not affected produce, things being in statu quo, and former prices will remain unchanged. The amount of specie brought by the Nersey is very large: River Plate Bank, £ 03,6-0, Maana £15,0-0, Drablie £500, Hart £490, and rest, £ 0-0.

PRODUCE SALES. 1200 hides, Corrientes 13 1/2 rls 1200 do, Paraguay, reserved price. 30 petacas hair, do 135 100 dry cowhides 135 200 do do 120 400 do do 126 1000 do do 125 300 do do 110 500 ar wool, mixed ordinary 57 200 do do do 47 3.0 do do borroga 60 120 ar hair, South 120 150 doz sheepskins; mixed 120 70 do do 140 500 ar wool, mixed 70

FREIGHTS. Russian brigantines to load in the Uruguay salted hides for England at 35s and 5 p cent. Dutch brigantine Werwestling, do do, 37s 6d and 5 p cent.

MARITIME NEWS. ARRIVALS. 14th. Marselles, French barque Jules Aglac. SAILED. 13th. Havre, French barque Marie Louise. Montevideo, steamer Corrientes. Sheep for Sale. By the cut, about 800 best Mestiza in prime condition, including some rappers fit for the butcher. Apply at Mr. Lewis, near the Villa de Mercedes. a 15, 12 p

Laundress Wanted. Wanted a good Laundress: an English-woman preferred. Apply at Calle Cayo No. 65. a 15, 3 p Hoop. On Sale 7:00 fine Mestiza Sheep in Banda Oriental; 2000 picked in this province. To Let two leagues of Land in Entre Rios. Reconquista No. 46. a 15, 3 p For Asuncion. Calling at intermediate ports, 'Y GUREY.' Commence.—Jose Alonso. Leaves for the above-mentioned ports on Sunday, April 17, at 10 a. m., taking cargo for Asuncion only and passengers for all the ports, for which the best accommodation. Receives parcels for Asuncion only until 10 o'clock on Saturday, 16th inst. No passengers admitted on board without their tickets. For further particulars apply to E. VOGEL & Co., Cayo, No. 32.

COLON THEATRE. ITALIAN OPERA. Eighth performance of the new BARBERE DI IVIGLIA. On Friday, April 15. By Señora Mollo and Dadero; and Señors Lelmi, Walter, Celestino, &c. At Eight o'clock.

Wanted. A good Waiter, who can talk French at the British Hotel, Piedad, 96.

Mr. Polloc. Lato Engineer of the Paven Steamer. Is requested to call for a letter at Mr. Lowry's Store, Paseo Julio. 3 p, a 13

Just Received. A large supply of heavy Goods suitable for the approaching season. Blankets, all sizes; heavy White and Coloured Quilts, Sheetings, Flannels, heavy Lincseys, Woolen Plaids, extra heavy Corduroy and Mole-kia, Blay Twill, Inside Vests and Pant., Hosiery, &c., all wool. With many other articles too numerous to mention; also Pilot Jackets, all sizes; heavy Tweed Suits, &c.

HEBERIAN HOUSE. 64, 66, & 68 CALLE PIEDAD. 12 p a 13

On Sale. A few first-class English Guns and Rifles; suited especially for the Camp. Apply at the Hotel de la Paz, No. 38. 3 p, a 14

Quinta to Let. The large and commodious house known as Whitfield's Quinta, with garden, coach-house, stabling, &c., to be let on moderate terms. Apply to Mrs. Fowinkel, at the Quinta house. a 14, 3 p

Just Received. A lot of Alfalfa Seed, best quality, on sale at 162 Calle Defensa. a 15, 3 p

River Plate Steam Ship Company. The Steamer 'U N A,' 1000 Tons Register, Captain Batt, Will be despatched for Liverpool, via Montevideo, about 3rd May next. Cabin Passage, £ 40 Second Cabin £ 20 For rates of Freight, &c., apply to the Consignees, JOHN P. BOYD & CO., Calle San Martin, No. 56. 12 p, a 15

Apartments. Two rooms furnished or unfurnished to be let in an English house, 4 Calle Independencia. Apply on the premises. 14 3 p. Cook. Wanted, a Man Cook, at an Estancia 18 leagues to the South. Good references required. Salary liberal For further particulars, apply at No. 7, Calle 25 De Mayo. 6 p, a 19

The largest freshest and best assorted stock of Groceries, Drapery and Ironmongery will be found at The Heberian House, 64, 66 & 68 CALLE PIEDAD. Cook. Wanted a good Cook. Apply at 474 Calle Piedad. 3 p, a 12

English Painter and Paper-hanger. Parties having such work to be done will please apply to the undersigned. If not at home, they are requested to leave their address on a slate hanging up near the door, when such orders will be immediately attended to. ROBERT HANSSON, No. 370 Calle Piedad. m 22, 1 p

Notice. All Persons indebted to the late firm of Richard Hastings and Co. are hereby requested to call and pay same with the least possible delay. RICHARD HASTINGS, Defensa, 78. m 23, 1 m

Mr. Patrick O'neoy. Of the Guardia del Monte, will receive a letter of importation by applying at the British Consulate in this City. FRANK PARISH, Consul. Buenos Ayres, April 11, 1864.

Notice to the Commercial Public. The Line Manufactory in the Quinta of Señor Kiappenback, which was formerly conducted under the firm of S. S. Lafone y Ca., will, from this time forward, be under the firm of Michael Welsh, formerly mayor-domo of this establishment, and who takes this opportunity of informing the Public in general and his Friends that in the same establishment Line of the best quality will always be on hand for sale. Buenos Ayres, 1st April, 1864. M. WELSH.

SHIPS IN THE PORT OF BUENOS AYRES.

Table with columns: CLASS, NAME, TONS, CAPTAIN, ARRIVAL, CONSIGNEE. Lists various ships including English, American, Spanish, and others, with their respective arrival dates and agents.

To Let. Two Furnished Rooms, distant two squares from the Plaza del Parque. Please inquire at 1-0 Calle Defensa. 3 p, a 12

British Library Catalogue. On sale at this office or at the Library. Each month we will publish a new edition containing list of new books received, as appendices.

**STEAMBOAT AGENCY AND GENERAL COMMISSIONS**  
**Wm. Mattin and Co.**  
**30 CANGALLO 30**

**FOR PAYANDU**  
 Calling at Nueva Palmira, Fray Bentos and Concepcion, the National Steamer **SALTO**  
 Captain F. Fidanza,  
 Leaves every Tuesday and Saturday at 10 a.m., and returns every Monday and Friday.

**FOR CONCORDIA & SALTO,**  
 The National Steamer **CONCORDIA**.  
 Leaves Payandú every Thursday and Sunday after the arrival of the "Salto", being in combination with this Steamer.

**FOR ROSARIO**  
 Calling at Zarate, Baradero, San Pedro, Obligado, Las Hermandades, and San Nicolas Voyage by the Paraná de las Palmas, taking Cargo and Passengers, the National Steamer

**PAYON,**  
 Captain Price.  
 Leaves every Thursday and Sunday at 12 Noon, and returns every Wednesday and Saturday.

**FOR GUALEGUAY,**  
 The National Steamer **DOLOMITAS**,  
 Leaves the "Boa de las Nueva Vueltas" every Friday after the arrival of the Payon, and returns each Tuesday, by which the Passengers leave here every Thursday and return every Wednesday.

**FOR THE PARAVA,**  
 Santa Fe, and intermediate Ports, the Mail Steamer **ESPIGADOR**,  
 Leaves Rosario each Friday, two hours after arrival of the Payon, and returns every Tuesday in time to hand over passengers' luggage to the Payon, which leaves for Buenos Ayres.

**FOR CORRIENTES**  
 Calling at Paraná, La Paz, Casilla de la Esquina, Casilla de Guaya, Bella Vista and Empedrado, the British Steamer **EMERALDA**,  
 Leaves Rosario in combination with the Payon, on Tuesday, April 26, and returns on Friday May 6th.

**FARES:**

To Zarate (cabin)	8 patacones
San Pedro do	8 "
Obligado do	10 "
San Nicolas do	12 "
Gualeguay do	16 "
Rosario do	16 "
San Lorenzo do	18 "
Diamante do	20 "
Santa Fé do	24 "
Paraná do	24 "
La Paz do	32 "
La Esquina do	36 "
Goya do	40 "
Bella Vista do	44 "
Empedrado do	48 "
Corrientes do	52 "
Nueva Palmira do	6 "
Fray Bentos	11 "
Concepcion	13 "
Payandú	17 "

Deck Half-price.

**FREIGHTS:**

To Montevideo, per ton	4 dollars
Rosario	6 "
San Nicolas	6 "
Parana	6 "
La Paz	10 "
Bella Vista	10 "
La Esquina	10 "
Goya	12 "
Corrientes	12 "
The Uruguay Ports	10 "

**FOR CUYABA,**  
 Calling at San Nicolas, Rosario, Paraná, Jorjentes, Asuncion, and other Brazilian ports, the Brazilian Steamer **MARQUES DE OLINDA**  
 Captain Thipolito de S. Bellacourt,  
 Leaves on the 4th May.

**FARES:**

San Nicolas	16 pata.
Rosario	20 "
Parana	28 "
Corrientes	60 "
Asuncion	80 "
Cornuba	140 "

No passengers allowed on any of the steamers without tickets.

**HONEY ORDERS.**  
 Drafts on IRELAND are granted by me undersigned, payable on demand, at any of the 62 branches of the

**NATIONAL BANK.**  
 Drafts are also granted by Messrs. Prescott, Grote & Co. Bankers LONDON.

And on J. Darvel & Co. Bankers LIVERPOOL.  
 Timely application should be made at the office of Mr. Wilson Jacobs, Exchange Broker, No 65 calle San Martin (opposite the Bole).

**DRAFTS AT SIGHT ON THE UNION BANK OF IRELAND.**

**IRELAND.**  
 ISSUED BY THE LONDON, BUENOS AYRES AND RIVER PLATE BANK.  
 Calle de la Union No. 80.

**Corrales Portátiles** de Hierro y Madera para Ovejas.  
**Corrales Portátiles** de Hierro para Caballos.  
**Corrales Portátiles** de Hierro para hacienda. Vacuna.  
**Bebederos de Hierro** desde 60\$ vara.  
**Mojones de Hierro** de todo precio.  
**Cercos de Hierro** para Rodeos, Chacras, Potreros, Corrales &c.

**Puertas de Hierro.**  
**Muevas Maquinas** de estirar Alambre.  
**Maquinas** de coitar Abrojos y Cardos.  
**Mangas** de sacar Agua.

**VAN DE VELDE Hermanos,**  
**Buen Orden 245, entre Chile y Méjico.**

**MENSAGERIAS Y CORREOS NACIONALES INICIADORES.**

**127-CALLE 25 DE MAYO-127.**  
 All the necessary arrangements having been made, the Empresa has opened an office in this city for the purpose of facilitating operations for the Commercial Community and the public in general.  
 In the office will be given tickets for passengers and parcels to any part of the Republic, and there, passengers for Chile can take through tickets for Valparaiso and Santiago.  
 The Disigences start from Rosario for Mendoza, San Juan and Chile every Tuesday.  
 From Rosario to Cordoba every Tuesday and Friday.  
 From Rosario for Santiago, Tucuman, Salta, Jujuy, and Bolivia every Friday.  
 For further particulars apply at the office of the Empresa. m27

**THE BRITISH AND FOREIGN CHINA, EARTHENWARE, AND GLASS STORE.**  
**57-DEFENSA-57**

Just opened to the Public. The largest Stock in town. Earthenware Goods of all descriptions. An immense variety of Glass Goods. English, French, and German China Articles.  
 Table Sets, Toilet Sets, Tea Sets, Coffee Sets.  
 Low Prices—Fixed Prices.  
 Terms—Cash.  
**WILLIAM FERGUSON AND CO.,**  
**57-DEFENSA-57.**  
 (Corner of Potosi.)  
 N.B.—The Stock will be shortly increased by arrivals from Europe. 113

**SAVINGS BANK BANK MAUD & CO.**

No. 103 calle de Cangallo. — BUENOS-AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt, and appreciated in the two great emporiums of the River Plate—Montevideo & Buenos Ayres—that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the Bank in which they place the most confidence.  
 The Bank of Maud & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working class in that city a safe & profitable depository for their savings.  
 The sums deposited in that most important institution are daily increasing and already reach a very large amount.  
 These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of Clerks, artisans, working-men & servants of all classes & conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need, sickness or old age, instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lotteries and other rivalities.  
 The Bank of Maud & Co. of this city following the example of their Buenos Ayres September 19th 1863.  
 p. p. Maud & Co.  
**WILLIAM LESLIE.**

**CONDITIONS.**

- 1st. The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty five dollars currency or one silver dollar upwards.
- 2nd. The interest allowed is six per cent (6 p. c.) per annum which is liquidated every six months.
- 3rd. The depositor can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.
- 4th. Once the amount deposited exceeds Twenty five thousand dollars currency or one thousand dollars silver the depositor if he wishes can open an account current according to the rules established by this Bank.
- 5th. In case the depositor loses his Pass Book it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

**NOTICE TO THE LADIES.**

**ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,**  
**62-CORRIENTES-61.**

It is respectfully announced that during the next and following months there will be exhibited at this Establishment a vast and magnificent display of AUTUMN and WINTER GOODS, of the most choice, varied, and fashionable description, selected from the London and Paris markets, to which the attention of Ladies is solicited.

**ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,**  
**61 CORRIENTES 61**

**FERRO-CARRIL DEL NORTE.**

DESDE EL 11 DE ABRIL, Y HASTA NUEVO AVISO, LOS TRENES SALDRAN COMO SIGUE:

**DIAS DE TRABAJO**

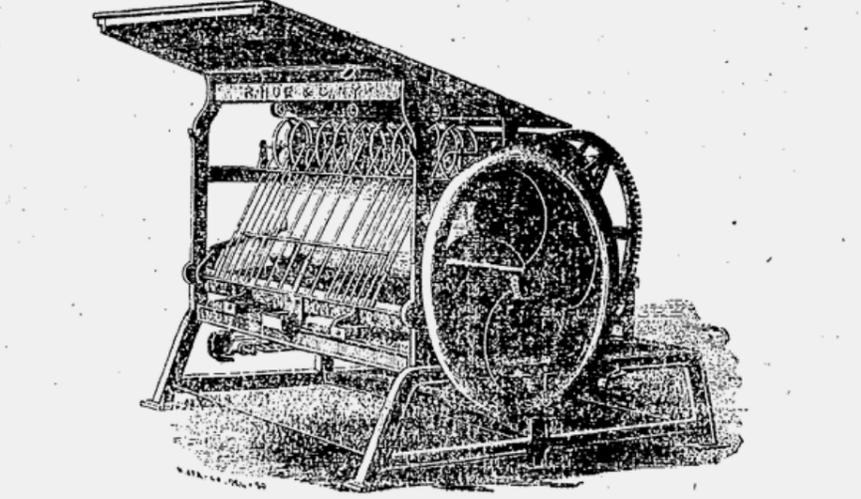
Ida.						Regreso.							
Tren	25 de Mayo	Retiro	Retorno	Olivos	S. Isidro	S. Fernando	Tren	S. Fernando	S. Isidro	Olivos	Retorno	Retiro	25 de Mayo
1	8	10	8 35	8 55	10 30	11 21	1	7 51	8 5	8 15	8 25	8 35	8 5
2	11 01	11 09	12 5	12 25	12 15	12 30	2	9 03	10 5	10 10	10 20	10 30	11
3	5	5 10	7 55	7 35	4 10	4 21	3	1 12	1 21	1 30	1 40	1 50	2
4	8	8 10	5 35	5 55	8 10	8 21	4	5 3	5 12	5 21	5 31	5 41	6

**DIAS FERIADOS**

Ida.						Regreso.							
Tren	25 de Mayo	Retiro	Retorno	Olivos	S. Isidro	S. Fernando	Tren	S. Fernando	S. Isidro	Olivos	Retorno	Retiro	25 de Mayo
1	8	10	8 35	8 55	10 30	11 21	1	7 51	8 5	8 15	8 25	8 35	8 5
2	11 01	11 09	12 5	12 25	12 15	12 30	2	9 03	10 5	10 10	10 20	10 30	11
3	5	5 10	7 55	7 35	4 10	4 21	3	1 12	1 21	1 30	1 40	1 50	2
4	8	8 10	5 35	5 55	8 10	8 21	4	5 3	5 12	5 21	5 31	5 41	6

Los Trenes pararán en Palermo y Rivadavia solamente en caso que hubiera pasajeros para esas Estaciones. Los pasajeros que desean ser desembarcados en ellas están en el deber de avisar al Guarda Tren al entrar en los coches. Sin este requisito los trenes no pararán.

**'THE STANDARD'**  
 DAILY & WEEKLY EDITIONS.



With Supplement by each English mail Daily, \$30 per Month; Weekly, \$20. Subscribers can send to Europe an extra file of the Weekly at that Price; same if prepaid \$1 extra per Annum. Packet Editions, \$2 each. Subscriptions received in London by Mr. Croage Street, Cornhill; Daily Edition, \$2; Weekly, \$1.

**LA PREVISORA ARGENTINA.**

**LIFE INSURANCE AND SAVING FUND ASSOCIATION OF BUENOS AYRES.**  
 Capital Subscribed in first Three Months, 170,567 pata. in 215 Shares.  
**DIRECTORS.**  
 D. Miguel Azcuena, President  
 " Bernabé Ocasio, Vice-President  
 " Antonio Marcó del Pont  
 " Jacobo Paravicini  
 " Constant Santamaria  
**MANAGING COMMITTEE.**  
 D. Estanislao Peña  
 " J. A. Fernandez  
**OFFICIALS.**  
 D. Antonio Garcia y Garcia, Manager  
 " Estanislao Riera, Sub Manager  
 D. Juan Casado, Secretary.  
 Offices—87 calle SAN MARTIN.

The PREVISORA ARGENTINA will receive subscriptions as follows:  
 1st. On one's own life, in shares of \$5 silver and upwards. These subscriptions liquidated at any time at the subscriber's time and option.  
 2nd. Without loss of capital by death of the insured. Subscribers will be entitled to compound interest on their subscriptions and the proportional interest forfeited by the death of other shareholders in their Class, whose capital, however, is returned.  
 3rd. With loss of capital, by death of the insured. All shareholders of this class shall gain compound interest on their subscriptions, besides a proportional part of the capital and interest of all who die in their Class.  
 All these subscriptions may be paid weekly, monthly, quarterly, half yearly, or yearly.  
 The capital of this Company shall be invested only in landed property (finca), and with the greatest security.  
 The Board of Inspection, composed of subscribers, shall have charge of all the operations of the Company.

**Subscriptions in Paper Money.**  
 The Directors, wishing to enlarge the operations of the Society, have acceded to the request of many people in this city, and determined to issue shares payable in Paper Money of Buenos Ayres, under the following conditions:—  
 Article 65.—From the 1st of April, 1864, shares shall be issued to such persons as may wish to pay in Paper Money of Buenos Ayres, and in accordance with Article 17 chapter 6 of the Statutes of the Society the lowest sum receivable being \$200 annually, payable in one sum, or in instalments, subject to the following rules:  
 1st.—For Paper Money Subscribers sections will be opened and kept separate from Silver Money Subscribers.  
 2nd.—The liquidation of the sums belonging to the sections of Paper Money Subscribers will be administered according to Article 31 of the Statutes, and for account of these particular sections.  
 By these means the Directors hope to gain its object which is to enable the poorer classes to enjoy all the advantages of the Society.  
 For further particulars, apply at the Co.'s Office, No. 87 Calle S. Martin (altos), where prospectuses and circulars may be had.

**NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.**

**PATRICK CALVERTON,**  
 In returning sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed since commencing business, begs to intimate that he has just received a large assortment of

**NEW GOODS,**  
 Suitable for the present Season, including  
 Dress and Petticoat Wines,  
 4-4 and 6-4 Wool Plaids, Flannels, French Merinos, Poplins, L. W. Hosiery and Underclothing, Cotton and Linen Tick, Ginghams, Paisley, Tasmanian and Clan Wool Shawls and Plaids, and a large variety of other goods, too numerous to mention, inspection of which is invited at  
**The English Drapery Establishment of Buenos Ayres,**  
**49 & 51-CALLE DEFENSA-49 & 51.**

**THE ASSURANCE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.**

Established in this City, insure at moderate premiums all risks by sea, or on the river.  
 Office—Calle de Corrientes 83.  
**DIRECTORS.**  
 Sr. Don Thomas Armstrong, President.  
 " Enrique Ochoa, Vice-President  
 " Felipe Llanillo  
 " Manuel Zambran  
 " Jacobo Paravicini  
 " Enrique Tomkiosou.  
 " Mariano Casares.  
 " Francisco P. Moreno, Gerente.

**ENGLISH GRAMMAR SCHOOL,**  
 CALLE LARGA DE BARRACAS.

Dir.—Mr. PONGERARD, of the London University College.  
 This Establishment, which from its foundation has been patronised by the principal British families of Buenos Ayres, is an exact reproduction of an English School, where a sound commercial education is combined with the acquisition of the French and Spanish languages. It is imparted to the pupils, and based upon the same system as in all first class European institutions of the kind.  
 An ever-watchful and constant supervision, and a strict maintenance of order and propriety, are a sufficient guarantee that the morals and behaviour of the pupils are carefully attended to.  
 The different branches taught in the English Grammar School comprise the English, French and Spanish languages, History, Geography, Arithmetic, and Book-keeping in all its parts, Writing, and Ball games Instruction.  
 Extra branches, such as Latin, Mathematics, German, Music and Drawing, are also taught by special masters.  
 The situation of the English Grammar School, in one of the most delightful Quarters of the Calle Larga de Barracas, at the very gates of the city, is one of the most beautiful and picturesque of the environs of Buenos Ayres.  
 For particulars apply for prospectuses at the Standard Office, Calle Bolgrano 74.  
 Dr. P. PONGERARD.

**CREW AND PADDE STEAMERS, &c.**

**G. H. HARRINGTON & CO.,**  
 Architects, Engineers and Surveyors.  
 27 LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON, E.C.  
 Contract for Building every description of Craft for Sea or River Emigration.  
 Patent Combination Vessels with Teak Plating and Iron Frames.  
 Estimates and particulars forwarded including delivery at every port, in South America.  
 "The Standard,"—Printed and Published every morning at the Standard Printing Office, No. 27, Leadenhall Street, by the Proprietor and Editor, M. G. & T. BULLOCK.